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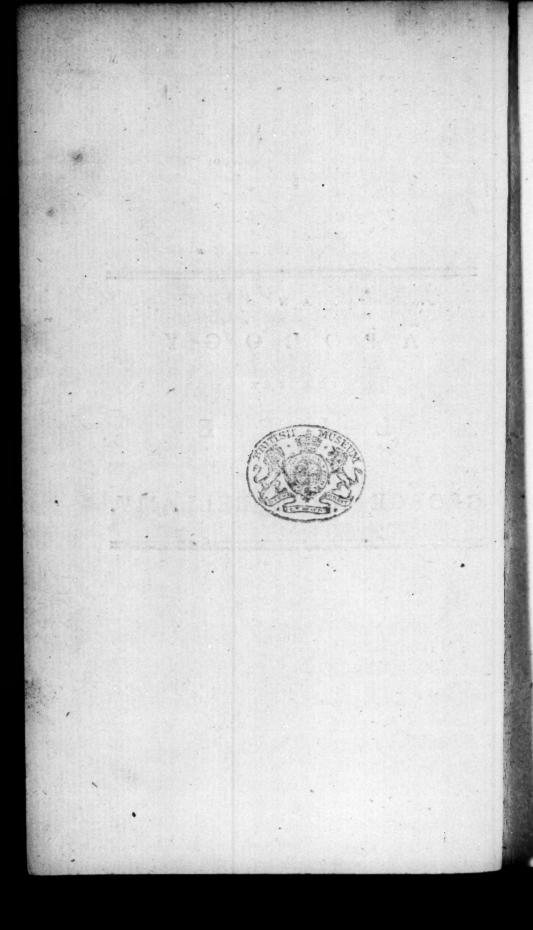
# APOLOGY

FOR THE

LIFE

OF

GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY.







# GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY,

late of Covent Garden Theatre .

The face copied after a Picture by Coates in the Lopefsion of Sir George . Wetham . the figure modernized by Framberg, and the whole engraved by Barbolozzi.

# APOLOGY

FOR THE

# LIFE

OF

# GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY,

LATE OF COVENT-GARDEN THEATRE.

#### WRITTEN BY HERSELF.

To which is annexed,

Her original Letter to JOHN CALCRAFT, Esq;
advertised to be published in October, 1767,
but which was then violently suppressed.

All's Well that Ends Well, Act 4, Scene iii.

#### THE FOURTH EDITION.

IN FIVE VOLUMES

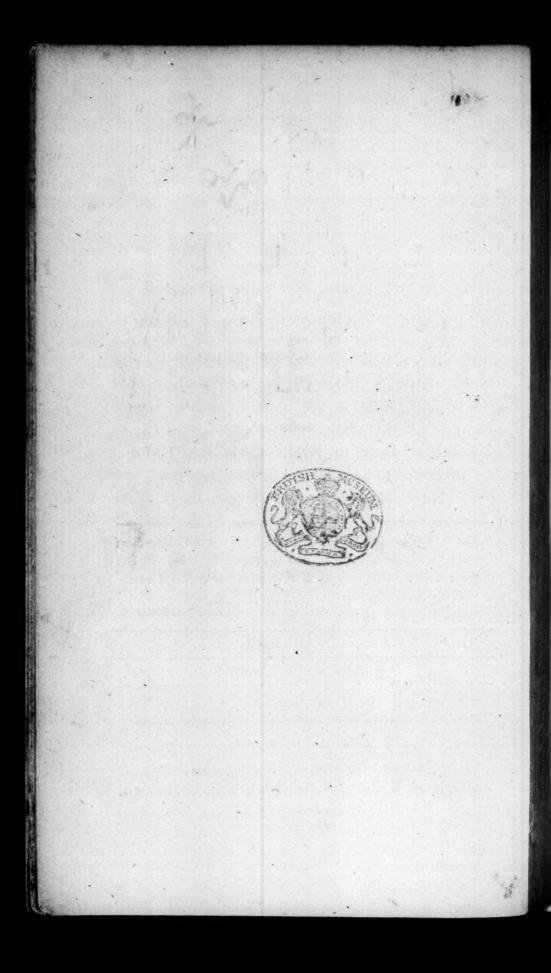
#### VOL. I.

#### LONDON:

And Sold by J. Bell, at the British-Hibrary, STRAND.

M,DCC,LXXXVI.

<sup>&</sup>quot;The Web of our Life is of a mingled Yarn, Good and Ill together; "our Virtues would be proud, if our Faults whipt them not; and "our Crimes would despair, if they were not cherished by our "Virtues."



# HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS GEORGE AUGUSTUS, PRINCE OF WALES.

SIR,

THE distinguished honour to be thought worthy the notice of royalty, transcends my ambitious hopes; and adds, if possible, to my respect and duty.

HUMANITY is the characteristick of the Royal House of Brunswick. And as it was my happiness, it still is my boast, that I have been honoured with the favour of your Royal Grandfather and his illustrious Consort. How then must my heart be elated at being likewise honoured by the patronage of the most distinguished of our gracious Sovereign's progeny!

I AM at a loss to express my sensibility at your Royal Highness's condescension in accepting of this address, after hearing that I was favoured with your noble pre-

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ceptor's permission to lay my poor work at his feet. But liberal feelings are implanted in your bosom; which shew that you inherit the virtues of your Royal. Parents.

As words are too poor to express my gratitude for this high honour, I shall beg leave to add, that this distinguished mark of your Royal Highness's goodness has made me the happiest of women; and I shall ever remain, with the profoundest Respect,

Your ROYAL HIGHNESS'S.

Most obedient

and ever obliged

humble Servant,

G. A. BELLAMY.

### HIS GRACE

## THE DUKE OF MONTAGUE.

MY LORD,

y sk sI

WITH a mind that overflows with gratitude, I folicited the honour of laying this work at your feet—and the happiness of being thought worthy of his Grace of *Montague*'s patronage, is too flattering not to excite in me a wish to make it known.—But in attempting to address you, I find myself like *Phaeton*, unequal to the task, and justly punished for my presumption.

To address your Grace in terms besitting the occasion, would require the masterly pen of a Dryden. And even that would prove inadequate, were it not actuated by a heart impressed with the gratitude, admiration, and respect, which mine glows with. You, my lord, who are blest with the sentiments of a Titus, and who were born to make the wretched happy,

happy, will, I flatter myfelf, forgive the ambition which prompted me to request this honour.

When I first had the happiness of being noticed by your noble confort, my youthful heart was elated with transport; as the being honoured with the approbation of a Lady of the most refined taste; the most distinguished judgment, every mental accomplishment, together with every virtue, convinced me that I was not totally undeserving of it. From this epocha I date my theatrical advancement. The success I met with, I was greatly indebted to her Ladyship's patronage for. She stamped the effigy which made me appear sterling.

But it is not in my power to enumerate the favours I have received from your Grace's family; particularly from Lord Brudenell, of whom I have often spoken with gratitude in the course of my "Apology." The numberless marks of approbation I have been honoured with by such distinguished characters, give me

me a merit with myself; and I cannot esteem myself unhappy, even in my distress, as it has procured me the honour of your Grace's notice.

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The many tokens I have received of your munificence were doubly enhanced by the worth of the elevated giver; whose virtues ennoble all titles. The Earl of Cardigan could receive no addition to his honours from a ducal coronet.—Permit me, my Lord, to unite my prayers with the numerous indigents who are daily fed by your bounty, and who lift up their hearts to bless you. - Long, long may your Grace be happy in the esteem of your royal master,—be revered by your illustrious pupil—be admired by the good and adored by the unfortunate-and may your amiable progeny for ages shew themfelves worthy of fuch a fire !

The fensations of gratitude with which my bosom glows, are too great for language to express. And this last honour you have conferred upon me, in permitting me thus publicly to address you, expands

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my heart with pleasure; as it assures me of your Grace's continued patronage.

IF I am fortunate enough to afford fome entertainment, by the perusal of the following pages, to the person I most respect on earth, it will give me inexpressible satisfaction. The unhappy life I lay before your Grace, has no other merit than the truth of sacts which are therein recited. I have not the presumption to impose myself as an authoress: nor should I ever have attempted to appear in print, had I not been stimulated by repeated calumnies, which have been heaped upon me, and which would not suffer me to rest, even in indigence and obscurity.

Could I have published the letter annexed to my "Apology," as I proposed, some years ago, I flatter myself I should have appeared in a more eligible point of view than I have done. My errors, whatever they have been, will, I hope, be viewed with lenity, and my misfortunes be pitied, by your Grace; who though spotless yourself, possess a heart, which

which feels compassion for the faulty, and a soul to relieve their distresses.

FROM my earliest days have I been taught to look up to your Grace as a being of superior nature to the most elevated race of mortals. Long before I could suppose I should be so eminently honoured by your bounty, have I held you in this distinguished estimation. And often have I heard the noble Lord that adopted me declare, that his Grace of Montague was one of the wittiest men breathing, but his son-in-law the best.

I ACKNOWLEDGE that I can only boast of one claim to your Grace's favour, and that is founded on my fincerity; which has been an inmate in my bosom from my cradle. And with this assurance I slatter myself your Grace will do me the honour to believe, that I have neither aggravated my injuries, nor attempted to extenuate my faults.

Had I the power to express my senfibility for the many favours bestowed upon

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upon me, I would attempt to convey to your Grace my public acknowledgments; but I humbly trust you will accept the tribute of a grateful heart, which, whilst it beats, will be, with the profoundest respect

Your GRACE's

Most humble,

most obliged,

and most obedient servant,

G. A. BELLAMY.

# APOLOGY

FOR THE.

# L I F E

0 1

## GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY.

LETTER I.

MRS. BELLAMY TO THE HON. MISS. -

London, Sept. 20, 17-

MADAM,

to

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IN compliance with the folicitations of yourself and many other friends; and at the same time to rescue my character from the numerous falshoods which have been industriously propagated against it; I set down to begin an Apology for my life. Censurable I knew my conduct has been, in many respects; I cannot, however, suppress the wish (for a wish will naturally arise in the mind, even of the most faulty) to exculpate myself from those censures which! we no foundation in truth.

A review of many of the scenes I have gone through, and of the imprudences I have committed, cannot fail of giving me pain; but as you have VOL. I.

B frequently

frequently expressed a desire to be informed of the minutest circumstances of my life, I will endeavour to recall to my memory every transaction worth recording, and lay them before you in a Series of Letters, continued as time and opportunity shall serve. By your means, the extenuations which occur, may be diffused through the circle whose good opinion I am anxious to regain; and having thus collected them for your inspection, I at fome future period intend to lay them before the Happy shall I be, if the recapitulation of my errors and misfortunes should prove a beacon to warn the young and thoughtless of my own fex from the Syren shore of vanity, diffipation, and illicit pleafures, of which remorfe and mifery, as I too fenfibly feel, are the fure attendants.

I will hope from your friendship, that the prolixity unavoidable in the relation of such a number of events will not prove tiresome and disgusting to you. At the same time I must intreat that you will not examine this production of my pen with too critical an eye. The lenient hand of time has not yet been able to restore to my bosom that sweet tranquility, which the unfortunate events of my life, and the corroding reslections resulting from my misconduct, have banished from it. Trusting, however, to your goodness, I will now enter on my history. Though Though I shall not, as a celebrated author has done, write volumes before I bring myself into being, yet as I have reason to believe the calamities of my life originated from events which happened long before I was born, it will be necessary to recapitulate many circumstances relative to my family, which had their existance prior to that period. The writer of a wretched production, published in the year 1761, having, among innumerable falshoods concerning myself, presumed to mention my mother in terms of disrespect, I think it a duty incumbent on me to endeavour to rescue her memory from imputations she by no means deserves. This, consequently, renders it likewise needful to commence my narrative from the æra of her birth.

My mother was the daughter of an eminent farmer at Maidstone, in Kent, whose name was Seal. He was one of the people called Quakers; and from the produce of his hop-grounds, which were very extensive, arrived at length to such a degree of opulence, as to be enabled to purchase an estate near Tunbridge-Wells, called Mount Sion. For some years he enjoyed in comfort the fruits of his industry; but happening, one evening during the autumn, to continue too late in his grounds, he caught a cold, which bringing on a fever, in a few days put a period to his existence.

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Though my grandfather, during his life, was remarkably active, and mindful of every concern necessary to the welfare of himself and family; yet, either from a mistaken notion, too common among persons of property, or from an unaccountable negligence upon this occasion, he could not be prevailed upon to make a will; so that the whole of his effects fell into the hands of his wife, without any provision being regularly made for my mother, who was now about four years old.

My grandmother, who was both young and beautiful, finding herfelf thus left a widow with only one child, and possessed of an independent fortune, thought their was no occasion for her to carry on the extensive concerns of her late husband, which would be attended with great care and fatigue. She therefore disposed of all the property at Maidstone, and removed to Tunbridge-Wells; and having furnished her houses there in an elegant manner, let them, during the season, to persons of the first distinction.

She was no fooner fettled in her new place of relidence, than her beauty and fortune attracted the attention of all the unmarried young men in the neighbourhood, particularly of those who professed the same religious principles. She, however, withstood all their attacks for upwards of two years. But at length, unfortunately for herself and her daughter, she

The gave her hand to a person of the name of Busby. Mr. Busby was a builder of some eminence, and confidered by the world as a man in affluent circumstances; and so high an opinion had my grandmother formed of his honour and integrity, during his courtship, that she imprudently married him, without reserving to herself, or child, by any written agreement, the least part of her fortune. She received from him, indeed, the most solemn assurances that they should both be liberally provided for; but she too soon had reason to repent of her want of prudence.

Among the persons of quality who occupied occafionally my grandmother's houses, was Mrs. Godfrey, Mistress of the Jewel-Office, and Sister to the great Duke of Marlborough. With this Lady a daughter of Mr. Bufby's, by a former marriage, lived as her own attendant; and fo great an esteem had she contracted, during her residence at Tunbridge, for my grandmother, and fondness of my mother, that she offered to bring up the latter, and to have her educated in every respect the same as her own daughter, Miss Godfrey. My grandmother, however, having at this time no reason to doubt but that her child was amply provided for, politely declined the offer, but agreed, that upon Mrs. Godfrey's return to town for the winter, she should accompany, and spend three or four months with her.

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The feason being now come, Mrs. Godfrey set our for London; and, upon her arrival heard, that her noble brother was given over by his physicians. But having been for some time at variance with the Dutchess, on account of her exposing, though reduced to a state of second childhood, the man who had rendered himself so famous; an imprudence which defervedly gave offence to Mrs. Godfrey; she: had not the fatisfaction of feeing him before he died. Here I must add, that the Dutchess of Marlborough, much to her discredit, used to take the Duke with her in the coach, whenever she went abroad, even upon the most trivial occasions; exhibiting as a public spectacle, the hero who had lately kept nations. in awe, and whose talents in the cabinet were equalto his valour and military knowledge in the field. Good heavens! fuch a ruin must furely have excited the most poignant grief in the most unfeeling breast.

Mrs. Godfrey was prevented by this difagreement from paying a visit herself at Marlborough-House, to condole with her sister-in-law on the loss their family and the nation had sustained. Having, however, an inclination to know how things were conducted there, she sent her woman, Mr. Busby's daughter, to make what enquiries she could: and the latter, overcome by the importunities of her little step-sister, who had attended Mrs. Godfrey to town

as proposed, was accompanied by her to see the remains of the Duke lie in state.

When they arrived at the gate of Marlborough-House, they found it open, but, to their infinite surprise, met not a living creature during their passage to the room in which the body was deposited. So totally was this incomparable man neglected in the last stage of his mortal exhibition, that not a single attendant, or one glimmering taper, remained about him as tokens of respectful attention. My mother and her companion were obliged to the day-light alone for the faint view they obtained of the funeral decorations.

The melancholy and difrespectful scene she had just been witness to, was no sooner described to Mrs. Godfrey by her woman, than it had such an effect upon her as to occasion a long and severe illness; which at length reduced her to such a mate, that had she experienced the same neglectful treatment her brother had done, she must have been buried alive. For one Sunday, fancying herself better than she had been for some time, and able to go to chapel; as she was dressing for that purpose, she suddenly sell down to all appearance dead.

The screams of her woman and my mother brought Colonel Godfrey into the room; who, having probably seen instances of persons remaining in a

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flate of infenfibility for a confiderable time, and afterwards recovering, directed that his lady should be immediately put into bed, and that two perfons should constantly continue with her, till indubitable fymptoms appeared of her decrease. The consequences proved, with how much judgment the Colonel had acted. Notwithstanding the opinion of the physicians, who all declared that the breath of life was irrecoverably departed; and in opposition to the folicitations of his friends to have the body interred, he continued resolute in his determination till the Sunday following; when, exactly at the fame hour on which the change had happened, figns appeared of returning fenfibility. So punctual was nature in her operations upon this fingular occasion, that Mrs. Godfrey awoke from her trance just as the chapel-bell was once more ringing; which fo perfectly eradicated from her memory every trace of her infensibility, that she blamed her attendants for not awaking her in time to go to church, as she had proposed to do. Colonel Godfrey, whose tenderness to his lady was unremitted, taking advantage of this incident, prudently gave orders that she should by no means be made acquainted with what had happened, lest it should make a melancholy impression on her mind. And I believe to the day of her death she remained ignorant of it. Had I not heard the foregoing

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going story frequently repeated by my mother, I own I should have had some doubt of the credibility of it, as it is of so extraordinary a nature; but as I could depend upon her veracity, I can take upon me to affure you of the truth of it. What a dreadful fituation must the poor lady have been in, but for her husband's resolution! I shudder at the very thought of it; as I doubt not but you also do, whilst you are reading the account. I shall here stop to inform you the lady of whom the foregoing anecdote is given, was the celebrated Mrs. Arabella Churchill, fister of John, the great Duke of Marlborough; and who, before fhe was married to Colonel Godfrey, had too fons and a daughter by King James the fecond, viz. James Fitz-James, Duke of Berwick, Grandee of Spain, Mareschal of France, and Knight of the Golden Fleece; Henry Fitz-James, generally called the Grand Prior, Lieutenant General, and Admiral of the French Gallies; and Henrietta, who married Henry Lord Waldegrave. And the veracity of my mother is confirmed by the prefent Vice-chancellor of Cambridge,\* who relates the fact in these words. " A certain lady was ill, and her husband being very B 5 fond

<sup>\*</sup> Farther Observations on the Doctrine of an intermediate State, in Answer to the Rev. Dr. Morton's Queries. By Peter Peckard, M.A. 8vo. 1757, Page 32.

fond of her, constantly attended her. On a Sunday: morning, about the time of going to church, her other attendants declared her to be dead, and were going to prepare the body for the funeral. This the husband would not permit; and determined to watch the corpse himself, till some farther alterations gave him infallible proof of death. The next Sunday. morning he perceived his wife to flir and breathe. In a little time finding her in her perfect fenses, he observed to her, that she had slept a long time. She replied, not long; for I heard the bells ringing for church before I dropt asleep, and they have not done ringing yet; she was after the mother of a family, who can still give testimony of the fact." I shall here take the opportunity of concluding my letter; and am, with affurances of the most perfect gratitude and respect.

MADAM.

Your obliged and obedient Servant,

G. A. B.

in all is recess when a mid not a more year law income!

LETTER II.

MRS. BELLAMY IN CONTINUATION.

Sept. 24, 17-

MADAM,

I SHALL now return to the concerns of my own family.—In a short time after the foregoing incident happened, my grandmother found to her inexpressible concern, that she had united herself to a person who had greatly deceived her with respect to his circumstances. Instead of Mr. Bushy's being possessed of the property the world supposed he had, he was so greatly involved in debt, that all my grandmother's effects were seized by his creditors. So that not having taking the necessary precautions to rescue a maintenance for herself and daughter, before her marriage, she was now left destitute of every means of support.

This reverse of fortune induced her to accept with thankfulness of the generous offer Mrs. Godfrey had lately made her; and she esteemed herself happy in finding so respectable an asylum for her child. But however flattering the prospect at that time appeared, from this period have I too much reason to date the commencement of my mother's missortunes, and con-

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fequently of my own; for being now removed fromunder the parental eye of my grandmother, she became liable to all the arts and temptations youth and beauty are continually exposed to.

As foon as Mrs. Godfrey received my grandmother's permission, she placed my mother at a boarding-school in Queen's-Square, where her own daughter was educated; and here she remained till she arrived at the age of fourteen, when she unfortunately attracted the notice of Lord Tyrawley. This nobleman, who was in the bloom of life, and as celebrated for his gallantry as for his wit, courage, and other accomplishments, meeting accidentally with my mother, whilst she was upon a visit, was struck with her beauty, and was determined if possible to gain posfession of it. And as my mother on her part was equally captivated with his affiduous addresses, and found her vanity gratified by receiving the devoirs of a person of his consequence; it is no wonder that, young and experienced as she was, his lordship at length fucceeded in his defigns. Her heart foon yielding to the foft impulse, there needed not many entreaties to induce her to elope from school. She accordingly feized the first favourable opportunity, and leaving the protection of her kind patroness, fought for happiness in the arms of her lover.

Lord Tyrawley having been so far successful, he carried

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carried his fair prize to his own apartments in Somerset-House, where she was treated with the same respect as if she had been Lady Tyrawley. This honour he had frequently promised hefore her elopement to confer upon her, and he still continued to assure her that he would sulfil his engagements. Lulled, therefore, into security by these promises, by her own affection, and by his increasing fondness, she assumed his lordship's name, and vainly imagined herself to be as truly his wife as if the nuptial knot had been indisfolubly tied.

And in this pleafing delirium, enhanced by all the spleadour of nobility, my mother lived for several months. But as the weel of fortune is seldom at a stand, she was now to experience a disagreeable change in her affairs. Lord Tyrawley was ordered to join his rogiment in Ireland. And it became the more necessary that he should obey the order, as his own private concerns in that kingdon required his inspection. I will not pretend to describe the pangs the lovers felt upon this occasion. I shall observe that his lordship tore himself away with the utmost reluctance, and left my mother in a state little short of distraction.

On his arrival in Ireland, Lord Tyrawley found his affairs in a very different situation from what he expected. The steward, who had the management

of his estates, had taken advantage of his lordship's abscence and inattention, and enriched himself at his master's expence. So that instead of finding a very confiderable ballance in his steward's hands, as he had always concluded there was, he had the mortification to learn that he was greatly involved in debt; and as he had lived in an expensive flyle, the whole of his debts amounted to an enormous fum. How to extricate himself from these difficulties was the question. The only resource which presented itself to his lordship, was that of marrying a lady with a fortune fufficient to difentangle him. But to this his attachment to my mother appeared an irremovable bar. He was convinced that fhe loved him too well. to object to a step which could only preserve him: from ruin; yet as he knew at the same time the violence of her temper, he dreaded to make the propofal to her; and it was a long while before he could refolve upon doing what would be attended with a probability of losing her for ever.

The urgency of his affairs, however, at length requiring a speedy remedy he looked round among the single ladies of fortune within the circle of his acquaintance, and sixed on the Hon. Miss Stewart, daughter of the Earl of Blessington, as a proper object for his addresses; her fortune being according to public report, thirty thousand pounds; and that lady having

having been heard to declare a partiality for him. She could not, indeed, boast of her charms. Her person, however, was genteel, and what was infinitely more to be prized, she was endowed with as engaging a disposition as ever woman was blest with. Alas! how hard must be her lot, to be united to a man, whose attachment to another would render him insensible of her merit!

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Whilst the courtship was carrying on, the father of the lady, naturally anxious for his daughter's happiness, examined minutely into whatever concerned his intended son-in-law; and having heard much of his connection with my mother, his lordship wrote her a polite letter, requesting to know from her the nature of it; giving her at the same time his reasons for such an enquiry.

When my mother, or Lady Tyrawley, as she was then called, received Lord Blessington's letter, she was not quite recovered from the weakness attendant on a lying-in; so that she was the less able to cope with the heart-rending information it conveyed; and she resigned herself totally to the impulse of her rage. The violence of her passion got the better of her affection, and without listening to the dictates of prudence, she enclosed Lord Blessington every letter she had received from her lover. Among these was one she had just received by the same post, and which, as she had

had not broken it open, she sent unopened. In this letter Lord Tyrawley had informed her of the distressed fituation of his affairs, and confequently of the fad necessity there was for his marrying some lady of fortune, to extricate him from his difficulties. He added, that he should stay no longer with his intended wife than was necessary to receive her fortune, when he would immediately fly on the wings of love toshare it with her. That, though another had his hand, she alone possessed his heart, and was his real wife in the fight of heaven. That, in order to testify the truth of what he advanced, he had made choice of the Hon. Miss Stewart, who was both ugly and foolish, in preference to one with an equal fortune, who was both beautiful and fensible; lest an union with a more agreeable person might be the means of decreasing his affection for her.

With what indignation must the Earl of Blessington receive such incontrovertible proofs of Lord Tyrawley's persidy! He was so exasperated against him, that he immediately forbade his daughter, on pain of his severest displeasure, ever to see or write to her persidious lover again. But his injunctions came too late; for they had been already united in connubial bonds, without the earl's knowledge or consent.

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Lord Tyrawley now found himself the victim of his own unwarrantable duplicity. Disappointed of receiving the fortune which had been the sole inducement for his marrying, and united to a woman he hated, he was truly miserable. Being, however, determined to get rid of his lady at all events, he insisted on a separation and immediately solicited the Minister to be sent to the court of Lisbon in a public character. This was readily granted him; as no one was better qualified for such an important employment than his lordship, not only on account of his being a perfect master of the Portuguese language, but from the brilliancy of his parts, and political knowledge, which were scarcely equalled by any of his competitors.

At the time of his separation from his lady, Lord Tyrawley settled eight hundred pounds a year upon her, and she went to reside in the very apartments in Someric. House my mother had lately occupied. That poor dear woman no sooner heard of the marriage of her beloved lord, than distracted at the thought, she immediately hastened from a place which must continually remind her of her lost happiness, and disappointed expectations; leaving behind her all the plate, and other presents, the fondness of the most generous of men had bestowed upon her; as she was determined to take nothing with her that should bring

to her memory her faithless perjured paramour. Having brought my mother to this reversed period of her fortune, lest I tire you with too long an epistle, I will here put an end to it. Believe me to be,

Madam, &c. &c.

G. A. B.

#### LETTER III.

Sept. 17, 17-

Concluded my last letter with an account of my mother's leaving her apartments at Somerfet-House, in all the agonies of despair and resentment. It happened fortunately for her, that a relation, in consideration of my grandmother's contracted circumstances. had some time before left her as a legacy a House fituated in Great Queen-Street, Lincom's-Inn-Freide. In this house my grandmother now reside and by letting out part of it, together with fome affistance the received from her good friend Mrs. Godfrey, procured for herfelf a decent subfiftence. Though she had not feen her daughter since her elopement, and was much displeased with her for her impruden. conduct, yet in fuch a trying moment she could not refuse her admittance beneath her roof. My mother, accordingly now made this her abode.

Whilf

Whilst she had resided at Somerset-House and lived in splendour, one of the principle actresses belonging to Drury-Lane Theatre, whose name was Butler, had applied to her to solicit her interest on her benefit-Night. An intimacy thereupon commenced between them; and during Lord Tyrawley's absence in Ireland, Mrs. Butler had frequently spent many days with my mother at her apartments. As my mother had made this lady her consident during her more prosperous state, she now imparted to her the situation of her sinances, and expectations, and consulted her on the measures she should pursue for her future maintenance.

Mrs. Butler finding there was but little probability from her friend's present irritated state of mind, that her connection with Lord Tyrawley would ever be renewed, advised her to take to the profession she herself followed. Though my mother's person was tall, her figure striking, and she possessed no small share of beauty, yet from an unanimated formality which appeared about her, probably from her associating in the early part of her life with the Quakers, no very sanguine hopes were to be entertained of her succeeding on the stage. However, overcome by the earnest solicitations and slattering representations of Mrs. Butler, she fixed on that track to obtain a future provision.

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The London Theatres at that time not seeming to promise an advantageous engagement, it was thought most advisable that my mother should go over to Ireland; where there was great reason to expect that she would meet with some support from Lord Tyrawley's friends, many of whom had been introduced to her whilst she resided at Somerset-House. This then she determined on; and leaving the son she had lately brought into the world to the care of her mother, undertook an expedition, which, even when attended with every convenience is not over agreeable, alone, friendless, unprotected, and almost broken-hearted.

When she arrived at Dublin, she was received with considerable applause. But her success seems to have been more owing to the people of that kingdom not being then accustomed to capital performers, than to the brilliancy of my mother's theatrical powers. She, however, continued there for several years, performing the first characters, with some degree of reputation; but a disagreement arising, at length, between the proprietors of the theatre and herself, she determined to leave that city.

After deliberating fome time upon the course she should now steer, she on a sudd n formed the strange and unaccountable resolution of embarking for Portugal, in order to renew her affectionate intimacy with

with Lord Tyrawley. His Lordship, during her residence in Ireland, had repeatedly wrote to her, inviting her in the warmest terms, and conjuring her by that tenderness which had once mutually subsisted between them, to come to him: but finding his solicitations inessectual, he had long since forborne them. In this dilemma, however, they occured to my mother in their sull force, awakened that love which had only lain dormant in her bosom, and pointed out the course she should pursue.

Notwithstanding my mother's just refusal of Lord Tyrawley's repeated invitations, and notwithstanding her betraying him to the Earl of Bleffington, had been the fole cause of his lordship's long absence from his native country; yet the was received by him, on her arrival at Lifbon, with the warmest transports. But unluckily a circumstance had happened which made her presence much less agreeable now, than it would have been at the time he pressed her so fervently to come over to him. Disappointed in his hopes of of renewing his connections with her, he had entered into one with a Portuguese lady, named Donna Anna; whom he had feduced from her patronels, the lady of the unfortunate Comte d'Olivarez. This being now his lordship's situation, and of which, on account of the violence of my mother's temper, he did not care to inform her; he placed her in the family

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of an English Merchant, where she was treated with the greatest civility and respect.

Here she remained for some time in a state of perfect tranquility, nothing transpiring relative to his lordship's new slame to disturb her peace of mind. But as I have before observed, the wheel of fortune is continually revolving; and my mother's happiness was not to be permanent. An English gentleman, by name Bellamy, came one day to pay a visit to the merchant in whose house she was placed; when struck with her charms, and unacquainted with her situation, the Captain became so enamoured with her, that he solicited her to accept of his hand. This she repeatedly refused, without discovering her reasons for so doing.

As the offer was far from a disadvantageous one, Captain Bellamy concluded that some other attachment could alone prevent its being accepted; and as jealousy is eagle-eyed, he fixed on Lord Tyrawley, whom he had observed to come sometimes to his friend's house, as the obstacle to his success. Not, indeed, that he could suppose that any thing more than an allowed friendship subsisted between his lord-ship and my mother, his visits being neither long nor frequent. Captain Bellamy could not, however, forbear hinting his apprehensions; which brought on a conversation, in which he discovered to her his lordship's

lordship's connections with Donna Anna, and as an unpleasing appendix, informed her that the lady was then lying in with her fecond child by him.

Rage and refentment against Lord Tyrawley once more took possession of my mother's bosom; and effected what Captain Bellamy's most strenuous solicitations were not equal to. Without allowing herfelf a moment's reflection, she consented to give her hand to him; and as foon as the nuptial benediction was pronounced, fet off with him for Ireland, to which kingdom the ship he commanded was bound, and then ready to fail. All this was executed with fo much expedition and fecrecy, that his lordship. though in fuch a public capacity, was not made acquainted with it till they had left Lifbon.

In a few months after the arrival of Captain Beldamy and his new married lady at the place of their destination, to the inexpressible astonishment and dissatisfaction of the former, I made my appearance on this habitable globe. My mother had fo carefully concealed her pergnancy, and her connection with Lord Tyrawly, from her husband, that he had not entertained the least suspicion of her incontinence. My birth, however, discovered the whole; and so exasperated was the Captain at her duplicity that he immediately left the kingdom, and never after either faw or corresponded with her.

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Having now informed you with how little applause I made my first entrance on the stage of life, I shall defer any further account of my subsequent appearances till I write again, which I purpose doing in a few days. Till then I remain, Madam, &c.

G. A. B.

## LETTER IV.

October 2, 17-

I WAS born on St. George's day, 1731\*, fome months too foon for Captain Bellamy to claim any degree of confanguinity with me. As foon as Lord Tyrawley had gained intelligence, after my mother's departure from Lisbon, of the place of her destina-

<sup>\*</sup> In the former editions the date of the year of my birth flood 1733; this having been pointed out in one of the monthly publications as a mislake, I procured a certificate of my age, from which it appears that I was born in the year 1731. By the same certificate, of which the underneath is a copy, it likewise appears, that I was christened by the name of GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY, insteed of GEORGIANE, by which I usually had gone.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Declaration of GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY'S Regi"fler; that the said GEORGE ANNE BELLAMY, is of the
"age of thirty three years, and was born at Fingal, in the
"kingdom of Ireland, upon the twenty third day of April, in
"the year One Thousand Seven Hundred and Thirty One."

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tion; he wrote to his adjutant, Captain Pye, who refided near Fingal, the Town where she had fettled, to request, if the should prove pregnant in time to conclude it was the effect of her vifit to his lordthip, that his lady would take the infant under her care as foon as it was born, without fuffering my mother, if possible, to see it. This severe injunction of his lordship proceeded from his entertaining a belief, that her fudden retreat from Lifbon was not in consequence of her having formed an honourable connection with Captain Bellamy, but through the natural depravity of her passions, and the fickleness of her disposition. I was, therefore, agreeable to his lordship's directions, taken from my mother foon after my birth, and put under the care of a nurse, with whom I continued till I was two years old. At that time the regiment returning to barracks in Dublin, Mrs. Pye, whose kindness I shall never forget, and whose memory I shall ever revere, took me from the nurse, and carried me with her.

Here, Madam, I must beg leave to ententain you with an anecdote of my nurse, which exhibits such a proof of the attachment and sidelity of the lower class of the Irish, as does them infinite honour. It never occurs to my mind, but it excites the tenderest fensations; and I should deem myself ungrateful

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in the extreme, were I not always to mention her name with respect.

It happened that the fummer, in the midft of which I was taken from the care of my foster-mother, was uncommonly hot. Notwithstanding this, so exceffive was the good woman's affection for me, that The walked every day from the village in which she lived, to the barracks, which were three miles diftant, and with a child fucking at her breaft. The intense heat, united with the affliction she felt at my being taken from her, had fuch an effect upon her constitution, that it brought on an inflammatory fever, which put an end to her life. It is a custom in many parts of Ireland, to convey the remains of the dead to those for whom, whilst living, they appeared to have the fincerest regard; and the custom was not neglected upon the decease of my worthy nurse. Captain Pye's fervants having risen one morning, upon some occasion or other, earlier than usual, and left the street door open; as I lay in bed, I heard my foster-father's voice audibly uttering what is vulgarly called the Irish howl, Ah! why did you die? with all its plaintive eloquence, distinctly reached my ear. Alarmed at the well-known found, I haftily leaped out of bed, and ran almost naked into the ftreet; where, to my great grief, even at that early age, I found the lamentation now become univerfal

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verfal around the body of my poor nurse, whose affection for me had cost her her life—Why, O thou great Disposer of events! why was I born to be the cause of unhappiness, and even death to those who really loved me; whilst thy inscrutable decrees have made me subservient to those, whose vows "were false as dicer's oaths," and whose views were only the promotion of their own pleasure or interest?

When I had nearly obtained the age of four years, Captain Pye received directions from Lord Tyrawley to fend me to France for education. His lordship had been intimate with the unfortunate Colonel Frazer in his youthful days. And though their political principles were diametrically opposite, humanity induced him to make some provision for the Colonel's only daughter, who was now left an orphan and destitute of support. True Philanthropy will not suffer a difference either in political or religious principles to restrain its distates.

This young lady, who was somewhat older than myself, and very amiable both in person and disposition, was fixed on by Lord Tyrawley to be my companion to France; and Mrs. Pye attended us herself to London, in order to equip us with such necessaries as we wanted, and to enquire out the most eligible convent in which to place us.

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Whilst we were in London, the maid fervant who had the care of me, feeing my mother's name in the play-bills of Covent-Garden Theatre, imagined she should not be an unacceptable visitor, if she took me to pay my respects to her. She accordingly inquired where my mother lodged; and, without asking her mistress's consent, led me to her. We were instantly ushered up stairs, where we found my mother in a genteel drefs. Though I was too young to experience any attraction from her beauty, yet her fine cloaths pleafed me much, and I ran towards her with great freedom. But what concern did my little heart feel, when she rudely pushed me from her, and I heard her exclaim, after viewing me with attention for fome moments, "My God! what have you brought me " here? this goggle-eyed, splatter-faced, \* gal-bart-" mouthed wretch is not my child! take her away!" I had been fo accustomed to endearments, that I was the more fenfibly affected at this unexpected falutation, and I went away as much difgusted with my mother as she could be with me.

Mrs. Pye having prevailed upon Mrs. Dunbar, an Irish lady who lived at Boulogne, to take Miss Frazer and myself under her protection, we accompanied her to France. Strict orders were given

<sup>\*</sup> A coal-boat is fo called in Ireland,

that I should not be contradicted, and that if I disliked one convent we should be removed to another. The money necessary for our support was to be remitted to Mr. Smith, a wine-merchant in that town, to whom the same injunctions were given.

On our arrival at Boulogne we were placed in the convent of the Nunciats, fituated in the lower town. We had not been there long, before a nun was immured between the walls, for attempting to fet fire to the convent, in order to facilitate her escape. The infliction of this horrid punishment affected Miss Frazer fo much, and the dirtiness of the convent was fo intolerably offensive, even to me, though but a child, that we determined to get removed. We accordingly applied to Mrs. Smith for this purpose, who in a short time came and conducted us to the convent of the Ursulines in the upper town. On mentioning the name of the convent, even at this distent period, I cannot help exclaiming, " Dear, " happy, much-regretted manfion! thou fweet abode " of tranquility and delight! how supremely blessed "thould I have been, had I remained till this hour " within thy facred walls!"

Here I continued till I had attained the eleventh year of my age; when the mandate, the dreadful mandate arrived, which bid us prepair for our return. With what heart-felt pangs did I receive it!

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Having no knowledge of the nobleman to whom I was indebted for my being and fubfishence; and the contemptuous manner in which my mother had treated me flill dwelling on my remembrance; I had not the least defire to see either of them. To stay in the convent, and fill to be accompanied by my much-loved Maria, was the utmost of my wishes. The whole community, indeed, the fifters as well as the penfioners, treated me with great kindness. But one of the nuns perfectly idolized me. When I took my leave of her, my feelings were fuch as I am not able to describe. Their pungency was far beyond what a girl of my age could be supposed to experience. I have often thought they were a fure prefage of the miseries which have attended me through life; not only fuch as have arisen from my own indiscretions, but those which owe their foundation to the complicated machinations of the worst of men. The former I shall recite in the following part of my narrative, without attempting to palliate, or excufe them, fatisfied that nothing but the fincerest contrition will now avail. The latter I shall give an account of with the strictest regard to candour and truth; and whilft I forgive, which Christianity bids me do, I shall not spare.

Being now about to take my leave of France, and, at the fame time, of the happy age of puerility, innocence, nocence, and peace, I shall at this regretted æar put an end to my letter, with only assuring you that I shall ever be, through every stage of my life,

MADAM, The solver live box

Your ever garteful,

G. A. B.

# LETTER V.

October 15, 17-

WHEN we arrived at Dover, we were met by a person named Du Vall, who had once been a domestic of Lord Tyrawley. He now kept a perukemaker's shop in St. James's-Street; and with him we were to reside, till his lordship's return from Portugal, which was every day expected. Mrs. Du Vall, his wife, was a lively, agreeable French woman, much younger than her husband, and of rather too gay a disposition for his tranquility. Near Mr. Du Vall lived a person whose name was Jones. He had formerly been a cutler, but at the solicitation of his wife, he had opened a china and bijou shop. From the vicinity of their residence, an intimacy had commenced between Mrs. Du Vall and Mrs. Jones, and there was a persect sociability between the Families.

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The latter was the daughter of an eminent apothecary in Westminster, who had given her what is generally termed a genteel education: that is, she was well verfed in the fashions, and in the amusements, of the fashionable world; she spoke bad French, and could invent with great facility additions to the lie of the day. She had a good address, and abounded in what is usually denominated small talk. She understood flattery fo well as to be able to charm her female customers, and of coquetry sufficient to captivate the men. With these advantages, it is not to be doubted but Mrs. Fones rendered her shop the refort of many respectable people. The variety of articles, engaging to a young mind, which were therein displayed, induced me to pay frequent visits to the miftress of it; who seemed much pleased with my vivacity.

During these visits, I became acquainted with most of the nobility that frequented the shop. In particular I formed an intimacy with three ladies of quality, two of whom honoured me with their friendship to the latest periods of their lives. These were Lady Caroline Fitzroy, the Honourable Miss Conway, and Miss St. Leger. The first, to whom I acknowledge I have lain under many obligations, has cancelled them all, by doing me the injustice to believe me capable of speaking something disrespectful of her ladyship.

ladyship. Her thus giving ear to the tongue of flander has prevented me from ever wishing to renew the intimacy with which she once favoured me. As I have made it an invariable rule never to hear any thing fpoken in company to the difadvantage even of a common acquaintance, without endeavouring to vindicate them, (thinking it would greatly leffen me to be confidered as the companion of any person of whom I entertained an unfavourable opinion) is it to be supposed I should speak ill of one to whom I was greatly obliged, and had always highly esteemed? A consciousness of not having deserved her ladyship's displeasure has supported me under it. And were all those of my own fex who are prone to fpeak flightingly of others upon ill-grounded reports, to curb this propenfity, I can affure them they would reap inexpressible faitsfaction from doing fo-Pardon, my dear madam, this digression; as one of the company, you are excepted, you know, from any implied cenfure.

At length the long wished for hour of Lord Tyraw-ley's arrival in England was announced to Miss Frazer and myself. Upon our going to Strutton-Street, where his lordship had taken up his residence, he received us both in the tenderest manner, but with regard to myself, he seemed to enjoy such heart-felt pleasure at the interview, that I was charmed with

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my reception. Donna Anna's satisfaction at seeing me was far, very far short of his lordship's. Nor was this to be wondered at, as she had several children of her own, and consequently dreaded so formidable a rival in his lordship's favour, as I was likely to prove. But her malevolent shafts were aimed at me through my beloved friend, to whom she was continually shewing marks of her dislike. Her cunning dictating to her that his lordship would not suffer any perfon to treat me ill, with impunity, she took this method to give me pain. And she could not have pursued a more effectual one.

As I was at that time, and have ever fince been fleady in my attachments, I could not bear to fee my Maria treated thus unkindly. I therefore used my interest with his lordship to remove us from a place that was become difagreeable to me on more accounts than one. For though my lord lived in all the fplendour a person of his rank is entitled to, and indeed much beyond his income: yet his house had much more the appearance of a Turkish feraglio than the mansion of an English nobleman. To this may be added, that the gloom and hypocrify which were constantly visible on the countenance of his tawney Dulcinea, rendered it far from agreeable to a young creature whose spirits were, probably, too volatile. For these reasons I prevailed upon his lordship to place us at Mrs

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Mrs. Jones's, in St James's-Street; where, as he fpent much of his time at White's Chocolate-House, he called in upon us sometimes twice a day.

Here we found ourselves very comfortably situated. But that comfort was not to be of long duration. I now began to experience the vicissitudes of fortune. For we had resided but a short time at our new abobe, before I lost my much-loved companion Miss Frazer. She was seized with the measses; and, notwithstanding every care, fell a victim to that disorder. Though this young lady was some years older than myself, and of a more serious disposition, yet the regard she had always shewn me was so tender and affectionate, and so indulgent was she to my slights of sancy, as she used to term them, that whilst I loved her as a friend, I revered her as a parent.

There is, I believe, no impression that affects so strongly a young mind as the supposition of being dear to another. Though originating merely from self-love, it incites a reciprocation. The very idea that you are pleasing, stimulates you to render yourself really so, even though there be not that similarity of manners and disposition on which an union of souls is usually sounded.

My grief for the loss of this amiable young lady was so excessive, that it endangered my health; and for some time it was apprehended that I should

go into a decline. Upon this account Lord Tyraw-ley took a little box in Bushy Park, to which in a few days we removed. The family now consisted of his lordship, Donna Anna, three girls, all by different mothers, and myself. The boys were previously sent to Mary-le-Bone school, and my own brother was at sea.

My lord's fondness for me now knew no bounds. He not only thought he perceived in my features the perfect resemblance of his own, but he flattered himfelf that, with the aid of due cultivation, I should likewise inherit his wit, which was universally allowed to be really brilliant.

Not long after we were at Bushy-Park, Donna Anna had the impudence to assume the title of Lady Tyraw-ley, during a party of pleasure in which she and the three young ladies were engaged; his lordship was so offended thereat, that he ordered them all to return to town. So that I now had the happiness of his lordship's company for six days in the week entirely to myself. On the remaining day (Sunday) he was always of his late majesty's private party to Richmond. He usually returned to town the same evening, and came to Bushy the next day.

The company his lordship brought with him, which were chiefly the witty and the gay, soon perceived, that to make their court to him, they must be lavish

lavish in their praises of me. Accordingly, I became the object of their admiration, and was made to believe that I was actually a phenomenon. Till encouraged by the flattery I daily received, I was weak enough to conceit that I was bleffed with talents which dame Nature had never bestowed opon me. Oh flattery! delufive charm! how great is thy power, and how pernicious are thy effects! Even the old cannot withfland thy influence; how then fhall the young? Open, generous, free as air, incapable of deceit, and believing others as fincere as they appear to be; eafily do fuch fall victims to thy bewitched arts! The vanity and conceit thou art the cause of, leave a lasting impression on the mind, and too often taint the whole future life. Most carefully then should our fex guard against the infinuating venom!

With this reflection, the justice of which I doubt not, Madam, but you will readily admit, I shall conclude my letter. And in my next propose to entertain you with a laughable instance of humbled vanity.

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#### L F T T E R VI.

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October 28, 17-

LORD Tyrawley having prohibited my reading Cassandra, the only romance in his library, and on which a girl of my age and lively disposition would naturally have first laid her hands, preferring poetry to history, I endeavoured to learn Pope's Homer by rote. In this I made such proficiency, that in a short time I could repeat the first three books. When I thought myself sufficiently perfect, I languished to be introduced to the incomparable author of them; not doubting but he would be as much charmed with my manner of repeating "The wrath of Peleus' son," as I myself was.

It was not till after I had frequently folicited Lord Tyrawley upon this head, that he would liften to my request. At length, however, he consented, and we set off together for Twickenham. As I rode along, the suggestions of vanity overpowered every apprehension; and I was not a little elated when I reslected on the conspicuous figure I was about to make. The carriage stopped at the door. We were introduced to this little great man. But before I had time to recollect myself, or examine him, Mr. Pope rang the bell for his housekeeper, and directed

her to take Miss, and shew her the gardens, and give her as much fruit as she chose to eat.

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How shall I find words to express the mortification I selt upon this occasion! It is not in the power of language to describe the true situation of my mind, on finding my vanity thus humbled. It is to be supposed I was not very complaisant to the old lady. But she did not long attend me; for we had scarcely got into the gardens, before she pretended business, and left me to admire them, and eat fruit by myself.

I was not in the least displeased at the house-keeper's abrupt departure, as it gave me leisure to meditate, and contrive some method of resenting so gross an affront offered to the infant Dacier. For no less a personage in the world of literature did I fancy that I should be, when my amazing powers had acquired persection. At last I concluded to carry into execution the following plan of revenge: I determined never to read the cynic's translation of the Iliad again, but wholly to attach myself to Dryden's Virgil. My heart exulted in the thought; and I experienced those sweet sensations, which arise from the hopes of being amply revenged for insult. But whilst I was indulging myself in this pleasing reverie, I was informed that the carriage waited.

I hastened to it; and when I joined Lord Tyrawley, found that he had prevailed on the Earl of Chester-field,

field, who had happened to come in just after my supposed disgrace, to accompany us to Bushy. That nobleman soon made me amends for the treatment I had just received, and removed the chagrin it had occasioned. The elegant praises of a Chestersield transported my little heart, and atoned for the casual contempt of a Pope. They filled my bosom with inconceivable pleasure, and imprest upon my memory such a partiality for the bestower of them, as was never after eradicated. Indeed, the favourable opinion he honoured me with in my profession, was not a little slattering, and claimed my warmest gratitude.

In a short time after this, Lord Tyrawley was nominated ambassador to the court of Russia. Upon which occasion one of the ladies of quality beforementioned, desired Mrs. Jones, at whose shop I had first been honoured with her notice, to inform his lordship, that she should be happy if he would permit me to reside with her during his absence. This was too great a favour to be declined. My lord accordingly waited upon her ladyship, to return her thanks for her condescending offer, and at the same time to mention to her, his prohibition against my seeing my mother.

That unhappy woman had lately married an officer, a fon of Sir George Walter, quite a diffipated boy,

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boy, young enough to be her own child. As this unnatural union had been dictated by passion, satiety and difgust soon followed; and her new husband left her to join his regiment, which was stationed at Gibraltar. But before he went off, he stript her of every thing valuable she was possessed of, even to her apparel. This he took an opportunity of doing whilst my mother was at the theatre; and he decorated, with her cloaths, a woman that accompanied him abroad. Such generally are the confequences of an union founded folely on passion; especially where there is fo great a disparity of years. By such an imprudent connection, the erring female draws on herself the contempt and ridicule of her own fex, and exposes herself to the licentious attacks of the other.

Whether the distressed situation my mother found herself in, from the depredations committed on her property by her faithless husband, induced her to wish to see me, that I might be the means of affording her some relief; or whether her maternal feelings received additional vigour from her present distresses, I will not pretend to determine; but she applied to the very servant who had formerly met with so rude a reception from her, and whom she accused of bringing to her a suppositious child, to entreat that I would come and reside with her. In doing this, she doubtless

doubtless had a view to the hundred pounds which Lord Tyrawley annually allowed me for cloaths and other incidental expences, and for paying my maid-fervant.

As humanity has ever been my ruling passion, I could not bear to think that my parent, although she had been unkind to me, was reduced to a state of poverty; afflicted with illness, and abandoned by the person who ought to have been her support and protector; without feeling an inclination to afford her all the affistance in my power. Listening, therefore, only to the duteous impulse, I took with me the small fum of money I happened to have by me, together with my watch, which was of confiderable value, and a few other trinkets, and hastened to my mother's house, without even taking leave of the lady who had kindly protected me. I blush at the recollection; as her ladyship certainly deserved a more grateful return. But tenderness for an affected parent suppressed, at that time, every other consideration.

My mother feemed to strive to make atonement for the slight she had formerly shewn me, by every proof of indulgent fondness. This affectionate attention made me ample amends for the loss of that splendour and elegance I had just left; and I esteemed myself quite happy. The little money I had brought with me, was, however, but a temporary relief.

When

When that was expended, my mother borrowed as much as she could upon my watch and trinkets, in hopes that would supply our necessities till my quarter's fallary was due. But when that wished-for hour arrived, to our great mortification, we found that it would no longer be paid up, on account of my removal. My mother now discovered, that instead of alleviating her own distresses, by enticing me to be with her, she had added two persons to her family, who were obliged to look up to her for support.

An opportunity presenting itself here, by my being about to enter on a new scene of life, for breaking off, lest I should tire you, as I have done myself, I shall lay down my pen, as soon as I have assured you that I am,

Madam, &c. &c.

G. A. B.

## LETTER VII.

Nov. 5, 17-

How blind are mortals to the future! And from what trivial and apparently accidental circumstances do the fuccess or misfortunes of our lives originate! To intend for the best is all that lies in our power; the event depends on "that unseen hand which makes all our moves." Thus my imprudent removal

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that emed ought elief. Then removal from the protection of the noble patroness to whose care I had been committed by Lord Tyrawley, though the motive was in some measure allowable, as it proceeded from filial affection, laid the soundation of all those errors and subsequent missortunes which have been my lot.—But to proceed with my narrative—At the latter end of the season previous to that wherein I entered into the service of Malpomene, of which I shall give you an account in due time, Mr. Bridgewater, one of the performers at Covent-Garden Theatre, intreated my mother to set me play the comic character of Miss Prue, in Love for Love, for his benefit; which I accordingly did,\*

The mention of this circumstance has revived in my memory, an anecdot relative to that performer, which may probably prove entertaining, as well as give an idea of his professional merit.

Mr. Bridgewater, who was by trade a coal-merchant, was, in some cast of characters; a good actor, but extremely indolent; and no man ever possessed a greater share of curiosity. Mrs. Horton, who was very beautiful, but an indifferent performer for the capital parts she undertook, knowing these failings

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<sup>\*</sup>This circumstance was omitted, through forgetfulness, in the former editions, and apologized for in vol. VI.

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in her fellow comedian, took it into her head, one evening, to make a trial to what a height he would carry the latter, and at the same time endeavour to correct the former. She accordingly told him, just as he was about to go on, in the character of Leontine, in "Theodosius," that she had something of great importance to inform him of, when he came off.

Bridgewater no fooner heard this, than the propenfity which was fo natural to him, instantly blazed forth, and made him earnestly entreat the lady to acquaint him with what it was, prior to his going on. Before he could obtain an answer, the person who called to the book, came to let him know that the slage stood for want of him. But so acute was his defire of knowing the secret, that, notwithstanding the business of the stage was interrupted by the delay, and the audience might have been displeased at the chasm in the piece, yet he could not forbear, even at fo critical a time, renewing his entreaties that the lady would gratify his impatience. Upon which Mrs. Horton laughingly replied, " Bridge, was you " always in fuch a hurry, you would be an excellent " actor." defined for to bring me with her, an ale to

My mother had contracted an intimacy of the most friendly nature with a lady who was lately arrived from the East-Indies, where her husband was then a governor. This lady, whose name was Jackson,

had

had come over to England for the education of her two daughters, and refided in Montpelier-Row, Twickenham, on account of her ill state of health. She was generous to excess; a propensity which her husband enabled her to indulge, by allowing her a very considerable income. As illness prevented her from going out, or seeing much company, she invited my mother to pass the summer with her. My mother accepted the invitation, and at the conclusion of the season at the theatre, took me down with her. Upon our arrival I was introduced to the young ladies, who were about my own age, and who seemed to vie with each other to gain the first place in my affections.

As we were walking out one evening, we were overtaken by the celebrated Mrs. Woffington. Having been at the fame theatre in Dublin with my mother, she politely faluted her, and seemed desirous of renewing the acquaintance which had once substifted between them. My mother shewing no reluctance on her part, Mrs. Woffington gave her a pressing invitation to spend some time with her at her house at Teddington, whither she was then going; and desired her to bring me with her.

Some unexpected company coming down foon after, to visit Mrs. Jackson, we took that opportunity to accept the invitation Mrs. Woffington had given us. During our stay at her sister's, I became acquainted

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quainted with Mr. Sheridan, a celebrated actor, and a competitor of the incomparable Garrick. This gentleman invited us to his apartments, which were generally crowded with Irish gentlemen from the college of Dublin. Roscius, at this time, languished to be reconciled to Mrs. Woffington, with whom he had formerly lived upon terms of intimacy. For this purpose he obtruded himself in the house of a gentleman at Kingston, of whose talents, which were great, he was jealous to a degree, though they lay in a different line of acting. Mr Sheridan's hofpitality was as well known as Garrick's parsimony; of which the latter condescended to avail himself. I flatter myfelf I shall be credited in this affertion, as I declare I have no reason to be partial to the former, as will appear in the course of the ensuing letters.

The general topic of conversation among my prefent associates was confined to theatrical affairs; with which I was totally unacquainted till I was introduced into this circle. The charms of novelty, however, rendered it agreeable. Whilst we staid here, it was agreed on to perform the tragedy of the "Distressed Mother," in order to make a trial of Miss Polly Woffington's abilities, who was intended by her sister for the stage. My mother and Mrs. Woffington played the attendants; Mr. Garrick, Oreftes; Mr. Sullivan, a Fellow of Trinity-College, Dublin, Pyrrhus; Miss Woffington, Hermione; and Andromache fell to my lot.

In this performance, though my first,\* Mr. Garrick observed that I was much more in earnest than the young lady who had been accustomed to theatrical amusements. And though I was inferior in beauty to my fair rival, and without the advantages of dress, which she enjoyed, yet, the laurel was bestowed upon me. All the people of fashion in the neighbourhood honoured our barn with their presence. Among these was the late Sir William Young, who gave it as his opinion that I should make a figure in a capital line, if ever I came upon the stage.

Upon our return to Twickenham, we found our good friend Mrs. Jackson, so much indisposed, that her life was despaired of. However, through my mother's care, and a favourable crisis in her disorder, she was in a short time out of danger. But the air of the country being judged by her physicians to be too keen for her, she took a house in Henrietta-Street, Covent-Garden; where my mother, who had

<sup>\*</sup> It might in fast be called my first Essay; for, the former was so trifling, I actually forgot it when I wrote my Apology, and should not have recollected it, had I not since been reminded of it by an unknown Correspondent.

now declined a profession she had never been calculated for, was easily prevailed upon to become her guest.

About this time a letter was received by Du Vall from Lord Tyrawley, in answer to one he had wrote him, in which his Lordship not only declared he would not allow me any fupport, but renounced me for ever. So highly was he exasperated against me for difregarding his injunctions. As I loved his lordship superior to the whole world, this letter harrowed up my very foul. Nor did it give much lefs anguish to my poor mother; who now became fenfible of her indifcretion in having induced me to leave fo eligible a fituation as his lordship had placed me in, and thereby forfeit his favour, merely to procure herfelf a temporary relief. We were, however, obliged to fubmit, and refign ourselves to that fate which could not now be averted .- I have often thought fince, as I have pondered o'er my misfortunes, that we owe the greatest part of the miseries we experience to our impatience. Not patient enough to let the defigns of Providence, even when they appear to be in a favourable train, regularly and gradually develop, we fancy we can get poffession of the object we have in view by a shorter method; and having, through our want of discernment, broke one of the links of the chain, the wished-for happiness is gone for ever.

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Forgive me, my dear Madam, for interspersing there and there these moral inflections. They at once give ease to my mind, and when they shall reach the public eye, may prove serviceable to the weaker sex; which may probably be admitted as some atonement for the errors that have occasioned them.

My mother having a long account to fettle with Mr. Rich, the falaries at that time not being very regularly paid, she had frequent occasions for calling at his house. And as I had contracted an intimacy with the young ladies, his daughters, to whom I had been introduced before we went into the country, I was happy to attend my mother whenever she went.

One evening, as I was upon a vifit there, we agreed among ourselves to ast "Othello." They lent me the play, that I might learn my part, which was to be that of Othello, and promised me, as it was soon to be performed at the cheatre, a seat in their box to see it. When we were perfect in the words, we began to rehearse. During the rehearsal, as we were only playing for our own amusement, and I concluded we were not overheard, I gave free scope to my fancy and my voice; and I really believe our performance was more perfect, as it was truly natural, than if it had been aided with the studied graces of professors. As I was raving in all the extremity of jealous madness, Mr. Rich accidentally passed by the

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he afterwards faid, by the powerful fweetness of the Moor's voice, which he declared to be superior to any he had ever heard, he listened without interrupting our performance; but as soon as it was concluded, he entered the room, and paid me a thousand compliments on my theatrical abilities. Among other things he said, that in his opinion I should make one of the first actresses in the world; adding, that if I could turn my thoughts to the stage, he should be happy to engage me.

Not a little vain of receiving these encomiums from a person, who from his situation must be a competent judge, I went home and informed my mother of what had happened. At first she was averse to my accepting the propofal, having experienced herfelf all the difadvantages attendant on a theatrical life; but Mrs. Fackfon uniting her perfuasions with those of Mr. Rich, she at length consented. She, however, complied only on conditions that the manager would affure her of his supporting me in a capital line. This Mr. Rich agreed to do; and that the more readily, as, in his opinion, the ladies belonging to his theatre were not altogether fuited either for the characters of young heroines in tragedy, or of sprightly girls in genteel comedy. Mrs. Horton had nothing but a beautiful face to recommend her; Mrs. Pritchard's forte lay in a different walk; and Mrs. Clive's merit was always fo unrivalled, that whatever I can fay in praise of that darling daughter of Thalia, will not equal her desert.

Here, as I am now arrived at another paincipal zera of my life, that of my entrance into the theatrical world, permit me, Madam, to give a little respite to my aching fingers.

G. A. B.

### LETTER VIII.

Nov. 21, 17-

I SIT down once more, Madam, to continue my narrative. My entrance on my theatrical career is, if I recollect, to be the contents of this letter.

At the time I entered into an engagement with Mr. Rich, I was just fourteen; of a figure not elegant, a powerful voice, light as the gossamer, of inexhaustible spirits, and possessed of some humour. From these qualifications he formed the most sanguine hopes of my success, and determined that I should immediately make trial of them. I had perfected myself in the two characters of Monimia and Athenais, and according to my own judgment had made no inconsiderable proficiency in them. The former was fixed on for my first appearance.

Mr. Rich now thought it time to introduce me to Mr. Quin, then the most capital performer at Covent-Garden; and capital he was, indeed, in those characters which his figure fuited. This gentleman, at that period, governed the theatre with a rod of iron. Mr. Rich, though the proprietor, was, through his indolence, a mere cypher. He was, however, when he had refolved on any thing, the most determined of men. After waiting some time at the door of the lion's den, as the people of the theatre had denominated Mr. Quin's dreffing-room, we were at length admitted. It is necessary here to observe, that this gentleman never condescended to enter the Green-Room, or to mix with the other performers, all of whom he was unacquainted with, except Mr. Ryan, for whom he entertained a particular friendship, which lasted till Mr. Ryan's death.

He no fooner heard Mr. Rich propose my appearing in the character of Monimia, than with the most sovereign contempt, he cried out, "It will not do, Sir," Upon which, the manager, to his infinite susprise, replied, "It shall do, Sir." I was so frightened at Mr. Quin's austere deportment, that had he requested me to give him a specimen of my abilities, it would not have been in my power. But he held me too cheap to put me to the trial. After some further altercation had passed, which was not

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much in my favour, Mr. Quin at last deigned to look at me, saying, at the same time, "Child, I would "advise you to play Serina, before you think of "Monimia." This sarcasm roused my spirits, which before were much sunk, and I pertly replied, "If I "did, Sir, I should never live to play the Orphan."

Still, however, he infifted on the impropriety of a child's attempting a character of fuch importance. But the real cause seemed to be, that he was conscious he himself could play the character of young Chamont with very little propriety; as neither his age nor sigure by any means suited it, and as Mr. Garrick had gained so much reputation in the character. He concluded with saying, if Mr. Rich persisted in such an absurd resolution, he would publicly declare his sentiments upon the subject; and surther, that he would not attend the rehearsals; being persuaded the manager would severely repent his having countenanced so improper an exhibition.

It may be supposed that this conversation was not very pleasing to me. As for Mr. Rich, the opposition he met with, seemed to increase his resolution; and taking me by the hand, he led me out of the Dressing-Room, assuring me aloud, that, let who would oppose, he would protect me; and would let every one in the company know that he would be the Master of it, when he chose to be at the trouble.

Before.

Before he quitted the fcenes, he ordered the prompter to call a rehearfal of the "Orphan" the next morning. When that hour arrived, the two gentlemen who were to play my lovers, Castalio and Polydore, in order to pay their court to Mr. Quin, did not think proper to appear. Mr. Rich, however, to convince them he would be obeyed, fined them more than the usual mulct. Even Serina, who was only an attendant upon tragedy Queens, smiled contemptuously on the poor Orphan.

Mr. Rich kindly endeavoured, by every means in his power, to support me under this mortifying opposition; and he took a very effectual method of doing it. The dreffes of the theatrical ladies were at this period very different. The Empresses and Queens were confined to black velvet, except on extraordinary occasions, when they put on an embroidered or tiffue petticoat. The young ladies generally appeared in a cast gown of some person of quality; and as at this epoch the women of that denomination were not bleft with the tafte of the prefent age, and had much more œconomy, the stage brides and virgins often made their appearance in altered habits, rather foiled. As the manager had in his juvenile days made the fair fex his principal study, and found the love of drefs their darling foible, he concluded that, as a true daughter of Eve, I was not

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exempt from it. He therefore thought there could be no better method of putting me in a good humour with myfelf, and compensating for the affronts I had lately received, than by taking me to his mercer's, and permitting me to choose the cloaths I was to appear in. A circumstance which evinced his partiality, as he had always been unwilling to indulge even his first performers in this point.

The following morning Castalio and Polydore attended the rehearfal, but my brother Chamont was inexorable. Mr. Hale mumbled over Castalio, and Mr. Ryan whistled Polydore. This gentleman, from the accident of having been shot in the mouth by rushans, had a tremor in his voice, which, till you were accustomed to it, was very disagreeable. But from his utility in playing every night, the discordance of it grew familiar to the ear, and was not so displeasing. I have often heard Mr. Garrick say, that the greatest part of his merit in the character of Richard, arose from the observations he had made on Mr. Ryan's manner of playing it.

Mr. Ryan might truly have been denominated, in the theatrical phrase, a wear and tear man; that is, one who had constant employment, and fills a part in almost every piece that is performed. This frequently occasioned his coming late to the theatre. I have known him come at the time the last music has

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been playing; when he has accossed the shoe-black at the stage door in his usual tremulous tone (which it is impossible to give those an idea of on paper that never heard it, but those who have, will easily recollect it) with, boy, clean my shoes.

As foon as this needful operation has been performed, he has hastened to his dressing room, and having hurried on an old laced coat and waistcoat, not a little the worse for wear, a tye wig pulled buckishly over his forehead, and in the identical black worstead slockings he had on when he entered the house, ordered the curtain to be drawn up. Thus adorned, he would then make his appearance in the character of Lord Townley; and, in the very tone of voice in which he had addressed his intimate of the brush, exclaim,

" Why did I marry; was it not evident, &c."

And in the fame harsh monotony did that gentleman speak every part he played.

I have not introduced the foregoing circumstances to ridicule Mr. Ryan; as from the acknowledgment of Mr. Garrick, before inserted, he was a just as well as useful actor; but to point out the real state of the theatrical community, at the period I was interested in it.

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It will likewise be seen from it, that the dress of the gentlemen, both of the sock and buskin, was full as absurd as that of the ladies. Whilst the empresses and queens appeared in black velvet, and, upon extraordinary occasions, with the additional finery of an embroidered or tissue petticoat; and the younger part of the semales, in cast gowns of persons of quality, or altered habits rather soiled; the male part of the dramatis personæ strutted in tarnished laced coats and waistcoats, full bottom or tye wigs, and black worstead stockings.

Having an opportunity of feeing the piece performed at Drury-Lane Theatre the night before my appearance, it made me more acquainted with the jeu de théatre than twenty rehearfals would have done. The public, who always inclined to the humane side, and espouse the cause of the injured, as soon as the treatment I met with was known, took umbrage at what they termed illiberal proceedings towards a young actress, and I believe in the end, the opposition that was formed against me was of advantage to me. I own I was somewhat alarmed when I reslected on my presumption in appearing in so capital a character after the inimitable Mrs. Cibber.

At length the dreadful evening arrived.—But as for interesting an event, the bare recollection of which I still tremble at, furely deserves to be recorded in a letter by itself, I shall here put an end to this.

# LETTER IX.

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Nov. 27, 17-

THE dreaded evening at length arrived. Previous to it, Mr. Quin having in all companies declared it as his opinion, that I should not succeed; Mr. Rich, on the contrary, having been as lavish in my praise; the public curiosity was much more excited, than if there had been no contention about me. The curtain drew up to a splendid audience, which seldom happened at Covent-Garden Theatre, except when a new or revived pantomime was represented.

It is impossible to describe my sensations on my first entrance. I was so much dazzled by the lights, and stunned by the repeated plaudits, that I was sor some time deprived both of memory and voice. I stood like a statue. Till compassion for my youth, and probably some prepossession for my sigure, and dress, which was simply elegant, a circumstance not very customary, induced a gentleman, who was dictator to the pit, and therefore ludicrously denominated Mr. Town,\* to call out, and order the curtain to be dropped, till I could recover my consustion.

This caused Mr. Quin to exult so much, that Mr. Rich intreated me in the most earnest manner to exert

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Chitty.

my powers. But his entreaties were ineffectual. For when I made the next attempt, my apprehensions so totally overpowered me, that I could scarcely be heard in the side-boxes. The applause, indeed, was so universal, during the first act, for what did not reach the ears of the audience, that had I possessed my full powers of exertion, they could not have prosited by them.

The manager having pledged himself for my success, he had planted all his friends in different parts of the house, to insure it. But when he found that I was unable to raise my spirits, he was as distracted as if his own fate, and that of his theatre, had depended upon it.

He once more had recourse to persuasion and encouragement; but nothing could rouse me from my stupidity till the sourch act. This was the critical period which was to determine my fate. By this criterion was I, as an actress, to stand or fall. When, to the assonishment of the audience, the surprise of the performers, and the exultation of the manager, I felt myself suddenly inspired. I blazed out at once with meridian splendour; and I acquitted myself throughout the whole of this most arduous part of the character, in which even many veterans have failed, with the greatest eclat.

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Mr. Quin was so fascinated (as he expressed himself) at this unexpected exertion, that he waited behind the scenes till the conclusion of the act; when lifting me up from the ground in a transport, he exclaimed aloud, "Thou art a divine creature, and the true spirit is in thee." The audience, likewise, honoured me with the highest marks of their approbation. As for Mr. Rich, he expressed as much triumph upon this occasion, as he usually did on the success of one of his darling pantomimes.

The performers, who, half an hour before, had looked upon me as an object of pity, now crowded around me to load me with compliments of gratulation. And Mr. Quin, in order to compensate for the contempt with which he had treated me, was warmer, if possible, in his eulogiums, than he had been in his farcasms.

This, I own, appears to be a bold affertion, as the pungent falt of his fatire often got the better of the goodness of his heart; which I have reason to think one of the best that ever inhabited mortal's bosom.

The novelty of fuch fuccess attending a child (for from my appearance I could not be judged to be so old as I really was) against the united force of a Garrick and a Cibber, attracted the notice of the public so much, that the piece was performed three nights successively. This was a singular circumstance at

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that time, as the "Orphan" was an old play, much hackneyed, and supported by only one character. For though Mr. Quin was most justly celebrated, as I have already observed, in every character which his figure and time of life suited, yet as he was now near fixty, and rather corpulent, he certainly was a very unsit brother for a girl of my age. So slattering a reception, it may be naturally supposed, elated a heart rendered vain by praises surpassing my most fanguine expectations.

Mr. Quin being thus become my friend, he made enquiry relative to my mother's character and circumstances, with which he appeared to be totally unacquainted, notwithflanding she had performed at the fame theatre with him for years. Being fatisfied with the enquiries he made, he was determined not to oblige by halves. Finding I was the reputed daughter of his old friend Lord Tyrawley, in order not to alarm our fears, or mortify the dignity of our minds, he enclosed a bank bill in a blank cover, and fent it to my mother by the penny-post. And, not fatisfied with having administered to our wants, he took every opportunity of shewing us respect. In particular, he favoured me with a general invitation to the suppers he usually gave four times a week; enjoining me at the fame time never to come alone; "because," as he jocularly faid, "he was not too old to be cenfured."

All the literati of the age frequented these parties, where wit, repartees, bon-mots, conviviality, and good cheer, went hand in hand. The conversation at these repasts turned on the literary productions of the day. And as most of the gentlemen present were themselves authors, they either candidly acknowledged the merit of the works which were the subject of discussion, or with perfect good-breeding, and true critical knowledge, pointed out their desects.

It is worthy of remark, that all characters have their bright and shaded parts. The more splendid the one, the deeper generally are the traits of the other. Thus it was with Mr. Quin; who, with the most liberal mind and benevolent heart, had his whims, his prepossessions, and his prejudices; many of which he frequently expressed in language somewhat too sarcastic, and not over delicate. But perfection is not to be expected in this transitory state.

The following incident will afford you a trifling fpecimen of fome of my worthy friend Mr. Quin's peculiarities, and confirm what I have just observed of him, that with the most liberal mind, and benevolent heart, he had his whims, his prepossessions, and his prejudices.

Garrick once took it into his head to play Othello, and in a Moorish dress: an alteration which was not only absurd in the extreme, as it must naturally be supposed

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fupposed a Venetian general would usually wear a Venetian habit; but as it tended to make his own figure more petit than it really was, which was quite unnecessary.

After the performance, a gentleman called in upon Mr. Quin to give him an account of it. When the latter, with the utmost good humour, exclaimed, "You must be mistaken, my dear friend, the little "man could not appear as the Moor, he must rather "look like Desdemona's little black boy that attends "her tea-kettle."

And, indeed, this observation of Mr. Quin's was not merely a witty impromptu, but it was founded on truth; for the great Roscius not feeling himself equal to the character, and conscious of the degradation of his figure in it, never ventured to perform it again.

No man was possessed of a greater fund of wit and humour than this worthy friend of mine; and his comparisons were always just and striking, as the following instance (which I cannot forbear giving you, though perhaps by thus running from one story to another you may accuse me of garrulity) will prove.

As I was about to quit the rooms one evening at Bath, he hastened after me, and insisted upon my returning. I could not conceive what could occasion this interruption to my purpose, till I heard him explain, "Come back, my dear girl, and see a minuet danced

danced upon broad wheels." Induced by the oddity of the comparison, I complied with his request; when I beheld a lady moving a minuet with infinite grace, but of a size which justifyed the adoption of Mr. Quin's idea, as she was possessed of much more than is usually termed the embonpoint.

From some passages in several of the foregoing letters, it may be observed, that learned conversations were not unacceptable to me. And I sound my judgment more enlightened by the remarks made at Mr. Quin's petit soupers, than if I had read all the literary productions which made their appearance at that time. Mrs. Jackson usually did me the honour to accompany me there; where she one evening met with a relation she had not seen for some years; and who should this be, but Mr. Thomson, a gentleman not less celebrated for his goodness, than for his admirable poetical works, "The Seasons, &c."

Whilst Mr. Quin is the immediate subject of my pen, I will beg leave to relate an anecdote of him, which will be for ever imprinted on my memory, and does infinite honour to his. During the time he had the chief direction at Covent-Garden Theatre, he revived "The Maid's Tragedy," written by Beaumont and Fletcher. In it he played the character of Melantius; Mrs. Pritchard, Evadne; and myself, Aspasia. One day, after the rehearsal was finished,

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he defired to speak with me in his dreffing-room. As he had always carefully avoided feeing me alone, I was not a little furprifed at fo unexpected an invitation. My apprehensions even made me fear that I had, by fome means or other, offended a man, whom I really loved as a father. My fears, however, were not of long duration. For as foon as I had entered his dreffing-room, he took me by the hand, with a fmile of ineffable benignity, and thus addressed me; " My dear girl; you are vaftly followed, I hear. Do " not let the love of finery, or any other induce-" ment, prevail upon you to commit an indifcrea-"tion. Men in general are rafcals. You are young "and engaging, and therefore ought to be doubly " cautious. If you want any thing in my power, "which money can purchase, come to me, and " fay, " James Quin, give me fuch a thing," and " my purfe shall be always at your fervice." The tear of gratitude stood in my eye, at this noble instance: of generofity; and his own gliftened with that of humanity and felf-approbation.

With a flory, fo much to the honour of that worthy man, and fo pleafing, even in recollection, to myfelf, will I conclude this letter.

G. A. B.

#### LETTER X.

Dec. 7, 17-

WHAT little merit I had, was foon after rendered more conspicuous by my undertaking the part of Eudosia, in "The Siege of Damascus," at a night's notice, on the sudden indisposition of Mrs. Pritchard. Upon these occasions, the audience are always peculiarly indulgent, and so I found them. The public thought they discovered from this promptitude, indelible marks of genius, much superior to those naturally to be expected from a girl so recently engaged in a profession, a perfect knowledge of which was only to be attained by a length of time, and the closest application.

I had likewise, about this period, the happiness to-acquire the approbation and patronage of two ladies of the first distinction; the late Dutchess of Montague, then Lady Cardigan, and her Grace of Queensberry. Both these ladies favoured me with their support, so far as to grace the theatre when ever I performed. An attention which was the more flattering, as the latter had not honoured a playhouse with her presence since the death of her favourite Gay.

As Mr. Rich could not afford, from the receipts of the theatre, to allow me a falary equal to the fuc-

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cess I met with, and the capital parts I performed, he gave me a benefit, free of all expences, upon one of his own nights, in order to prevent discord in the company. Though the public appeared to be much interested in my favour, yet as I had but few friends, except those who out of civility to Mr. Quin espoused my interest, I had very little reason to expect that it would prove lucrative.

Some days before that fixed for my benefit, I received a meffage whilft I was at the theatre, to be at Queensberry-House the next day by twelve o'clock. As I thought it likewise incumbent on me to wait on the Countess of Cardigan, who had honoured me with equal marks of approbation, I dressed myself early, and, taking a chair, went first to Privy-Garden. I had there every reason to be pleased with the reception her ladyship gave me, who joined politeness to every virtue.

But at Queensberry-House, my reception was far otherwise. Her Grace was determined to mortify my vanity, before she promoted my interest. Quite elated with Lady Cardigan's slattering behaviour, I ordered the chairmen to proceed to Queensberry-House. Soon after the rat-tat had been given, and my name announced to the porter, the groom of the chambers appeared. I desired him to acquaint her Grace, that I was come to wait upon her. But

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how was I furprifed, when he returned and informed me, that her Grace knew no fuch person! My aftonishment at this message was greatly augmented. by the certainty I entertained of a ready admittance. I affured the domestic, that it was by the Dutches's own directions, I had taken the liberty to wait on To which he replied, that there must have been some mistake in the delivery of it. mortifying fituation, I had nothing to do, but return Ludicrous and humiliating as the foregoing scene must be, I cannot avoid relating it, as it may ferve as a leffon to many, who too readily give way to the impulses of vanity. Young minds are naturally prone to it. Mine confequently was. And this well-timed rebuke, however grating, was the greatest proof of regard her Grace could have given me.

I went home with no very pleafing fensations, as I expected to receive the taunts of a female relation upon the occasion, who had lately arrived from Ireland, and on whom my mother doated. As this person will be frequently mentioned in the course of my narrative, and was the cause of many of the inconveniences I afterwards suffered, it may not be amiss to acquaint you, that her deformed body was a fit receptacle for her deprayed mind.

According to *Hogarth*'s rules, indeed, her person may be said to abound in all the graces annexed to the

the idea of beauty, as she had not a straight line about her. And her mind was no less crooked than her body. She had taken a dislike to me on her first coming over; but for what reason I cannot account; and her aversion seemed to increase with my success on the stage. To such a height was it now risen, that it was the cause of much unhappiness to me. So that I was at length obliged to complain to Mrs. Jackson, who requested my mother to provide for her elsewhere, but without esses.

According to my expectations, I had no fooner returned from Queensberry-House, and informed my mother of the reception, I met with there, than this relation persuaded her that the invitation was merely a chimera of my own brain, generated by my insupportable vanity. So virulent was her behaviour, that in order to avoid her farcasms, I pretended business at the theatre, in the evening, and went there.

Upon my entering the Green-Room, I was accosted by Prince Lobkowitz, who was then there in a public character, requesting a box at my benefit, for the corps diplomatique. After thanking his Highness for the honour intended me, I informed him that they might be accommodated with a stage-box; and sending for the house-keeper, desired he would make an entry in his book to this purpose. But how great was my surprise, when he acquainted me I had

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the Countefs of Cardigan, the Dutchess Dowager of Leeds, and Lady Shaftesbury, being retained for her Grace the Dutchess of Queensberry. I could not help thinking but the man was joaking, as he himself had delivered me the message from her Grace the night before, and that I found to be a deception. He however still persisted in what he said, and surther added, that the Dutchess had likewise fent for two hundred and sifty tickets. This made me more at a loss to account for the cavalier treatment I had received in the morning.

Here, lest you complain of the length of my letters, I will leave off.

G. A. B.

# LETTER XI.

Dec. 23, 17-

HIS Highness Prince Lobkowitz condescended to put up with a balcony for himself and friends; and I hastened home, at once to make known to my mother my good fortune, and to retaliate upon my inimical relation. To add to my satisfaction, when I got home, I found a note from her Grace, desiring I would wait upon her the next morning. This being such

Tuch an evident proof of my veracity, which it had given me inexpressible uneafiness to have doubted, I experienced proportionable pleasure from it.

I was, notwithstanding, so apprehensive of meeting with a fecond mortification, that I determined to walk to Queensberry-House; to prevent any person's being witness to it, should it happen. I accordingly fet out on foot, and was not totally free from perturbation when I knocked at the gate. I was, however, immediately ushered to her Grace's apartment, where my reception was as fingular as my treatment had been the day before; her Grace thus accossed me: "Well, young woman!-What business had you " in a chair yesterday?-It was a fine morning, and " might have walked. You look as you ought to do " now-(observing my linen gown).-Nothing is fo "vulgar as wearing filk in a morning.—Simplicity "best becomes youth. And you do not stand in " need of ornaments.-Therefore dress always plain, " except when you are upon the stage."

Whilst her Grace was talking in this manner to me, she was cleaning a picture; which I officiously requested her permission to do, she hastily replied, "Don't you think I have domestics enough if I did "not choose to do it myself?"—I apoligized for my presumption, by informing her Grace that I had been for some time at Jones's, where I had been slattered

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that I had acquired a tolerable proficiency in that art. The Dutchess upon this exclaimed, "Are you the "girl I have heard Chestersield speak of?" Upon my answering that I had the honour of being known to his Lordship, she ordered a canvas bag to be taken out of her cabinet, saying, "No person can give "Queensberry less than gold. There are two hun-"dred and sifty guineas, and twenty for the Duke's "tickets and mine, but I must give you something for "Tyrawley's sake." She then took a bill from her pocket-book, which having put into my hands, she told me her coach was ordered to carry me home, lest any accident should happen to me, now I had such a charge about me.

Though the confusion of her Grace's whim, as it might justly be termed, was more pleasing than the beginning of it, and her muniscence much greater than that of the Countess of Cardigan, yet I must acknowledge I was much better pleased with the reception I met with from her ladyship, who honoured me with her protection whilst I continued on the stage.

There is a manner of conferring obligations which rander them doubly valuable. The most beneficent actions lose their worth when accompanied with a disgusting sense of superiority; whilst the smile of courtesy makes even trivial favours acceptable.

VOL. 1. E My

My benefit surpassed my most fanguine expectations. And as I had by this time many who professed themselves my admirers, they had, upon this occasion, an opportunity of shewing their generosity without offending my delicacy.

Among those who paid me the greatest degree of attention was Lord Byron, a nobleman who had little to boast of but a title, and an agreeable face; and Mr. Montgomery, since Sir George Metham, As I would not listen to any proposals but marriage and a coach, Mr. Montgomery honestly told me, early in his devoirs, that he could not comply with the first, as his only dependence was on his father, whose consent he could not hope to procure; and as for the latter, he could not afford it. Having come to this eclair issent, he immediately retired into Yorkshire. The generous conduct of this gentleman (whose passion I was well convinced was sincere) in not attempting to deceive me, made an impression upon my mind greatly in his favour.

As my next epiftle is to contain strange and surprising adventures, and these not the produce of the writer's imagination, but as true as wonderful, I will beg your permission to break off here; and lest you accuse me of a want of variation in the conclusion of my letters, I shall end this in the good oldfashioned a.

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faskioned way: So no more at present, from, Madam, your humble servant, to command,

G. A. B.

#### LETTER XII

Jan. 1, 17-

A GLEAM of cheerfulness coming over me just as I was finishing my last letter, I concluded it in rather too humorous a manner. I now return my history, and that gloom which the recollection of my misfortunes naturally brings with it.

Lord Byron still pursued me; and as his vanity was hurt at my rejecting him, he formed a resolution to be revenged of me for my insensibility. His lord-ship was very intimate with a person who was a disgrace to nobility; and whose name I shall conceal through tenderness to his family. This nobleman was Lord Byron's considential friend; a word as often misused as that of love, by such as are unacquainted with those delicate seelings which are essentially necessary to constitute either real friendship or love. To this friend Lord Byron committed the execution of his revenge. The Earl of ——, which was the title of this infamous pander, had believed himself to be in love with a young lady, between whom

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and myfelf there was the strictest intimacy. And he imagined it would promate his designs upon her, could he first accomplish my fall from the paths of prudence and virtue.

For this purpose his lordship frequently called at Mrs. Fackson's, though much against my mother's inclinations. But as he had been constantly a dangler behind the scenes during her engagement at the theatre, and had occasionally given her franks, she admitted his vifits. It was, however, with fuch vifible referve, as must have convinced him they were far from agreeable. But the confidence of nobility making him affured, his lordship persisted in calling, in defiance of her coolness. My mother had strictly enjoyned me to break off my intimacy with the young lady who was the object of the Earl's pursuit, on account of her levity; and because, though by birth a gentlewoman, she had degraded herself, by becoming the companion of a lady of quality who had frequently cloped from her lord.

My mother at this period was become a confirmed devotee. Religion engroffed so much of her time, that in the evening she was feldom visible. Upon this account, and from Mrs. Jackson's accompanying me so frequently to Mr. Quin's suppers, that lady conferred a great part of the friendly regard she had once borne my mother, to me. But alas! I

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was not to profit long by this revolution. My happiness was to be as transient as the sun-shine of an April day. This part of my mother's fortune, at least, I inherited; and, like her, was constantly experiencing the vicissitudes of life. The following anecdote will, however, shew that my misfortunes were not always the consequence of my own imprudent conduct, but sometimes of such deep-laid plans of villainy and deception, as it was impossible for an unexperiencedgirl, at my time of life, to guard against.

My aftonishment for some time deprived me of the power of utterence; but when I was a little recovered, I gave free vent to my reproaches. These his lordship bore with a truly philosophic indifference, calmly telling me that no harm was intended me; and that I had better consent to make his friend Lord Ryron happy, and be happy myself, than oppose my

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good fortune. To this he added that his friend was shortly to be married to Miss Shaw, a young lady possessed of a very large fortune, which would enable him to provide handsomely for me. I was so struck with the insolence of this proposal, that I remained for some time quite silent.

At length the coach flopt in a lonely place at the top of North Audley-Street, fronting the fields. At that time Oxford-Street did not extend fo far as it does at present. Here the Earl got out, and took me into his house. He then went away, as he said, to prepare a lodging for me, which he had already seen at a Mantua-Maker's in Broad-Street, Carnaby-Market, and to which he would come back and take me. He assured me the mistress of the house was a woman of character; and added, with the most dreadful imprecations, that no violence was intended.

His lordship now left me. And as the fear of great evils banishes every leffer consideration, I determined to wait the result, with all the patience I was possessed of. The dread of being left alone in that solitary place, was nothing when compared with my apprehensions from the machinations of two noblemen so determined and so powerful. Terror, however, so totally overwhelmed my mind, that I remained in a state of stupesaction.

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It was not long before his lordship returned; and with him came the person I least expected to seemy own brother. Good heavens! what comfort, at so critical a juncture, did the sight of him afford me! I instantly slew into his arms; but was repulsed by him in so violent a manner, that I fell to the ground. The shock of this unexpected repulse, just as I hoped to have sound a protector in him, was more than my spirits were able to bear. It deprived me of my senses. On my return to sensibility, the only object that presented itself to my view was an old semale servant, who told me she had orders to convey me to the lodging which had been prepared for me.

The first thing I did was to make inquiry concerning my brother's coming so unexpectedly. I was informed by the old woman, that he had bestowed manual chastisement upon my ravisher. But as he seemed to suppose that I had consented to the elopement, he had declared he would never see me more, but leave me to my fate. The woman added, that he had threatened the Earl and his affociate with a prosecution, which had so intimidated her master, that he had given her orders to remove me out of his house as soon as possible; as my being sound there might make against him.

When we arrived in Broad-Street, I discovered, to my great satisfaction, that the mistress of the house,

whose name was Mirvan, worked for me as a Mantua-Maker, though I was till now unacquainted with her place of residence. I told her my story simply as it happened; and my appearence, as well as my eyes, which were much swelled with crying, was an undeniable testamony of the truth of my affertions.

Ifterwards learned the following circumstances relative to my brother, about whom I was more anxious than for myself, as I had a great affection for him. We had long expected him to return from sea, he having been abroad for some years; and by one of those extraordinary freaks of fortune which are not to be accounted for, he got to the top of Southampton-Street just as the coach was driving off with me. I should have termed his coming providential, had he not suffered his suspicions to get the better of his affection, and this counteracted the apparrent designs of Providence in affording me relief.

He had reached Southampton-Street, as I have just faid, nearly about the time I was forced into the coach; and ran to rescue the person thus treated, little imagining it was his own sister; but the surious driving of the coachman rendered his designs abortive. Upon this he proceeded to Mrs. Jackson's house, and had scarcely inquired for me, than that Lady cried out, "Oh sly, Sir, to her relief; Lord has this moment run away with her." My brother hearing this, concluded I must have been

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the person he had just seen carried off. But knowing, it would be impossible to overtake the coach, he thought it more prudent to go directly to the Earl's house. Not finding him at home, he walked about within sight of the door, till his lordship returned, when he accossed him in the manner before related. From the Earl of ——'s, my brother went to Marlborough-Street to Lord Byron's; and accusing him of being concerned with the Earl in seducing his softer, his lordship denied having any knowledge of the affair, which he solemnly afferted upon his honour; declaring at the same time, as indeed he could do with a greater degree of truth, that he had not seen me that evening:

My brother placing an implicit confidence in the affertions of Lord Byron, grew enraged against me; and without making any inquiries, whether I was really culpable upon this occasion or not, concluded me to be depraved enough to enter into an illicit connection with an old unprincipled married man. Giving me over therefore as a lost abandoned girl, he immediately set out for Portsmouth, and lest me unprotected. This I may justly consider as the most unfortunate event I had hitherto experienced; for being deprived of his protection at a time when it was so extremely requisite to my re-establishment in life, I was lest open to the attacks of every insolent preten-

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der, whose audacity, his very character, as he was distinguished for his bravery, would have repressed.

Being unwilling to break the thread of so interesting a part of my history, I have made this a very long letter, but as a breathing place here presents itself, I will, with your permission, avail myself of it, and conclude.

G. A. B.

## LETTER XIII.

Jan. 18, 17-

I SOON found that my elopement had been most grossly misrepresented in the news-papers. Every thing that ill-nature could suggest was lavishly bestowed upon me, notwithstanding I was innocent of the least depravity of the kind imputed to me, even in thought. I wrote to my mother to endeavour to retrieve her favour, which I had so unmeritedly lost; but she returned my letters unopened. I had no apparel but what I had on, and the relation I have mentioned prevented any from being sent me. The vexation and fright which my disappearence had occasioned to Mrs. Jackson, affected that lady so much, that she was confined to her bed; else I might have expected her kind interference in my behalf.

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Mrs. Mirvan, the person where I lodged, very obligingly procured me necessaries, and did every thing in her power to comfort me. But her endeavours were ineffectual. I could not sorbear viewing with horror my wretched situation, every hope being now extinguished, as my mother's misguided tenderness had exposed me, in the course of two days, to the censure of the whole town.

What was now to be done! I had no friend, no person to look up to for protection. Though every circumstance tended to exculpate me; and though Mrs. Mirvan could vouch for me, that I had not received a visit from a single person since I had been in her house; any declarations of my innocence would be now needless; for to whom could I now make them? My mother was inexorable to every application; Mrs. Jackson was not within the reach of application, my inveterate kinswoman, like another Cerberus, guarding every avenue; my brother had lest town; and I was too much depressed by the public scandal to attempt a reinstatement in the theatrical line

The anguish of mind I felt from all these considerations so greatly affected my frame, that a slow sever was the consequence, which nearly brought me to the grave.

CLEONE.

<sup>&</sup>quot; The sting of slander strikes her venom deep."

And never did poor creature suffer more shame and distress of mind from a real crime, than I did from a supposed one.

The fever at length yielding to my youth and the goodness of my conflitution, I was ordered into the country by my physician, for the re-establishment of my strength. As I needed some pecuniary affishance to do this, having no money with me, Mrs. Mirvan kindly offered to supply my wants, and I was necesfitated to accept of her offer. After considering for fome time of a proper place to refort to on this occasion, I fixed on paying a visit to a female relation of my mother's, who lived at Braintree in Effex. The family of this relation being Quakers, there was little probability of their having heard of my difgrace. A few months before, a fifter of Mrs. Clarke's, which was my cousin's name, had bequeathed me three hundred pounds, on condition that I never went on the stage; but my engagement at Covent-Garden having difanulled her legacy, it had never been claimed.

As foon as I was enabled by my kind hostes, to make proper preparation for my journey, I set out in the stage coach; taking care to observe the lesson with regard to my dress, which her Grace of Queensberry had given me; that is, I had adopted Horace's maxim of simplex mundities. This attention to the

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fimplicity and neatness of my apparel answered a purpose I had not foreseen or designed; it so far deceived. Mrs. Clarke, that she concluded I was one of her own fect, which procured me the more cordial reception. The whole family were fo prejudiced in my favour by this unintended deception, that the best of every thing Clarke-Hall afforded was bestowed upon me with the greatest cheerfulness. I had not, indeed, dreffed myfelf with the studied formality of a rigid Quaker, but only fo plain an neat as to entitle me to the denomination of a wet Quaker; a distinction that arises chiefly from the latter's wearing ribbands, gauzes, and laces. I admire many of the principles of this apparently honest, fincere, and cleanly people; but have not many instances fallen within your obfervation, Madam, where a broad brimmed hat and fad coloured coat, or a green apron and plain linen, have covered a prouder heart than all the gay pomp of a birth-day fuit? I think I have been able to make fuch a remark more than once.

My pallid countenance presenting a sure indication of my having been ill, and of the necessity there was for my coming into the country; this, added to the natural want of curiosity in my cousins, prevented me from being obliged to frame excuses for my visit. They luckily supposed I came to claim my legacy, and received me with great good-will. The day after after my arrival, they paid me the interest due on it, which enabled me to remit the friendly Mrs Mirvan a part of what I stood indebted to her; and in a few days, without inquiring whether I had not forseited it, they paid me the whole sum. I acknowledge that I made no scruple of receiving what they did not stand in need of, as they were in very opulent circumstances, and had no children.

After the perturbations I had lately experienced, this fweet place appeared a paradife to me. Peace, plenty, content, and innocence, accompanied by cheerfulness, their fure attendant, seemed to have taken up their abode here, prefurring this humble situation to the losty domes and splendid cares of higher ranks. And here for some time I enjoyed perfect tranquility.

Thus tranquil and happy, I will put an end to my letter, before any rude reverse breaks in to interrupt my felicity.

G. A. B.

## LETTER XIV.

Jan. 27, 17-

IN a few weeks I was so perfectly recovered that not the least vestige remained of my illness. The apothecary, who had attended me, was of the same persuasion as my cousins; and being deceived, as they

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they had been, by the Quakerishness of my dress, (excuse the new coined word) seemed to shew a partiality in my favour, which my relations did not discourage. At the annual fair, which in those country places is the season of festivity and enjoyment, my formal suitor gave my relations and myself an invitation to his house; which he had decorated with slowers, and stored with every good thing that was to be purchased, to shew his regard for me. But that blind lady, dame Fortune, who dispences both her favours and her frowns, sometimes in a strange manner, was determined I should not enjoy my present tranquility long. In an ill-natured sit, she brought about an event, which deprived me at once of my cousin's favour, and my admirer's attachment.

The well-known Zachary Moore, as distinguished for his misfortunes as his dissipation, happened accidentally tobe, at this period, in the neighbourhood of the place to which we had been invited; and unluckily for me, to be introduced by a friend to the apothecary, to share in the feast of which we partook. This gentleman had once been possessed of an income of twenty-five thousand pounds per annum. But not being endowed with a proportional share of prudence, he found himself at length reduced, through his own extravagance, and the chicanery of his steward, to the most humiliating necessity. And what

what is very extraordinary, the wretch who had thus juggled him out of a princely fortune; had the audacity to propose to him to take his daughter to wise; on which condition he would agree to return him back the whole of the estate he had deprived him of. Mr. Moore, nobly, in my opinion, rejected the differaceful offer. The generality of his acquaintance, however, notwithstanding they could not but admire his magnanimity upon the occasion, blamed an imprudance, in consequence of which he was necessitated, at forty years of age, to accept of an ensigncy in a regiment that was ordered to Gibraltar.

How embittered must be the reslections of a person capable of such imprudence and inattention! The loss of an estate of such immense value could not have been completed without numberless instances of both. And though the chicanery of his steward may be considered as some palliation of Mr. Moore's want of attention; indolence in the extreme must have marked the progress of it. A proper attention to the prudential concerns of life, without meanness and avarice on the one hand, or indolence and profuseness on the other, is a duty which every person of property owes to himself, to his connections, and to the community at large.

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For your amusement, I shall here add an Epitaph (if I may fo call it) that was written on him during his life-time.

#### 7. M.

A living monument Of the friendship and generosity of the great. After an intimacy of thirty years, With most of The great personages of these kingdoms, Who did him the honour to affist him. In the laborious work Of getting to the far end of a great fortune; These his noble friends, From gratitude For the many happy days and nights Enjoyed by his means, Exalted him, through their influence, In the forty-feventh year of his age, To an enfigncy

Which he actually enjoys at prefent In Gibraltar.

1756.

But to return from this digression.-Nothing happened to interrupt the harmony of the company. or that could give me uneafiness, till the afternoon; when upon Mr. Moore's acquaintance whispering to him, that I was a wet Quaker, for whom his friend the apothecary had an inclination, that gentleman, without intending me any injury, gave way to his volatile disposition, and thus exclaimed loud enough to be heard by the whole company. " A wet Quaker,

" indeed! it is Miss Bellamy the celebrated actress, "who met with so much applause the last winter at "Covent-Garden Theatre!" The confusion visible in my countenance, as soon as he had made this discovery, convinced him that he had committed some error; but, like Marplot, he could not find out what it was.

As Mrs. Clarke took no notice, at the time, of the conversation that had just passed, I was in hopes she had not attended to what Mr. Moore had faid. She, however, foon after ordered the carriage, and left her husband, who loved his bottle, to enjoy the conviviality of the gay Londoner. After we were gone, Mr. Clarke inquired more particularly concerning me; and learnt from Mr. Moore every thing relative to the unfortunate event which had lately befallen me. And up on that gentleman's adding that he believed all the world now concluded me innocent,. my relation, who, though a Quaker, did not want pride, and whose courage was now roused by the juice. of the grape, though, as a branch of his wife's family, I was entitled to this protection. He accordingly returned home, fully determined to interpole in the affair, and avenge the ill treatment I had received.

A lady of my cousin's acquaintance being in the chaife with us, her presence prevented any disagreeable altercation during our return. I own I was not without

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without my apprehensions of having some displeasing interrogatories put to me by Mrs. Clarke; but as she always appeared to be of a dove-like disposition, I had no idea that she possessed the qualifications of a Xantippe, in the degree I afterwards found she did. I had been told that she was naturally of a jealous temper; but as she and Mr. Clarke were both arrived at an age, when the heighday of the blood is supposed to be over, I doubted not but that passion had long since been eradicated from her bosom.

As she slepped out of the chaise, she hurt her foot; observing this, I offered her my hand to affift her in getting into the parlour, But upon my prefenting it to her, the rejected it with the dignity of a Tragedy Queen; uttering at the same time, with a haughty accent, the word "Avaunt!" Suppofing the latter might be intended for the dog who ran to welcome his Mistress home, I took no notice of it. But I was foon undeceived in this conjecture. For we had no fooner got into the house, than looking fleadfastly in my face, she addressed me in a manner, and in a language that I had not been accustomed to. " Avaunt!" faid she, " thou art a child of iniquity-"Thou hall fold thyfelf to the impure one-Thou-"art an impostress."—Here I stopped her short. Duplicity was a charge which I could not hear urged against me, without endeavouring to exonerate myfelf

myfelf from the imputation. I therefore asked her in what I had imposed upon her; and challenged her to prove that in any of the conversations I had held with her, I had been guilty of a salsehood. As my cousin really regarded me next to her husband, she now appeared forry for what she had uttered, and was about to make an apology; but unfortunately, at that criss, Mr. Clarke came in.

He had no looner informed her of the whole of what he had heard relative to me, and make known to her the resolution he had formed in consequence of it, than her rage in an instant rekindled; and instead of the dove, she once more resembled a Medusa. " Avaunt!" " fhe again cried," " avaunt! Perdition " will follow thee. Thou comest with all thy frauds " to feduce my best beloved. Satan hath got hold of "thee, as well as thy parent. Therefore I pray thee, " leave my mansion." Here her beloved interposed, declaring, "That nothing fliould prevent his going " to the great city, to make the bad man do me "juffice, by taking me for his fpoufe."-" Didst "thou not tell me, John," interrupted Mrs. Clarke, " didst thou not tell me, that the wicked man had an " helpmate?"—This was a part of the flory that my cousin John, through his inebriety, had forgotten. The observation, therefore, made by his wife, at: once put a stop to his intended Quixotism.

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Finding here, from the filence which enfued, an opportunity to speak, I told my cousin that after what had just passed, I could not think of spending another day under he roof. Not that I was offended at her accusing me of an intention to seduce the conjugal fidelity of her beloved spouse, the infinuation being to laughable to give me a moment's uneafiness; but upon account of her reflection on my dear mother, whose name I would not hear mentioned with difrespect. That, conscious of my own innocence, I readily forgave her for every crime she had accused me of, except that of deception, which made too deep an impression on my heart to be forgiven. Then affuming a very folemn air, in order, if possible, to make her repent of her illiberality, I thus went on: " Madam, I would have you to know, that I have a " foul above all art."

The moment I had uttered these words, Mrs. Clarke, with a transition both of countenance and voice, that would have done honour to the most comic actress, thus put a stop to my vindication. "Anne! Anne!" said she, with the utmost placidity, "perhaps thou "dost hold the faith of the Turks; who believe that "woman have no souls!" The archness of her look, and her inexpressible manner, whilst she repeated this, made me drop the consequential air I had assumed, and put an end to my anger. And I could not restrain

refrain from bursting out into an immoderate fit of laughter. Thus terminated our conversation, and we now parted, to retire to rest. At our separation, Mrs. Clarke shook my hand three times, and took her leave for the night, with wishing me every good thing; the salutation usually made use of by Quakers to their very best friends. But notwithstanding this proof of returning regard in the bosom of my lately exasperated cousin, I determined never to risk such another humiliating scene.

What a quantity I have written! my aching head and fingers have long fince hinted to me, that it was time to finish this letter; but I was unwilling to do so, till I had ended the account of my sojourning with my Quaker relations. Having now done this, I shall conclude, with wishing thee, agreeable to my cousin's expressive and charitable benediction, plenty of good things.

G. A. B.

#### LFTTER XV.

Feb. 8, 17-

I AROSE early in the next morning, with an intention of going to Ingatestone, at which place lived a young lady, who, during a visit at my cousin's, had favoured

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ad red favoured me with a preffing invitation to spend some time with her. Both my relations made use of their utmost persuasions to prevail upon me to flay with them longer; but when they found me resolute. they permitted me to go. Mrs. Clarke, however, infifted upon my accepting fome prefents. Among these was "Barclay's Apology," which some years after proved of the most essential service to me. I left Clarke-Hall about nine o'clock in my coufin's chaife, and upon my arrival at Ingatestone, found, to my great disappointment, that Miss White, which was the young lady's name, and all her family, were gone to London, to be present at the yearly meeting of their fect. Upon this I ordered the fervant to drive to the best inn; after which I discharged him, and fent him home.

Whilst my dinner was getting ready, I sauntered to the end of the town; and being struck with the prospect that appeared before me, I ascended a hill at some distance, in order to have the more extensive view. It is not in the power of language to do justice to the picture which here presented itself, although but an inland country. At the bottom of the hill on which I stood, there was a farm-house, surrounded with fields, that spoke the industry, as well as opulence of the owner; for I have observed

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that finall farms, occupied by indigent people, are feldom kept in that order and neatnefs which large ones are.

After gratifying my fight with this rural scene for fome time, I thought it proper to return. Before I had got far, I observed something gliding towards me, which appeared to be shining; and what should it be but a ferpent, which my fear magnified to an enormous fize. I ran to avoid it, and in my fright leaped over a stile; which I had no sooner done, than a boy, who flood near it, defired I would not proceed, as there was a very vicious bull in the adjacent pasture. Thus situated between Scylla and Charybdis, I knew not which to run the risk of, the beast or the reptile. But the boy affuring me the ferpent should not hurt me, as he had a good stick, and would defend me from it. I chose the lesser evil of the two, and was efcorted by my ruftic champion over the next field. My knight, however, had not fo much of the true spirit of chivalry in him, as to refuse a gratification for his fervices; and he returned as well pleafed with a fix-pence I bestowed upon him, as ever knight-errant did with a scarf received from the hands of his fair mistress at a tournament, or the thanks of a diffressed damfal whom he had released form the hands of her ravisher.

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As I walked the remainder of the way towards the town, the thought being probably inspired by the fight of the serpent, I could not help imagining my situation similar to that of our first parent Eve, on her expulsion from Paradise; wandering forlorn without friends, or even a place of abode, and Providence alone my guide. Nay, worse did I sancy my lot to be; as our great mother had a companion to cheer the tedious way, and partake of her suture fortune; one who loved her so well, as voluntarily to forseit his blissful state, to accompany her in her exile, and combat unknown evils. Whilst my side was left all ungarded.

My mind was fo totally occupied with these gloomy thoughts, that I should have prolonged my walk till the declining sun had warned me to return, had I not been apprehensive of meeting more vicious bulls and venemous serpents. Urged, therefore, rather by sear than appetite, I re-entered the gate of the inn; and my landlady appearing to be a decent woman, and very communicative, as I wished to seck out an eligant residence in the town or neighbourhood, I requested the pleasure of her company to dine with me.

During our dinner she informed me that Lord Petre had a noble house and estate adjoining to that town; adding that his lordship's family was one of VOL. I. F

the worthiest in the world, although they were Roman-Catholics. I could not help finiling at this refervation: which she observing, begged my pardon; saying, "I fear, Madam, you are one." I replied, "I am indeed, an unworthy one." As I spoke, the starting tear gliffened in my eye, at the recollection of my remissness in the duties of the religion I professed. I, however, smothered the upbraidings of my mind, and inquired who lived at the farm-house which was fo pleasantly situated at some distance from the town. She informed me that it belonged to a rich farmer, but they were Papishes. I then defired she would instruct me the distinction between Roman-Catholics and Papishes, as she termed them. "Lord, Miss," faid she " fure you know the difference between a Hind and a Lord?" At any other time, the woman's curious explanation would have afforded me fome diversion; but at present my mind was too much engroffed by the wish to obtain admission into the farm I had feen, to take that notice of her supposed wit she expected me to do.

I then informed her, that as I had come to Ingatefrone upon a visit to Mrs. White, and should be very much disappointed to return without having seen her, I should be greatly obliged to her, if she could prevail on the farmer to board and lodge me till that young lady came back from London. "That's impossible," man-

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possible," returned my hostels, for I find you are a "Quaker instead of a Catholic." I assured her again that I was of that persuasion, and would soon convince the farmer's family that I was so. A messenger was now dispatched to make inquiry whether my proposal would be agreeable; with whom Mrs. Williams, the farmer's wife, returned; and the good woman being as much pleased with me as I was with her, we soon came to an agreement.

In the evening I went to my new place of abode; where the first person I saw was my little champion, who ran to falute me. I was then introduced to all the family, which confifted of the farmer, his wife, two fons, one of whom was a widower with two children, the other a batchelor, and feveral domeftics. This was the state of the family I was now become a member of; a family of industry and true happiness. At night I was shown into a neat bedchamber, which had been fitted up by the late Mrs-Williams, the widower's wife, in a superior style to any other part of the house, for her own use, and which I found flored with books, I should not have expected to meet with in fuch a residence. This circumstance gave me infinite pleasure, as my passion for reading was rather increased than relaxed, by my being debarred that enjoyment at Clarke-Hall. Morning and evening, Mr. Williams read prayers to the F 2 whole

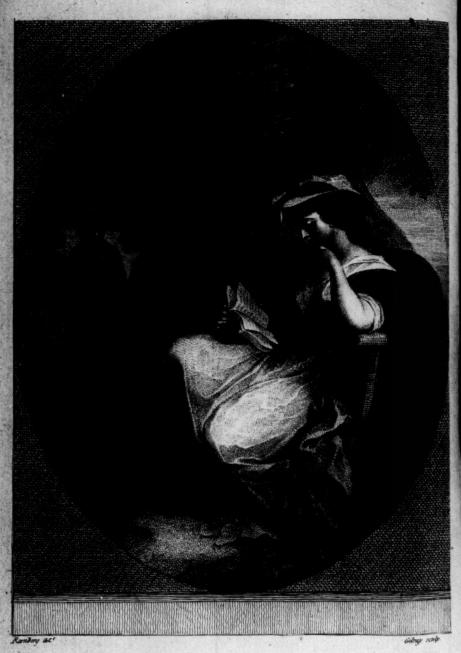
whole family, not a cow-boy being excused from attending. At our meals a cheerfulness sat on every countenance, except that of the widower, who seemed to retain a decent forrow for his late lost partner. Mrs. Williams appeared to pay greater attention to this son than the other; not, as she said, from her having more affection for him, but because his situation had a claim which the other, who was unthinkingly happy, had not. My kind host gained admittance for me on Sundays and holidays, into Lord Petre's chapel. And in my present peaceful residence, partly owing to this circumstance, I felt a tranquility which I had never enjoyed since my return form my ever regretted convent.

From many instances in my letters, particularly from the whole of this, you see that I have attended to your injunctions of relating the minutest circumstances of my life. The minutiæ, you say, lead to the elucidation of greater events. I have, therefore, though they may be considered as frivolous by the public, when they are laid before them, and sometimes may prove tedious to you, obeyed your commands, at the expence, perhaps, of my literary same. Having made this observation, I will bid you, for the present, adien!

G. A. B.



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BELLAMY'S APOLOGY, Vol.I.

Contemplation at Brentwood Law 10

Brinted for J Bell, British Library Strand London Feb 722. 1786.

## of the beloved to as happingal on my memory, where Francisco Lie Tork a wave stouchling I

the of the second secon DURING my flay at this retired abode, I often wrote to my mother, but never could obtain an anfwer. I was the more furprifed at this, as Mr. Moore had informed my coufin Clarke, that it was generally believed that I was innocent of any acquiefcence in my elopement. After having refided in this tranquil place for fome weeks, I one evening took a walk to the field where the ferpent had alarmed me, in order to enjoy lonce more the prospect that had then fo delighted me. Upon this emicne there was a large tree, under the spreading boughs of which feats were placed for the accommodation of those who came to enjoy the view; and on one of these I placed myself. Having tired the eye, and satisfied the curiofity, I had recourse to a book which I had brought with me, to prolong my indulgence on this fweet spot. The Book which I had put into my pocket, happened to be "Mrs. Rowe's Letters from "the Dead to the Living;" in which I read, till the subject had thrown a gloom over my mind Larose to return home; when prefently I thought I faw my mother's apparition making towards me. Her figure was fo remarkable, and fo strongly was the impression

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of her beloved form imprinted on my memory, that I could not be deceived. I immediately conjectured that her filence had been occasioned by her death; and, heated as my imagination was, by the fubject I had just been reading, concluded she was come to upbraid me with being the occasion of it. The supposition that I had been the fatal, though innocent, cause of her dissolution, so overwhelmed my spirits, that I fell fenfeless on the flowery carpet of nature. But what transports did I feel, to find myself, on my recovery, really clasped in her arms! It was she herfelf. "Happy, happy hour!" I cried, enraptured, " do I once more receive the endearments of a " parent!" The voice of forgiveness could not have been more acceptable to me, had I really been culpable.

As foon as my perturbations at this unexpected happiness were a little subsided, I enquired of my mother, what had occasioned the alteration in her sentiments that I now experienced. She informed me that her relation, who had proved such an inveterate enemy to me, was lately dead; and that after her decease, they discovered that she had secreted every one of my letters, the whole being sound among her papers. My mother acknowledged that my silence had greatly exasperated Mrs. Jackson and herself against me, but still she could not help severely reproaching

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proaching herfelf at times, for discarding a young creature like me, without having been well affured of my guilt. Had she but reflected a moment, she faid, upon the circumstances attending my elopement, the must have been convinced of my innocence; for if I had been accessary to it, I should have taken my little wardrobe and other necessaries with me, as well as the profits arising from my benefits; which I had infifted on her keeping in her poffession. Every circumstance now, she confessed, appeared in a different light, and pleaded as much in my behalf, as they had before, when viewed through a falle medium, feemed to condemn me. "Being thus," continued my mother, " from the discovery of my relation's. " treacherous conduct, and the testimony of concur-" rent circumstances, perfectly convinced of your in-" nocence, and having likewife now obtained your " address, I hastened on the wings of maternal affec-" tion, to atone for my unkind and inconfiderate be-" haviour. Finding you from home on my arrival " at the farm, and Mrs. Williams pointing out the " way you had taken, my impatience would not fuf-" fer me to wait your return."

After thanking my mother again and again, for this renewal of her tenderness, and having given her a just and true account of every thing which had befallen me since last I saw her, I could not help blam-

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ing her for suspecting me, even for a moment, of deceit. Sincerity I told her I valued myself upon. She had been an inmate of my bosom from the first hour that knowledge had darted her beams on my infant mind. That she had blessed me through life with her loved society; and notwithstanding her friendship had often cost me dear, yet I trusted she would attend me to the grave.

Having thus eased our labouring hearts of the burthen which had sat heavy on both for so long a time, we walked towards the farm. As we went along, I thanked, in many a silent ejaculation, that Being who had brought about this pleasing revolution in my affairs; and that by such unexpected means. "The ways of Heaven indeed," said I, in a mental exclamation, "are dark and intricate. Puz-"zled with mazes, and perplexed with errors, our understanding traces them in vain; nor sees with how much art the windings run, nor where the regular consusion ends."

It was with concern I heard from my mother that my good friend Mrs. Jackson, who had been for some time a widow, had married again, very indiscreetly, to an Irish gentleman of the law, by name Kelly; and that she was preparing to accompany him to Ireland. As my attachment to that lady was founded both on affection and gratitude, the intelligence I had just received



happiness. But as my mother's tenderness was now as excessive as her resentment had been vehement; this, joined to the natural vivacity of my disposition, soon restored my spirits to their usual hilarity.

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My mother having brought me apparel fuited to the feafon, vanity, which, notwithstanding all my mortifications, was still alive in my heart, impelled me to appear, the following Sunday, in a gayer drefs than I had done fince I had been here. It is true I had never loft fight of that plain neatness which I had adopted upon coming into the country; but the addition of some very fine laces given me by Mrs. Jackson, and the being accoutred, upon the whole, more fashionably, excited enquiries which till now had never existed. Whilst I was the neat, simple, filent, inoffensive girl, I passed uncensured; and the good people with whom I refided shewed me every respect, and doated upon me. But when, encouraged by the stranger who had come from London, I appeared the gay, fprightly, well-dreffed fine lady, they viewed me with pity mixed with contempt. From the behaviour of these rustics, may probably be acquired a furer criterion of the garb and demeanour that betokens simplicity of manners, and innocence of heart, than from all the scientific rules of philosoply, or the moral precepts of divines.

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Had I duly profited by this incident, which I ought to have cousidered as a well-meant reproof, I should have been content with an humble line of life. But the happiness attendant on simplicity and innocence, was not to be my lot. Pride prompted me to believe, that it was my indispensible duty to support my parent in a genteeler style than her pension would admit of; and no other method presented itself for doing this, than returning to my theatrical profession. This consequently I concluded on.

I had no fooner formed the resolution of treading the stage once more, than the calm retreat I had lately been so fond of, grew irksome to me.—Rural walks, moss-grown seats, spreading trees, books, and contemplation, lost their charms.—The prospects I had so often viewed with rapture and delight, were no longer pleasing to my eye.—The stillness of a country life palled upon my imagination.—The wholesome viands, the nut-brown ale, the fresh-gathered fruits, the hearty welcome, the cheerful gibe, and all the pleasures of a rustic table, were now distasseful to me.—I welcomed in idea, all the gay scenes into which I was about to enter, together with their inseparable concomitants, noise, riot, dissipation, folly, and pain.

G. A. B.

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## LETTER XVII.

Feb. 22, 17-

O the great fatisfaction of the farmer's honest family, who now viewed both my mother and me with fuspicious eyes, she in a few days set off for London, whither I was foon to follow her. Upon her getting to town, she was to procure me a lodging fomewhere in the environs, and then to wait on Mr. Rich, to know whether he chose to engage me again: As she was going towards Covent-Garden for this purpose, she accidentally met Mr. Sheridan; who having commenced manager of a theatre in Dublin, was come to England to raise recruits. That gentleman immediately enquired for me, expressing at the same time a defire to engage me. My mother replied, that she did not think it prudent to listen to any proposal, till she had first obtained the confent of Mr. Rich, to whom her daughter lay under the greatest obligations. Mr. Sheridan acquiescing in this, my mother promised to acquaint him with the result of her interview with Mr. Rich.

My mother had no fooner mentioned her accidental meeting with Mr. Sheridan, and his wish to engage me, than Mr. Rich gave her, without the least hesitation, at once a proof of his regard, and his disinterestedness. He advised her by all means to accept the proposal; as I should not only receive the instructions of so great a master, but have an opportunity of appearing in every principal character, an advantage I could not be indulged with on a London stage; the possession of parts at that time (except when permitted novices for a trial of their theatrical skill) being considered as much the property of performers, as their weekly salary.

Upon my arrival in town, a letter was delivered me at the inn from my mother, wherein she informed me that she had taken a lodging for me at Chelsea; to which I drove. I found Mr. Sheridan there, and my engagement with him was foon concluded. Having but a short time allowed me to make the necessary preparations, and being as much ashamed to appear before any person I knew, as if the scandal propagated that me had been well founded, I left London without taking leave of any one. My heart indeed upbraided me with want of politeness, and with the highest degree of ingratitude, in not paying my refpects, before I went, to Mr. Rich and to Mr. Quin, gentlemen to whom I lay under fuch great and numerous obligations; but I could not fo far overcome my bashful timidity, as to do it.

In my agreement with Mr. Sheridan, I only stipulated for one character, which I was apprehensive my youth youth might be an objection to, and which it is here necessary to mention, as it was afterwards productive of disagreeable consequences. It was the part of Constance in "King John." A character which (although it might be objected to my playing it, that I was not only incapacitated from my want of experience on the stage, but from my sigure, which would have been more properly adapted to the lady's son, Prince Arthur) I had set my heart upon.

Besides myself and my mother, who had conditioned to attend me, there were several other persons whom the Irish manager had engaged and agreed to frank, as well as us, to Dublin. We set off with that gentleman from his lodgings, and nothing worth relating happened till we arrived at Parkgate. When we got there, the wind being contrary, Mr. Sheridan took his leave of us, and committing the management of the troop to my mother, set off directly for Holyhead.

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y h I have often thought there was a great fimilarity between the little troop we mustered here, and the company of itinerant players described with such infinite humour by Scarron. It consisted of Mrs. Elmy; a young adventurer, named Lacy; an humble admirer of that lady, a Mr. Morgan, in the last stage of a consumption; my mother; myself; and (before he left us) the manager. After the latter had quitted

us, my mother and Mrs. Elmy, who was a humourist, and possessed of great good sense, but by her want of powers, was prevented from making a conspicuous figure upon the stage, were ever disputing about something or other. The contrast between the deportment and disposition of the two was equal to the extremes of light and shade. To an indifferent observer, the formality and reserve of my honoured parent, compared with the levity and assumed low humour of Mrs. Elmy (both assumed sometimes through contradiction) afforded a truly laughable scene.

Of this I must give you the following instance. During our journey, we had paffed through a place in Staffordshire, named Evisee-Bank, with the name of which Mrs. Elmy was fo enchanted, that to gratify her whim, the was immediately nominated Countels of Evife by your humble fervant. The creation of this new dignity was the means of frequently putting; my mother out of humour. For in all the inns we put up at, the newly-created countess had the best apartment, and more respect and attendance were shown her than the rest of the company. Upon obferving this conftantly repeated, my mother told me, that if I did not immediately undignify her ladyship, fhe would leave her companions, and purfue the journey with only my divinityship. I was therefore obliged, when we arrived at Parkgate, to take the lady's

lady's title from her, and reduce her once more to plain Mrs. Elmy.

Having waited several days at Parkgate; without a probability of sailing, and the place being rendered more disagreeable than it is, by the houses being crowded with passengers; Mrs. Elmy prevailed upon me to endeavour to persuade my mother to go to the head. I was to urge as a reason, that our stay at Parkgate would in all probability prove much more expensive than the journey. A wish to oblige Mrs. Elmy, together with curiosity to see this part of Wales, induced me to exert all my power over my mother upon the occasion. I at length, though not without great difficulty, succeeded; and we fent to hire horses and a guide, to set off the next morning.

Shall I conclude this letter here, before we fet off, Madam, or shall I entertain you first with the diverting history of our excursion over the Welsh mountains? As I have an hour to spare from any necessary avocation, as my head is tolerably clear, and as my singers are untied, I will proceed; for so methinks I hear you bid me.

Know then, that the next morning our little company set out on their intended journey for Holyhead, as I informed you it was agreed to do. As I never had been on horseback before, I was not sensible of the task I had undertaken. But the horses in this part of the world are so gentle, and so accustomed to the road, that there is little danger of any inconvenience arising, but that of satigue.

After travelling that day without any accident, the next morning, at breakfast, we were joined by a party of Irish gentlemen, with whom we had dined when we were at Chester, and who were pursuing the same route as ourselves. We were very happy in the encounter, as their party greatly enlivened ours. One of these gentlemen, whose name was Crump, and of whom I shall have occasion to make frequent mention in the course of my narrative, paid so much assiduous attention to my mother, that we all concluded she had made a conquest of him. It will be necessary to remark that my mother being perfectly recovered from that dejection which her anxiety for me had occasioned, and possessing still some remains of that beauty which had once captivated one of the most confpicuous characters in this kingdom, the fuppofition was not an improbable one. Her Hibernian admirer was about fifty years of age, hard favoured, but very lively, obliging, and intelligent. He was by profession a linen-merchant, and was upon his return from Chester fair, which he constantly attended twice a year.

We had exceeding fine weather till we came to Penmanmawr; when, just as we were ascending that stupenflupendous rock, the horizon became of a sudden overcast; the big clouds, clad in their deepest sable, rolled over us, and spouted forth such cataracts of rain, as seemed to forebode a second deluge; the moon, which was not as yet hid, just served to give us a view, by its glimmering light, of the dreadful abyse that lay below; the peals of thunder, which were almost without intermission, threatened to burst the heavens; whilst the forky slashes of lightning seemed to denounce our immediate dissolution, and reminded me of good old Lear's exclamation:

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In this awful and tremendous fituation, Mrs. Elmy fell from her horse; and as the road was at this time too narrow to admit two horses abreast, her fall impeded the progress of the whole company, except that of my mother, who with the guide led the van. Some of the gentlemen instantly dismounted, in order to place the disastrous heroin upon her palfrey; when, to their great surprise, as well as ours, she would not suffer herself to be moved from the ground, till she had repeated the following lines from Jane Shore:

<sup>&</sup>quot; Tremble thou wretch,

<sup>&</sup>quot; That hast within thee undivulged crimes

<sup>&</sup>quot; Unwhipt of justice."

<sup>&</sup>quot; Fall then, ye mountains, on my guilty head;

<sup>&</sup>quot;Hide me, ye rocks, within your facred caverns;

<sup>&</sup>quot; Cast your black veil upon my shame, O night;

<sup>&</sup>quot; And shield me with your fable wings for ever.

This piece of presumptuous humour failed of its defired effect; not one of the company feemed to be pleafed with it but herfelf. Indeed it was very illtimed. So much fo was it, that one of the gentlemen who had joined us, and who professed himself a Free-thinker, but was realy, as his own words evince, an Atheist, declared, with a great oath, that the lady was much to blame to fpout tragedy, when the spouts of heaven were let loose upon us. To which he added, that fuch an awful fcene as now presented itself, almost persuaded him there was a Deity. The horror Mrs. Elmy's ludicrous behaviour n fuch an alarming fituation had excited in my mind, was not lessened by this declaration of our fellowtraveller. They both, united, feemed more dreadful than the tempest in which we were involved; as I was apprehensive, that Divine vengeance would await us for being in fuch company.

When the lady condescended to rise, she found that she had cut her foot against a stone by the fall, and she camplained much of the pain it occasioned; for which reason she stopped at a cottage at the foot of the Mawr, to bathe it with brandy. Though drenched with rain, I would have continued with her, had not my mother insisted on my going on. Indeed this was not a time to stand on compliments. My mother was apprehensive, as I had only a susting

riding-habit on (the season of the year, and the general serenity of the weather, having prevented me from providing myself with a great coat) that I should get cold, by which my voice might have been affected. This consideration induced her to consent to Mr. Crump's solicitations of taking me behind him.

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As foon as I was feated, that gentleman put spurs to his horse, which was a hunter, and away we slew till we arrived at Bangor-Ferry. Here a figure presented itself, so exactly answering the description of Charon, that I imagined myself on the banks of the Styx. As the torrents which had fallen from the rocks, during the tempest, had swollen the river to an uncommon height, this had given the water a black tinge; and that being a quality, as we are told, of the river which leads to Tartarus and Elysium, it added to the imaginary deception.

Having crossed the ferry, Mr. Crump and myself arrived at Bangor some time before the rest of the company; where the mistress of the inn accommodated me with even a shift and stockings. In all the countries through which I ever travelled, I never met with such civil people as at the Welch inns. There is a cordiality in their manners, which must give a susceptible mind the greatest pleasure. Uncontaminated with the self-interested attention of those

those who belong to more frequented inns, where every civility must be purchased, they cheerfully supply you with every accommodation in their power, and are happy in obliging.

As foon as I was apparelled in my linfey-woolfy, which I affure you I found very comfortable, I joined my fellow-traveller, Mr. Crump, to return him thanks for the care and civility he had shewn me. He had prepared a good fire in the parlour against my return, which was evidently done to have an opportunity of getting me alone. His anxiety to do this must have been apparent to every one but myself. Had I observed it, I should have thought him guilty of an unpardonable presumption. For a man of his years, and without one personal attraction, to prefume to look up to my dimnityship, was a supposition that I could form no idea of. I could not, however, help remarking, that my companion, who had hitherto been very loquacious, was now altogether as filent. As I was much fatigued, and not very well able to keep up a conversation, I was not displeased at his taciturnity.

After prancing about the room for some time, he approached me, and with a deep-fetched sigh, which would have blown the boat, we had lately entered, over the river, without the assistance of the ferryman, took held of my hand. I perceived that he was much agitated, a circumstance, which, though it might

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might have been agreeable in a favoured lover, was very unbecoming in a person with whom I had been fo newly acquainted. At length he fummoned up refolution enough thus to address me: " My dear Miss Bellamy," said he, "answer me one question: "Were you ever in love?" My furprise at having fuch an interrogation put to me, and that in fo abrupt a manner, prevented me from making an immediate reply; but recollecting myfelf, I answered, "Oh! " yes, violently."-" Are you really attached?" faid he. "For ever," returned I. "It would perhaps " be deemed impertinent," continued the gentleman, " were I to prefume to ask with whom?" I told him I did not think it could be of any confequence to him; but if it was, I would gratify his curiofity, by informing him it was-with myfelf. That I was a female Narcissus, and should always continue so. He had just time to exclaim, "Then I am fatisfied," when our company appeared.

Such objects were they all as surpassed description. My mother had prudently provided herself with a good surtout; and the guide having some linen and other necessaries of hers safely stowed in a saque de nuit, which I had brought with me from France, she was soon equipt. But as for poor Mrs. Elmy, she came badly off; as I had already secured every unemployed article belonging to the good hostess's wardrobe. And what was more unfortunate for her than

this, was, that there was no bed for her in the whole house, but one which could only be termed a crib, and that was placed in a closet of the room where we were to repose our weary limbs; and it was with great reluctance, that my mother consented to her being stowed even in that confined space: The gentlemen were obliged to sit up. At sive o'clock, when the post-boy arrived, we were called, and pursued our journey.

We arrived at Holyhead, just in time to save our passage; for the packet sailed in less than half an hour after we got in. For my own part, I was so much satigued with the journey, that as soon as I got on board, I retired to my cabin, where Morpheus was so kind as to touch me with his leaden wand, which caused me to sleep, till I heard the cry of "The Hill of Howth!"

My arrival in another kingdom will furely claim a feparate letter; I shall therefore here put an end to this.

G. A. B.

## LETTER XVIII.

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March 1, 17-.

PON our arrival at Dublin, my mother and myfelf were very kindly received by an old intimate of hers, the lady of the well-known Doctor Walker. This gentleman, at that time, was effeemed fo eminent in his profession, that he was accumulating by his practice a capital fortune, notwithstanding he lived in a very genteel style. The Doctor was then writing a treatife against the Irish custom of burying their dead within a few hours after their decease. He endeavoured therein to dissuade the Hibernians from pursuing so hazardous a mode, as by interring bodies before any fymptoms of putrefaction appeared, it did not unfrequently happen, that those who might have recovered their vital powers were prevented from doing When my mother heard on what subject the Doctor was writing, she related to him the story of Mrs. Godfrey, which I recited in my first letter. As foon as the had concluded it, to shew the Doctor how confonant her opinion on this point was to his own, she promised him, that if she was in the same kingdom with him, when the King of terrors made his approach, she would carefully attend to the state of his corple, and take care that it should not be entombed whilst there was the least probability of its restora-

I infert all the circumstances of the foregoing conversation in so particular a manner, as an admonition to others, never to make a promise they do not intend to perform. Punctuality in the performance of a promise is as obligatory to an honest mind as the payment of a debt. Yet how many do we see profuse in the former, lightly making promises which they never pay the least attention to afterwards, who would censure in the severest manner the non-payment of a pecuniary obligation! Though I have been too often obliged, through inability, to defer the accomplishment of many engagements, the involuntary neglect has lain more heavily on my mind, than any necessities I may have experienced from the same cause.

We continued at Dr. Walker's house, till we could find one which suited us; and this we soon after did, contiguous to the theatre. Mrs. Walker would gladly have detained us, but my mother objected to it on many accounts; particularly because their House is always crouded with company.

As foon as I was recovered from the fatigue of my journey, I went to pay my respects to Mrs. O'Hara, Lord Tyrawley's sister, who had not seen me since I was an infant. To my great grief I found

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ther blind. She was much pleafed with my vifit, but the did not greatly approve of the profession I had chosen. However, as I went by the name of my mother's husband, to which alone I had a right, being born after their marriage, my engagement in the theatrical line could not bring public disgrace on her family. She, notwithstanding, proposed herself to introduce me to all her acquaintance as her niese; which she accordingly did, as the acknowledged daughter of Lord Tyrawley.

I received extreme pain from a piece of information Mrs. O'Hara gave me; which was relative to the death of my good friend, the protectress of my early years, Mrs. Pye, for whom she was then in second mourning. I never regretted any thing so much as being absent from this lady during her illness. I fondly thought, that the unremitted care and affectionate attention of one she loved as her own child, and who looked upon her as a parent, would have prolonged her desirable life; a life truly valuable to her husband, and all those who had the happiness to be of her acquaintance.

Mrs. O'Hara kindly enquired into the state of my finances, which gave me an opportunity of making her acquainted with the Dutchess of Queensbury's liberality to me, and likewise with the mortification I had received from her grace at the same time;

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with which she seemed much entertained. I even informed her of the event which had been the cause of so much unhappiness to me. It is an established maxim with me, never to rest satisfied with gaining the good opinion of any person by halves. In endeavouring to acquire a friend, it is necessary to let them into the whole of your situation; otherwise you conduct yourself with the same absurdity as if, while you consulted a physician, you concealed the symptoms or nature of your disorder from him. Where a disclosure of secrets becomes needful, an open implicit considence is required, otherwise the chance of success is greatly against you.

In the afternoon the honourable Mrs. Butler and her daughter were announced. Mrs. O'Hara introduced me as her niece, and added an eulogium which I by no means merited; and as this lady was a leading woman in the fashionable world, had great interest, and her house was frequented by most of the nobility, Mrs. O'Hara solicited her protection for me. Mrs. Butler was elegant in her figure, and had been very pretty, of which there were still some remains; but the decay of her beauty appeared to be more the result of indisposition than age. Her daughter was handsome, spirited, sensible, and good humoured. She was nearly of the same age with myself, and seemed, even at this first interview, to have contracted

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a partiality for me, which I reciprocally wished to cultivate. Before the ladies took their leave, they engaged my aunt and me to come the next day to Stephen's-Green to dine and spend the evening. I promised them with the greatest readiness to do myself the honour, and my dear aunt agreed to accompany me. As Mrs. O'Hara was an invalid, and as she knew she must trespass the next evening on her usual regularity, Mrs. Butler keeping late hours, I left her early to her repose.

When I returned home, I found our fellow-traveller, Mr. Crump, tete-a-tete with my mother. She informed me that Miss St. Ledger, one of the three ladies I had become acquainted with some years before at Mrs. Jones's, had called and requested to fee me the next morning, at Lady Doneraile's, in Dawfon-Street. Thus from having no female acquaintance in London, except my own family, I was now en train to be introduced into the first circle in Dublin. As I was not a little elated at the reception I had met with from Mrs. O'Hara, I told my mother, laughing, that the must divest herself of her formality, which perhaps might induce Mr. Crump, as they feemed to have fo good an opinion of each other, to bestow all his leasure hours upon her; for there appeared to be very little probability of her having much of my company; the time required by the duties of

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my profession, and the engagements I was likely to be honoured with, promising to engage the whole of it. At parting he promised to comply with the proposal I had made. But my mother was much displeased with me for having taken such an unallowable freedom with her. I have before observed that she retaind all the formality of Quakerism, notwithstanding, she had renounced the religious tenets of that people.

The next morning I went to breakfast with Miss St. Ledger, by whom I was received with all that politeness she so eminently possessed, actuated by the cordial warmth usually felt by the susceptible, on embracing a loved intimate after a long absence. She enquired in the kindest manner after Miss Conway; and was much affected at hearing that her friend was in a declining state of health, occasioned by her constant attendance on the Princess of Wales, to whom fhe was a Maid of Honour, which prevented her from taking the necessary steps for her recovery. She preffed me to stay dinner, but when I informed her that I was pre-engaged, and told her by whom, she politely faid she was then happy, even in being deprived of my company; as the acquaintance of Mrs. Butler was the most defirable of any in Dublin, and would prove most agreeable and beneficial to me. She at the fame time much regretted

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gretted that she was deprived of the pleasure of frequenting that Lady's house, which was occasioned by some umbrage her aunt, Lady Doneraile, with whom she resided, had given her.

My reception at the Green, when I went to dinner, was of the most flattering kind. It exceeded even my warmest hopes; and Mrs. Butler avowed herself my patroness, notwithstanding she had not yet had an opportunity of acquiring a knowledge, whether I really deserved that honour. When I took leave, she obligingly requested, that I would pass every hour, not oppropriated to the business of the theatre, at her house; which you may be assured I did not fail readily to promise.

As I fix, which you must already have observed, on the most remarkable periods of my life for the introduction of my letters, in imitation of the divifion of their chapters by chronologers; and as I am now about to enter on the beginning of my theatrical existence on the Dublin stage, I shall here conclude.

G. A. B.

certical that the was deprived of the partition of the

## LETTER XIX.

March 12, 17-.

THE theatre opened with eclat-But hold, I must first give way to an impulse I cannot resist, and write an exordium to this letter, in which feveral great men in their professional line are to make their appearence. Though apparently digressive from my history, yet it may perhaps tend to further the purpose of it, which is to mingle inftruction with amusement.-It is by industry and application alone a person can arrive at eminence in any profession. Though natural genius is the most effential quality towards the attainment of every art or science, yet genius unassisted by cultivation can never reach perfection. fludy and close application are absolutely needful (fave in a few instances) to form the truly great; and if the private life of all the great men who have rendered themselves famous in any branch of knowledge, were to pass in review before us, we should find that these have not been wanting towards the acquisition of their fame. The following beautiful lines of the inimitable Spencer convey this document with irrefistible force, and should be always imprinted on the mind of every fon and daughter of genius.

- " Abroad in arms, at home in fludious kind,
- " Who feeks with painful toil, shall HONOUR soones find.
- " In woods, in waves, in wars, she's wont to dwell,
- " And will be found with peril and with pain,
- " Nor can the man that moulds in idle cell,
- " Unto her happy mansion e'er attain.

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- " Before her gate High God did sweat ordain,
- " And wakeful watches ever to abide:
- " But easy is the way, and passage plain,
- " To PLEASURE's palace; it may foon be fpy'd,
- " And day and night her doors to all stand open wide."

I shall only add (not that I mean to rate myself among the great) that what merit I acquired as an actress, although I found time to keep up an acquaintance in the genteel circle just mentioned, was not acquired without close application.

But to proceed—The theatre opened with eclat. And what was very fortunate for me, the Earl of Chestersield was at that time Viceroy. Mr. Barry had made some sigure on this stage the preceding winter, in the character of Othello; and upon my being engaged, the manager wrote to him to study that of Castalio, as he proposed that I should early appear in the Orphan. To add to our success, Mr. Carrick joined the company this season. Having some dispute with the proprietor of Drury-Lane-Theatre, and Mr. Rich declining to give him the

terms he required, he came to Dublin. Three fuchs capital performers as Garrick, Sheridan, and Barry, in one Company, was a circumstance that had scarcely ever happened.

The two first, Mr. Garrick and Mr. Sheridan agreed to play Shake/peare's characters alternately, and to unite their strength in every performance. In he "Orphan," Garrick performed Chamont; Barry, \*Castallo; and Sheridan, Polydore. In the "Fair Penitent," Sheridan played Horatio; Garrick, Lothario; and Barry, Altamont. The latter character was played fo capitally by Mr. Barry, that this part feemed as confequential as either of the others. I was obliged to appear almost every night; and fometimes in characters very unfit for me. The great applause that I received, however, spurred me on, and excited in me the strongest endeavours to deserve And that I might at once pay a proper attention to the duties of my profession, and have time to enjoy the fociety of my new friends, I fcarcely allowed myself even that portion of rest which nature requires. A good constitution, however, and inexhaustible spirits, enabled me to go through the feafon.

After some time, the tragedy of "King John" was proposed, wherein Roscius and the manager were to appear together, and play alternately the King and the Bastard

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Bastard. Upon this occasion Mr. Sheridan insisted on my playing Constance; whilst Mr. Garrick objected to it, as there would then be no person to play Prince Arthur, but the late Mrs. Kennedy, at that time Miss Orpheur, who was nearly of the same age as myself, and from being hard-savoured, looked much older.

Upon Mr. Garrick's absolute rejection of my appearance in the character, on which I had fet my heart, and for the performance of which I had stipulated in my articles, I flew to my patroness Mrs. Butler, to complain of the breach of them. Notwithstanding her partiality for Mr. Garrick, fo highly did I stand in her favour, that she immediately fent round to all her friends, to request they would not go to the play the evening it was performed. Besides the consequence of family and fortune, this lady possessed very great power in the genteel world. To this may be added, that as fhe frequently gave balls, all the young ladies that were usually invited, were always ready to oblige her in any request of this nature, to ensure themfelves a place at those entertainments. And every one of these readily obeyed, and spread abroad her injunctions. The house on the night "King John was performed for the first time was, of course, very thin. The receipts did not amount to forty pounds.

This was the first theatrical humiliation the immortal Roscius ever met with; and he severely repented preferConstance, to my little self. But what compleated my triumph was, that when the same play was again performed, and Mr. Sheridan played the King; Garrick, the Bastard; and myself Constance; more people were turned away than could get places; and the dispute relative to the characters which had lately happened, made the audience receive me with the warmest marks of approbation.

But notwithstanding this success, I was determined to return the mortification Mr. Garrick had been the cause of to me, the very first opportunity that prefented itself; and it was not long before one offered. This LITTLE great man was to have two benefits during the feafon; and that they might not come too near each other, it was agreed that he should have one of them early in it. He had fixed on " Jane Shore" for his first benefit. And on application being made e me to perform that character, I absolutely refused it, alledging the objection he had made to my playing Constance, namely, my youth. Finding that entreaties were ineffectual, he prevailed on Mrs. Butler to make use of her interest with me; fensible that I could not refuse the solicitations of a lady to whom I was bound, not only by the ties of gratitude, but those of policy. And whilst he made this application, that he might leave no method of obtaining my confent untried.

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tried, he wrote me a note at the same time, which occasioned the following laughable incident, and furnished conversation for the whole city of Dublin.

In his note he informed me, "that if I would " oblige him, he would write me a goody goody epi-" logue; which, with the help of my eyes, should do " more mischief than ever the flesh or the devil had " done fince the world began." This ridiculous epistle he directed "To my foul's idol, the beautified " Ophelia;" and delivered it to his fervant, with orders to bring it to me. But the fellow having fome more agreeable amusement to pursue than going on his mafter's errands, he gave it to a porter in the ffreet without having attended to the curious direction that The porter, upon reading the fuperscription, and not knowing throughout the whole city of Dublin any lady of quality, who bore the title either of "My Soul's Idol," or "The beautified Ophelia," naturally concluded that it was intended to answer fome jocular purpose. He accordingly carried it to his mafter, who happened to be a newfinan; and by his means it got the next day into the public prints. The inditer of this high-flown epistle, it must be supposed, was not a little mortified at its publication. Nor was my mother, who was always awake for my reputation, without her alarms, left it should injure my character; but that, thank Heaven, was too well established,

blished, to be endangered by so ridiculous an accident.

"No man is wife at all hours," fays the proverb. And never was this adage more completely verified than in the foregoing anecdote. That such filly goody, goody stuff, as his epistle contained, should ever fall from the immortal pen of the immortal Roscius, even in the most careless and relaxed moment, "was strange," was passing strange." Fortune seems to have taken advantage of the writer's momentary imbecility, and at once to correct him for it, and to caution him against the indolence of such trivial affected humour—such an apology for wit—in suture, contrived matters so that it should be made public.

With such a company, it must reasonably be supposed, that the season turned out very lucrative to Mr. Garrick and to Mr. Sheridan. What the emoluments of Roscius were, I do not recollect, but it was reported that they were almost incredible.

After a reconciliation between Mr. Garrick and myself had been effected, he visited much oftener at Colonel Butler's than usual. The Colonel had a feat on the sea-coast, not many miles from Dublin; and my mother thinking that bathing in the sea would be of great benefit to my health, she took a furnished house at the sheds of Clontars, for that purpose. She fixed on this spot, that I might at the same time

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be near my much-loved companion, Miss Butler; between whom and myself, as inseparable a connection had taken place, as if it had been cemented by the ties of blood. To such an extravagant height was our regard for each other carried, that notwithstanding we usually met at dinner, and spent the remainder of the day together, I had generally an epistle or two before that hour arrived.—Sweet is the union which exists between two young persons of the same sex, and of delicate and susceptible minds, at our time of life. Unembittered by the turbulent desires and anxious cares of love, all is joy, delight, and pleasing expectation. The way is strewed with slowers, and not a thistle rears its head to wound the lightly-trip-ping-foot.

At the conclusion of the season, Mr. Garrick prepared to return to England, with the rich harvest that had crowned his toils. Mrs. Butler, who had a taste for wit, was as fond of his company as her amiable daughter was of mine. Indeed it was not without reason she was so; for I know very sew whose company was to be courted in preference to Mr. Garrick's when he endeavoured to please. The following whimsical manœuvre of Mrs. Butler's will shew that her fancy was sometimes as sportive, and her satire as keen, as that of her witty guest.

Some

Some days before Mr. Garrick's departure for England, as Mrs. Butler, her daughter, myfelf, and fome other company, were walking on the terrace, we hadthe fatisfaction to fee the much admired hero come galloping up to the house. He soon joined us; and to the great regret of us all, particularly Mrs. Butler, announced his intention of leaving Dublin the next day. Whilst we were engaged in conversation, the lady of the house went away abruptly; but soon returned, bearing in her hand a fealed packet, which she delivered to Roscius, thus addressing him at the same time. " I here present you, Mr. Garrick, with some-" thing more valuable than life. In it you will read" " my fentiments; but I strictly enjoin you not to " open it till you have passed the Hill of Howth." We all looked furprifed at this extraordinary prefentation, especially Colonel Butler's chaplain, who was one of the party. As the lady inclined formewhat to prudery, and had always appeared to be governed by the most rigid rules of virtue, we could none of us guess the purport of the present, though her conduct feemed to admit of a doubtful interpretation. But Garrick, who was as confcious of possessing nature's liberal gifts as any man breathing, took the packet with a fignificant graceful air; concluding, without hesitation, that it contained, not only a valuable present (the giver having the power, as well as the

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the disposition to be generous) but a declaration of such tender sentiments, as her virtue would not permit her to make known to him whilst he remained in the kingdom.

After dinner Mr. Garrick took his leave, and he was no fooner departed, than Mrs. Butler informed the company, that the contents of the valuable packet with which she had prefented her visitor, were nothing more than "Wesley's Hymns," and "Dean Swift's " Discourse on the Trinity;" adding, that he would have leifure during his voyage, to fludy the one, and to digest the other. You may be affured that we all enjoyed the joke. As for my own part, I could scarcely keep my risible faculties in any order, when my imagination prefented to me Garrick's disappointment at finding the contents of the packet fo very different from what he had concluded them to be. I must inform you, that at our next meeting, Mr. Garrick acquainted me, that upon opening the packet, and feeing what it contained, he was fo much chagrined, that instead of benefiting by the Christian precepts to be found therein, he, in the most Heathenish manner, offered them up a facrifice to Neptune. In plain English, he threw both Mr. Wesley and the Dean, cheek-by-jole, into the fea.—A more heterogeneous union certainly never took place.

Whilft

Whilst I resided at the sheds Clontars, a ludicrous incident happened, which, though it was like to have been attended with serious consequences to me, still excites such laughable ideas in my mind, whenever it occurs to my recollection, that I cannot forbear relating it.

One day the beatiful widow Madden, afterwards Lady Ely, came down to pay me a visit. As it was a holiday, a circumstance my visitor had not recollected, and she had come early, in order to spend the whole day with me, she accompanied me to a barn some sew miles off, where the service of our church, for the convenience of the neighbouring peasants, was usually performed.

As the place was fituated upon the sea coast, the congregation, which was very numerous, chiefly consisted of fishermen and their families; and unluckily some circumstances happened, which put our gravity to the test, and counteracted the intentional devotion with which we entered the sacred shed.

The weather being uncommonly warm, and the barn much crowded, the effects foon became visible on the countenance of the sacerdotal gentleman that officiated. The subtile sluid produced by perspiration, in plenteous streams bedewed his visage, which obliged him to have frequent recourse to his hand-kerchief;

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kerchief; and as that happened to be deeply tinged with blue, and never to have been used before, his face was soon adorned with various stripes of that colour, and exhibited a spectacle that would have extorted a smile from the most rigid Anchorite.

My fair companion, who, by the by, loved laughing more than praying, and preferred a joke to a homily, by frequent jogs with her elbow, drew my attention to the outré figure that now prefented it-felf. In any other place, so ludicrous a scene would have afforded me the highest entertainment; but as I always made a point, and hope I ever shall, of behaving myself in a place of worship with that reverence and solemnity which is due to it, I was not to be tempted to forget where I was.

After the prayers were ended, the minister gave an exhortation to his auditors; and now, by the quaintness of some of his expressions, rendered that hilarity which his beplastered countenance had first excited in my companion's mind, ungovernable. In the course of his oration, he took occasion to introduce the fall of our first parents. When addressing himself to the semale part of his congregation, who as I have already said, were fish-women, he exclaimed, with a much stronger tincture of the Hibernian brogue than even some of our present preachers, Your mother Eve sold her immortal soul, and

" with

- " with it all mankind, for an apple; but fuch is your
- " depravity, ye wretches, that you would fell your
- " fouls for an oyster; nay, even for a cockle."

Though my fair friend had been hitherto able to keep her rifible faculties within tolerable bounds, an expression so replete with low humour—so truly ludicrous—was not to be withstood; she burst into a loud and violent sit of laughter, and hurrying out of the rustic chapel, lest me to encounter the rage of the offended priest, and his enthusiastic auditory.

It was happy for me, that I had even then obtained the reputation of being a \*devotée, as the clergyman instantly put a stop to his exhortation, and addressed himself particularly to me. He told me, that if he was not well assured, from the general tenor of my behaviour, and the character I bore, that I was incapable of countenancing such a slagrant affront to the Deity, he would cause me to be expelled from the mother church; but as he hoped that was not the case, he would forgive my bringing a person, who, having no devotion herself, had dared to disturb those who had, if I would inform him of her name.

<sup>\*</sup>By a devotée, I mean a person devoted to religion, in the true sense of the word, without oftentation, enthusiasm, hyprocristy, or tancour, as either of these cannot fail to offend, instead of pleasing, our merciful Creator. Such a devotée I humbly trust I am, and ever shall remain.

In order to appeale the offended prieft, I gave him my word that I would fend to him; and the fervice concluded without any farther interruption.

As to Mrs. Madden, she prudently mounted her horse, and returned with all speed to my lodgings; she otherwise would have stood a chance of being in the same predicament poor Orpheus was; the common people of that country being no less revengeful, when their religious rights are supposed to be contemned, that the Thracian dames could be for the indifference shown to their sex by the son of Apollo.

Agreeable to my promise to the priest, I sent to him soon after; not, indeed, to acquaint him with the name of my imprudent companion, but to endeavour to palliate her offence. Fortunately, Mr. Crump was his penitent, by whose means the affair was at length made up. And this interference was the only part of his conduct, with regard to myself, that I ever was pleased with.

As this lady is the subject of my pen, I cannot refrain from giving you another anecdote of her, which plainly evinces, that had occasion required, as in the primitive times, she did not appear inclinable to die a martyr for the sake of her religion.

The

The honourable Mr. Loftus, afterwards Earl of Ely, paid his addresses to her during her widowhood, which met with a favourable reception, and they were married. But, as Juba says,\*

Beauty foon grows familiar to the lover,

" Fades in his eye, and palls upon the fense."

The lady was thoughtless, and the gentleman unprincipled. For the latter being at length fully sated with the suscious banquet, wished to avail himself of the laws of Ireland, which consider a marriage between a member of the established church and a Catholic, as not binding. But the lady having but little faith, either in religion or her intended spouse, had taken care to circumvent a slep of that kind; for the day before their nuptials were to take place, she had thought sit to make a public recantation of the religion she prosessed. And this retaliation of his chicanery, occasioned him to be miserable for life.

Some have feemed to believe, that this union was not of a ferious nature; but in my opinion it is fearcely credible, that a lively, beautiful, and accomplished woman, possessed of an independency, would facrifice herself to a brute, suffer herself to be immured in the country, and bear to be treated with uncommon rigour, had the connection been less binding.

As

As one story brings on another, you must have patience with me whilst I repeat to you an impromptu of Lord Chesterstield's upon this lady; which, I believe, has not been much hackneyed. Upon an anniversary of the battle of the Boyne, during his viceroyship, which is always observed as a grand gala at Dublin, she appeared at court in white sattin, and had adorned herself with an unusual quantity of orange-coloured ribbands. Observing which, his Excellency accossed her, and paid the following extempore compliment to her charms:

Pretty rebel, where's the jest, Of wearing orange on your breast, When that breast does still disclose The whiteness of the rebel rose?

Permit me just to add, that the happy manner in which I fpent my time in this terrestrial paradife, and with such agreeable company, so much increased the peace of the old gentleman with the scythe and hour-glass, that he tripped along through days, weeks, and months, as nimble as a dryade; and the summer passed imperceptibly away.

G. A. B.

## LETTER XX.

March 18, 17-

To show my readiness to obey your commands, Madam, (for the request of a friend is as obligatory as a command) I employ almost every hour on the continuation of my narrative; and shall esteem myself sufficiently repaid, if I can prevent it from proving tiresome. You must remember that it is the history of a weak woman, recited by the same weak woman. Be therefore to her faults, whether relative to her conduct, or her literary ones, a little blind. But a truce with apologies. Such as it is I give it unto you.

The next winter, when our theatrical campaign commenced, we were very apprehensive that we should feel the desertion of so able a general as Garrick. But through the exertions of the manager, who was deservedly a great savourite with the gentlemen of the college, at which he was bred, as the provost and professors had been his fellow-students, our success was not less than when we were aided by his powerful assistance—He who, in himself alone, was a tower of invincible strength.

A droll circumstance happened about this time, which I must not omit. Going one evening to Fish-amble-street concert, I happened to be seated next to Lord

Lord Chief Baron Bowes. A gentleman, who was lately come to Dublin, entering into conversation with his Lordship, remarked to him (at the same time fixing his eyes upon me), that his daughter was vastly like him. We were at this period reviving at the theatre, "The Merchant of Venice;" upon which it instantly occurred to me, to make particular observations on the manner of the person I was thus supposed to resemble, in order to adopt it in the part of Portia, which I was to play.

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I accordingly did so; and succeeded so happily, that when I made my appearance as the counsellor, the audience, struck with the similitude, universally exclaimed, "Here comes the young Lord Chief "Baron," And I retained that title during my residence in the kingdom.

The Lord Chief Baron himself was so much pleased with the imitation, that he paid me many compliments upon the occasion. He humorously remarked, that I had even got his cough in the middle of a long word. This indeed was true, but it proceeded entirely from accident; as I never had the pleasure of hearing his Lordship speak in any of the courts. I however, luckily hit off this peculiarity in repeating the word predicament. Was it not that I am apprehensive of incurring the imputation of vanity, I would give you the conclusion of his Lordship's complimentary ad-

drefs

dress to me. I will therefore omit it; but guess something very flattering, and even then, I assure you, that you will fall far short of the purport of it.

Early in the feafon, the tragedy of "All for Love, " or the World well Loft," was revived; in which Barry and Sheridan stood unrivalled in the characters of Antony and Ventidius. The getting it up produced the following extraordinary incidents. The manager, in an excursion he had made during the fummer to London, had purchased a superb suit of clothes that had belonged to the Princess of Wales, and had been only worn by her on the birth-day. This was made into a dress for me to play the character of Cleopatra; and as the ground of it was filver tiffue, my mother thought, that by turning the body of it in, it would be a no unbecoming addition to my waste, which was remarkably small. My maid-servant was accordingly fent to the theatre, to affift the dreffer and mantua-maker in preparing it; and also in fewing on a number of diamonds, my patroness not only having furnished me with her own, but borrowed feveral others of her acquaintance for me. When the women had finished the work, they all went out of the room, and left the door of it indifcretely open.

Mrs. Furnival (who owed me a grudge, on account of my eclipfing her, as the more favourable reception I met with from the public, gave her room to con-

clude

clude I did; and likewise for the stir which had been made last season about the character of Constance) accidently passed by the door of my dressing-room in the way to her own, as it flood open. Seeing my rich dress thus lying exposed, and observing no person by to prevent her, she stepped in and carried off the Queen of Egypt's paraphernalia, to adorn herself in the character of Octavia, the Roman matron, which fhe was to perform. By remarking from time to time my drefs, which was very different from the generality of heroines, Mrs. Furnival had just acquired tafte enough to despife the black velvet in which those ladies were usually habited. And without considering the impropriety of enrobing a Roman matron in the habiliments of the Egyptian Queen; or perhaps not knowing that there was any impropriety in it, she determined, for once in her lifetime, to be as fine as myfelf, and that at my expence, She accordingly fet to work to let out the cloaths, which, through my mother's œconomical advice, had been taken in.

When my fervant returned to the room, and found the valuable drefs, that had been committed to her charge, missing, her fright and agitation were beyond She ran like a mad creature about the expression. theatre, enquiring of every one whether they had feen any thing of it. At length she was informed that Mrs. Furnival had got possession of it. When run-

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ning to that lady's dreffing-room, she was nearly petrified at beholding the work, which had coft her fo much pains, undone. My damfel's veins, unfortunately for Mrs. Furnival, were rich with the blood of the O'Bryen's. And though she had not been blest with so polished an education as such a name was entitled to, she inherited at least the spirit of the Kings of Ulster. Thus qualified for carrying on an attack even of a more important nature, the at first demanded the drefs with tolerable civility; but meeting with a peremptory refusal, the blood of her great forefathers boiled within her veins, and without any more ado. the fell tooth and nail upon poor Mrs. Furnival. violent was the affault, that had not affifiance arrived in time to rescue her from the fangs of the enraged Hibernian nymph, my theatrical rival would probably have never had an opportunity of appearing once in her life adorned with real jewels.

When I came to the theatre, I found my fervant disfolved in tears at the fad disaster; for notwithstanding her heroic exertions, she had not been able to bring off the cause of the contest. But so far was I from partaking of her grief, that I could not help being highly diverted at the absurdity of the incident. Nothing concerning a theatre could at that time affect my temper, except the disappointment I dad met with in not appearing in the part of Constance, as before related.

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related. And I acknowledge I enjoyed a fecret pleafure in the expectation of what the refult would be. I fent indeed for the jewels; but the lady, rendered courageous by Nantz, and the presence of her paramour, Morgan, who was not yet dead, condescended to fend me word, that I should have them after the

In this fituation I had no other resource than to reverse the dresses, and appear as plain in the character of the luxurious Queen of Egypt, as Antony's good wife, although the fifter of Cæfar, ought to have been. In the room of precious stones, with which my drefs should have been decorated, I substituted pearls; and of all my finery I retained only my diadem, that indispensable mark of rovalty.

Every transaction that takes place in the theatre, and every circumstance relative to it, are as well. known in Dublin as they would be in a country town. The report of the richness and elegance of my dress had been univerfally the subject of conversation, for some time before the night of performance; when, to the surprise of the audience, I appeared in white My kind patroness, who sat in the stage-box feemed not to be able to account for fuch an unexpected circumstance. And not seeing me adorned with the jewels she had lent me, she naturally sup-

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posed

posed I had reserved my regalia till the scene in which I was to meet my Antony.

When I had first entered the green-room, the manager, who expected to fee me splendidly dressed, as it was natural to suppose the enchanting Cleopatra would have been upon fuch an occasion, expressed with fome warmth his furprise at a disappointment, which he could only impute to caprice. Without being in the least discomposed by his warmth, I coolly told him, "that I had taken the advice Ventidius had " fent me, by Alexis, and had parted with both my " cloths and jewels to Antony's wife." Mr. Sheridan could not conceive my meaning; but as it was now too late to make any alteration, he faid no more upon the subject. He was not, however, long at a loss for an explanation; for going to introduce Octavio to the Emperor, he discovered the jay in all her borrowed plumes. An apparition could not have more astonished him. He was so confounded, that it was fome time before he could go on with his part. At the same instant Mrs. Butler exclaimed aloud, "Good Heaven, the woman has got on " my diamonds!" The gentlemen in the pit coneluded that Mrs. Butler had been robbed of them by Mrs. Furnival; and the general consternation, occasioned by so extraordinary a scene, is not to be described. But the audience observing Mr. Sheridan

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to fmile, they supposed there was some mystery in the affair, which induced them to wait with patience till the conclusion of the act. As soon as it was finished, they bestowed their applause upon Antony and his faithful veteran; but as if they had all been animated by the fame mind, they cried out. " No more Furnival! No more Furnival!" The fine dreffed lady, disappointed of the acclamations she expected to receive on account of the grandeur of her habiliments, and thus hooted for the impropriety of her conduct, very prudently called fits to her aid, which incapacitated her from appearing again. And the audience had the good nature to wait patiently till Mrs. Elmy, whom curiofity had led to the theatre, had dressed to finish the part. Had the character of Octavio been originally cast according to merit, Mrs. Elmy would certainly have had the preference: as the foftness of her manher, and the propriety with which she spoke, justly entitled her to it.

The impropriety of Mrs. Furnival's conduct in the affair, just related, warrants my troubling you with an observation I have frequently made, which is, that every attempt to obtain a desirable end, if the means are not consistent with honour and rectitude, mar, instead of promoting it. If I recollect aright, I have made a remark somewhat similar to this in

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a former

"Honesty will be always sound to be the best po"licy."—" More proverbs, and preaching again?"
methinks I hear you say; "Pray go on with your marrative!" I will, my dear Madam, when I have teminded you that it is by your permission I now and then preach, as you are pleased to term it.

With these interruptions the piece could not appear to so much advantage, on its first representation, as there was reason to hope it would. But the next night, either inspired with the brilliancy of my ornaments, or animated by the sight of his Excellency Lord Chestersield, who, together with his Lady, graced the theatre, it was the general opinion that I never played with so much spirit, or did greater justice to a character. The applause I received was universal.

A gentleman, who stood near the stage-door, took a very unallowable method of shewing his approbation. Being a little slushed with liquor, or otherwise I am persuaded he could not have been cabable of the rudeness, he put his lips to the back of my neck as I passed him. Justly enraged at so great an insult, and not considering that the Lord Lieutenant was present, or that it was committed before such a number of spectators, I instantly turned about, and gave the gentleman a slap on the face. Violent and

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and unbecoming as this fudden token of refentment appeared, it received the approbation of Lord Chefterfield, who rose from his seat and applauded me for some time with his hands; the whole audience, as you may suppose, following his example. At the conclusion of the act, Major Macartney came, by order of his Excellency, to Mr. St. Leger, (that was the gentleman's name) requesting that he would make a public apology for this forgetfulness of decorum; which he accordingly did. I have reason to believe that this incident contributed, in a great measure, to a reform that Mr. Sheridan, with great propriety, soon after made. Agreeable to this regulation, no gentlemen, in suture, were to be admitted behind the scenes.

G. A. B.

## LETTER XXI.

March 25, 17-.

PROCEED, and indulge yourfelf in any manner you pleafe, whenever fancy prompts you to
wander from the road of your history; for I read
with inexpressible pleasure every part of your
letters." Do you really write thus, my dear Madam? And does my humble attempt to afford you
H 4 entertainment

entertainment answer the intended purpose? It does, it does. You tell me so; and I know you are too sincere to flatter me. Thus encouraged, I will proceed. Nor shall one reluctant sigh at the length of the way which still lies before me, or a further sear of proving tiresome to you, escape me.

Notwithstanding the applause bestowed upon my theatrical talents by the people of Dublin, was an indubitable proof of my possessing no mean degree of merit, yet I was apprehensive (though naturally vain) that this was rather exaggerated by their partiality, and the support I received on account of my samily, from the higher ranks. I endeavoured, therefore, by intense application, as I have already told you, to render them more justly deserving of the public approbation.

Mr. Garrick having about this time purchased a half-share of the patent of Drury Lane Theatre, and my success in Dublin having reached his ears, he wished to engage me for the ensuing season. And Mr. Delany, an actor then of the first rate, being obliged to visit Ireland to take possession of an estate left him by his mother, Mr. Garrick deputed him to make me an offer of ten pounds a week. This offer, however, I resused; and I acknowledge my indiscretion in so doing. I must here just observe, that the applause I met with in comedy was

equal,

equal, if not superior, to that which was bestowed upon me when I played in tragedy. And by playing the character of Biddy, in "Miss in her Teens," I convinced the town, that I was no less qualified to perform in low than in genteel comedy.

I was about this time informed that Mr. Quin had been fo displeased with me for my apparent ingratitude, that he had confented to be reconciled to Mrs. Cibber; and now bestowed that generous attention on her that I should otherwise have shared in. He had been greatly offended with that lady alfo, on account of her defertion from Covent-Garden theatre to Drury-Lane. She lay under as many obligations to him for real favours, as I did for intentional ones; for fhe had not only been necessitated to accept of those of a pecuniary nature, but had been obliged to him for her-establishment on the English stage, from which she had been precluded, for fome time, by the machinations of her husband. Her ingratitude was, notwithstanding, now obliterated from Mr. Quin's mind, and he took her once more under his protection.

My refusal of Mr. Garrich's offer offended him so highly, that, it was said, he formed a resolution never to engage me upon any terms whatever. But the resolutions of managers are seldom considered as binding, when opposed by their interest. Self-

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interest, with them, as with the greatest part of mankind, is the grand moving principle. Picque, refentment, prejudice, in an inflant dissolve before it. Even pride and arrogance bend submissive to it. It may therefore be truly faid, however degrading the thought, to be the ruling passion of the human mind.

Just at this period an event happened, which, if it had been attended with the expected confequences, would have broken Mrs. O'Hara's heart, have greatly affected the mind of my patroness, and have ruined my reputation for ever. One night, as I was performing the part of Lady Townley, in " The Pro-" voked Hufband," I received a card from Mrs. Butler, wrote in a servant's hand, requesting me to come to her house as soon as I should be at liberty. As the note was delivered to me during the performance of the play, I had only leifure just to fend verbally, with my compliments, that the fatigue of the evening would prevent me from being able to do myfelf that honour.

Had I attended to the circumstance of the card's being written by a fervant, I must have been convinced that fomething was wrong; as my dear friend Miss Butler was always happy in seizing every occafion to write to me. It, however, paffed unnoticed. Not long after, I received another note, in-

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forming me, that I must absolutely come the moment I had finished, and even without waiting to change my dress. So very pressing an invitation, I own excited my curiosity, and made me impatient for the conclusion of my business. I was to have played Miss Biddy in the entertainment; but Mr. Dyer who was to have performed Fribble being suddenly taken ill, the after-piece was obliged to be changed; which enabled me to make my curtsey much sooner than I had reason to expect.

My task being done, I got into my chair in the fame dress in which I had played the character of Lady Townley, and haftened away to Stephen's-Green, As the dress I wore was a modern one, there was no great impropriety in my appearing with it off the stage. Just as I entered one door of the parlour in which Mrs. Butler and her female vifitors were, the Colonel, and feveral gentlemen, who had just risen from their bottle, were ushered in at the opposite one. The company was numerous; and the elegance of my dress attracted the attention of all the gentlemen; but not one of the ladies condescended to speake to me. Even the lady whose guest I was, only deigned to welcome me on my entrance, with a formal declination of her head.

A reception fo different from what i had been accustomed to in that hospitable mansion, not only surprised, but greatly shocked me. In this agitation of mind, I made up to Mrs. O'Hara, who was present, and requested she would inform me what was the occasion of it. The answer I received from her was, that a few minutes would determine whether she should ever notice me again. The coolness of her manner, whilst she uttered this, as I was conscious of my innocence, and my aunt must have been well assured of the sincerity of my heart, piqued my pride for a moment; but this emotion soon went off, and I assumed, at least in appearance, my usual tranquillity.

A gentleman now made his entrée, whose figure, shape, dress, and address, exceeded every thing I had ever beheld before. The ladies notwithstanding, continued to look as serious and demure as a convocation of old maids met on purpose to dissect the reputation of a giddy thoughtless young one. Nor did this beautiful stranger, with all his attractions, seem to be less neglected than myself. From being in such company, and in such a splendid dress, for my head was adorned with the jewels of my patroness, the gentleman might naturally conclude, that I was a person of quality. And as a young lady of distinction had lately taken an airing, on a moonlight night, with

with a noble lord, he imagined, in all probability, from the referve with which he faw me received by the ladies, that I was the very identical girl who had made that faux pas, and who had now obtruded herself into the first circle in the kingdom. What other opinion could he form of me from the present appearance of things!

From this motive, or fome other, his attention appeared to be fixed on me, in preference to any of the other ladies; and he introduced himself to me with an air so easy and confident, that I knew immediately that he had travelled. He acquainted me that he was just returned from making the grand tour, and was come to take possession of his estate, and settle for the remainder of his days in Ireland. We then entered into conversation on different subjects, in which I acquitted myfelf with more eafe than I expected I could have done in a flate of fuch fuspence. My affected cheerfulness was so well counterfeited, that it appeared to be real; and I kept up the ball with fo much spirit, that my companion seemed to entertain a better opinion of me than he had done at firft.

The test intended for the discovery of some dubious points, which will presently be known, having now been carried on as long as necessary, Miss Butler was sent to put a stop to our teté à teté. When my Ganymede

Ganymede, whose curiosity had been on tiptoe to find out who I was, went to the upper end of the room to make the needful inquiries of the lady of the house. Having in a whisper asked the question, Mrs. Butler answered aloud, "Surely, you must know her. " I am certain you know her; nay, that you are well " acquainted with her." The gentleman, not a little disconcerted at this want, in a lady of fashion, of what is usually termed du monde, that is, among other things, replying to a whifper in an audable voice; affuring her, still in a low tone, that he had never feen me before, and now felt himfelf greatly interested in the inquiry. "Fye, fye, Mr. Medlicote," returned my patronels, "what can you fay for yourfelf, when " I inform you, that this is the dear girl whose cha-" racter you fo cruelly afperfed at dinner?"

I now plainly perceived, that this accomplished gentleman, vain of his attractive graces, had boasted, like too many others, of favours he had never received; not knowing that he did so in the presence of my best friends, and that there was a certainty of his false assertions being detected. The pencil of Hogarth alone could justly depicture the consustion of the gentleman at this discovery of his treachery; or of my petrifaction at finding myself the subject of his slander. It for some time totally deprived me of the use of every faculty, Till at length my patroness kindly

kindly relieved me from the fituation in which I was absorbed. Coming up to me, she took me by the hand, and with a fmile on her countenance thus addressed me: " My dear child, you have gone through " a fiery trial; but it was a very necessary one. This " gentleman has vilely traduced your character. We " were all perfectly convinced that you did not merit " what he faid of you; but had he feen you first at " the theatre, instead of here, he would, doubtlessly, " have maintained his affertions with oaths, and there " would then have been no possibility of contradic-" ting him, however favourably we may have thought " of you, notwithstanding. By the method we have " purfued, though it has been formewhat irkefore to " you, his falsehoods have been so palpably disproved, "as not to admit of the least palliation." Having faid this, she embraced me in the most cordial manner. And as foon as I got from her embrace, I ran and threw myfelf into the arms of my dear aunt, who feemed to feel the utmost fatisfaction at my triumph.

As for my traducer, it may be supposed he did not long disgust us with his company. Charming and accomplished as he was, there did not appear to be a wish among us all to detain him—How much more charming and accomplished would he have been, had truth spread her resulgent beams over those fections with which nature in so bounteous a manner had favoured him!—Of all human failings that of detraction is certainly one of the worst. The venom of the tongue is more fatal in its consequences than the deadly poison of the asp. It not only proves destructive to individuals, but to the peace and happiness of whole families.—But its fatal essets are so pointedly and beautifully described by that great master of nature, Shakespeare,\* in the following well-known passage, that were I to fill up a whole letter with the severest censures reason and experience could dictate, I should not be able to say the twentieth part the tithe of what he has said in these sew immortal lines.

G. A. B.

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<sup>&</sup>quot;GOOD NAME in man and woman

<sup>&</sup>quot; Is the immediate jewel of their fouls;

<sup>&</sup>quot; Who steals my purse steals trash, 'tis somithing, nothing;

<sup>&</sup>quot;Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been flave to thousands;

<sup>&</sup>quot; But he that filches from me my good name,

<sup>&</sup>quot; Robs me of that which not enriches him,

<sup>&</sup>quot; And makes me poor indeed."

<sup>\*</sup> Othello, A& III. Scepe V.

## LETTER XXII.

March 31, 17-

WHEN Mr. Medlicote was gone, one of the gentlemen present acquainted us, that during his travels, he became enamoured with a beautiful Italian lady; who, listening to his professions of love, left her family, and became the partner of his slight. Her brother, being informed of the seduction, pursued the fair sugitive and her paramour, and overtaking them, gave the gentleman his choice either to marry his sister, or settle the affair in the sield of honour. Mr. Medlicote, sinding there was no alternative, prudently chose the former, and they were accordingly united in indissoluble bonds.

All the company at Colonel Butler's seemed to agree in opinion, that had my family and fortune equalled his expectations, he would have considered his union with the Italian lady invalid, from its being an act of compulsion on his part, and without the least scruple, have made me an offer of his hand, in defiance of honour, humanity, and every tender feeling. Mrs. Butler observed, that nothing could equal her pleasure at this public testimony of the falsity of Medlicote's accusation; for notwithstanding the was convinced of my innocence, and had found

it fully confirmed by the propriety of my conductionce I had resided in that kingdom, she could not have permitted her daughter to live in terms of strict intimacy with one whose reputation was not perfectly unfullied.

The last word unfullied struck me, at the time Mrs. Butler made use of it, with inexpressible force; and as there is no crime, as I have frequently said, that I hold in equal detestation with deceipt, I determined, let what would be the consequence, to inform that lady the first opportunity that offered, that I was, unhappily, an unfit person for an intimate with her daughter, my character having been fullied, though very undeservedly, by the rude breath of scandal, through the wicked machinations of the noblemen formerly mentioned: For the present I contented myself with entering into a vindication of those of the profession in which I was engaged.

I told the company, that though many young men, through levity, were fo inhuman as to blaft the character of most of those semales who were in the theatrical line, merely because they supposed their reputation was of so little consequence, that they were sit subjects for their sportive sancy; yet there were many I was persuaded, who trod the stage, and were truly virtuous. I brought as examples a Pritchard and a Clive; to whom I said, I doubted not but many others.

others might be added. I observed, that were actreffes as chafte as valtals, such a tongue as a Medlicote's may by infamous infinuations blaft their fame for ever, notwithstanding there was as little foundation for them, as those with regard to myself had just been discovered to have. I concluded with declaring that I thought a woman who preferved an unblemished reputation on the stage, to be infinitely more praifeworthy, than those who retained a good name, merely because they were secured by rank or fortune from the temptations aftreffes are exposed to; or than fuch as, through their mediocrity in life, do not fall in the way of the gay and diffolute. Here Colonel Butler interrupted my declamation by finging, "And she may be chaste that never was tried." This fally of his, which came in fo a-propos, and tended to confirm the propositions I had just been thriving to establish, restored cheerfulness; who, though the returned to late, was a very welcome vifitor.

When I returned home, though it was very late, I could not fleep for the reflections which arose in my mind, on a review of the incidents of the day. "How much," cried I, "are the world mistaken in "their ideas of virtue, as well as of happiness! the generality of mankind seem to comprise every virtue in that of chastity. Without doubt, chastity

" is one of the first and most justly admired virtues "that adorn the female mind; yet when we con-" fider, that punishment certainly attends a breach of " that virtue; that the great monitor, conscience, is " perpetually preying on the heart of every frail fair " one capable of reflection; and that difgrace is their " consequent portion; furely the truly virtuous ought " rather to pity, and pour balm into the bosom of " those who are thus unfortunately condemned to an " earthly purgatory, and may have many extenua-" tions to plead, than add to their afflictions by re-" proaches or contempt." Such were my fentiments at that period, young as I was, and fuch are they at this hour. But though I thus plead the cause of the unfortunate, it is not because I have unhappily a claim to the same lenity myself, or that I wish to extenuate a deviation from the path of restitude in this point; I have as high a veneration for chastity and her true votaries, and I as much regret the lofs of innocence (my mind still retaining its native purity) as the most unerring of my fex can do.-But as Hamlet fays, "Somewhat too much of this."

In the morning, after a refless night, I found myself in a sever. The different passions with which my mind had been agitated during the preceding evening, had been more than my body could bear, and a sever ensued. I was not in the least concerned at my indisposition, as it gave me an opportunity of flaying at home without offending any one. My friends, however, were greatly alarmed. Mrs. Butter and her beloved daughter did me the honour to pay me a visit, and my absence from the theatre was confidered as a general calamity. During my confinement I could not help indulging my reflections on the subject which had lately taken possession of my mind; and I never before viewed the profession I had embraced in fo humiliating a light as I now did through Medlicote's afperfions. That every fool who happened to be polleffed of a fortune, should think himself licensed to take liberties with me; or even that my own footman, upon any diflike, should be able to go for a shilling into the theatre, and infult me; was what I could not bear to think of. The very idea affected me fo much, that I never could regain, from this time, the felf-fufficiency I possessed before. My indisposition increased from these corroding thoughts; and it was feveral days before I was able to attend at the theatre. When I did fo, a difagreeable event happened, which retarded my perfect recovery, and, with fome other concurrent circumstances, was the cause of my leaving Ireland.

Mr. Sheridan, in consequence of the insult I had received from Mr. St. Leger, as before related, and on account of the inconveniences arising from

the custom, had given a general order at the doors of the theatre, and notice in all public papers, that no gentleman was, on any account, to be admitted behind the fcenes. It happened one night, just as I was fo far recovered as to venture to the house, but not to perform; that an officer, who had more wine in his head, than humanity in his heart, infifted on passing the centry placed at the stage-door. The poor fellow perfifting in his refufal of admittance, the officer drew his fword and stabbed him in the thigh, with fo much violence, that the weapon broke, and left a piece in the most dangerous part. Hearing a riot on the stage, I ran from the box in which I fat, and flew in my fright to the next centinel for protection, This happening to be the man who had been wounded, I found myfelf in a moment encompassed by numbers, and was obliged to be a witness to the broken steel being taken out. The unexpectedness of this scene, and the terrors I was thrown into by it, as I was not perfectly restored to health, were productive of a relapse. The man, however, happily recovered through the plaeidness of his disposition; but having lost the use of his leg, the offender, who was a man of quality provided for him for life.

G. A. B.

## LETTER XXIII.

April 5. 17-

ABOUT the time that I was fo well recovered of my disorder as to be able to play again, Mr. Barry, wishing to try his fortune in England, went off without giving the manager any previous notice, or paying any respect to his articles. I have already obferved that Mr. Sheridan was held in high estimation by the people of Dublin. The young gentlemen belonging to the college looked upon him as a divinity. The ladies of his acquaintance flattered him; and his own vanity mifguided him. Thus fituated, he thought himself equal to any undertaking the slage required. So that, upon Mr. Barry's departure, he left the characters in which he could have no competitor, to enter into the walk of lovers and genteel comedy. It is true, his figure was tolerable, and might have fuited this line; but his voice and manner totally precluded him from making any comparative stand in them.

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It was not long before he was convinced of his mistake; and seemed by his revival of "Æsop," to wish to find out plays that were more suited to his scientific talents. In casting a part for me in this piece, that of the Young Lady was considered as

too infignificant. The Categorical Lady required too much volubility, and I was obliged to put up with that of Doris, which was the character of an old nurse; and a part of such an immense length, that this and Æsop's made two-thirds of the performance.

There was no doubt but Mr. Sheridan, who must be allowed to be the best declaimer that ever trod our stage, would have made a very capital figure in a character which was fo conspicuously marked out for his talents, had not the performance been interrupted on the first night of its representation. The house was so much crowded, that a person, I will not fo far degrade the title of gentleman, as to bestow on him that appellation, finding himself inconveniently fituated in the pit, got over the spikes which divided that part from the flage. This removal received marks of approbation from many of the audience, who by no means approved of the new regulation, which debarred them from coming behind the scenes. Mr. Kelly (that was the person's name) was not a little pleafed that he had escaped from his confined fituation, and at the same time fhewed by his manœuvre an appearance of courage, which he was conscious he did not really possess.

Elevated with his fuccess, he made his way to the green room. Having heard much of the liberties taken

taken by the gentlemen with the performers, during the time that they were admitted behind the scenes, I had adopted Mr. Quin's mode of confining myself to my dressing-room. But being apprehensive that I was not perfect in a scene which was mostly lines, and which I was to repeat in the next act, I went into the green-room to request Mrs. Dyer to run it over with me.

When I entered the room, I observed that lady to be greatly confused, and that she could not move out of an arm-chair in which she fat, from a man's impeding her. She whispered me as I drew near, that Kelly had most grossly insulted her. Upon which, not confidering the brutality of a drunken man, particularly of an illiterate Irishman when drunk, I asked her why she staid to here him? I had no sooner faid this, than I observed I had offended the brute, and accordingly ran out of the green-room into my dreffing-room, which adjoined to it. When I got in, I prudently locked the door, judging that a wretch who could dare to infult a woman with an indelicate conversation, would dastardly strike or misuse any of the fex on a supposed offence. It was a very providential circumstance that I had pursued this step; for I had scarcely done so, when Kelly pursued me, and attempted to force the door; at the fame time fwearing vengeance against me.-What outrages VOL. I. against

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against decency, decorum, and humanity, are drunken men guilty of, even if ignorance and brutality are not united with intoxication! It was no bad custom of the ancient Romans, to make their slaves drunk once a year, that their children might be witnesses to the detestable consequences of inebriation, and early learn to abhor it.

The noise which Kelly made at my dreffing-room door alarmed the audience, and drew the manager to inquire into the cause of it. Finding Kelly thus riotously disposed, he desired him to quit the scenes. The other resusing, Mr. Sheridan ordered him to be turned out by force. He now found room in the pit, as several of the manager's friends, on hearing the disturbance, had left their places, and gone into his room to learn the occasion of it. The play proceeded till we were come to the first scene of the last act, when an orange or apple was thrown at Mr. Sheridan, who played the character of Æsop, and so well directed, that it dented the iron of the salse nose which he wore, into his forehead.

Mr. Sheridan was not only born and bred a gentleman, but possessed as much personal courage as any man breathing. It may, therefore, be supposed, that he would not put up with such an indignity. He went forward, and addressed the audience, or the person that was supposed to throw it; but what he said, my fright then dropped, and the piece left unfinished. The foolish being who had occasioned this confusion, Kelly, now went to the manager's room to demand satisfaction. And this he immediately gave him in the most ample manner, with an oak slick, which, as Æsop, he had carried in his hand during the performance; whilst Kelly, to the great entertainment of such of Mr. Sheridan's friends as were present, fell upon the ground in tears, crying out at the same time, "that he should severly repent this usage to a gentleman." To the disgrace of the military (for he wore a cockade, during this humiliating scene, Mr. Kelly had a sword by his side.

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When the manager had given Kelly this fevere correction for his infolence and brutality, he suffered him to crawl away, for walk he could not, to Lucas's Coffee-House. As soon as he got there, he claimed the compassion of the company; and having informed them how ill he had been used, to interest them the more in his savour, falsely added, that Mr. Sheridan had had the audacity to declare, that he was a better gentleman than any one who had been that night at the theatre. It is necessary here to acquaint you, that Lucas's Coffee-House is the place to which the Irish gentlemen usually resort to decide, in an honourable way, their quarrels. Whilst the combatants

retire into the yard to ecquire glory, the rest of the company slock to the windows, to see that no unfair advantages are taken, and to make bets on which of them falls first. And of these combats, I can affure you, there are not a few; the Hibernians being extremely captious; and very often ready to take offence where none is intended. You must "speak by the card" amongst them, or a quarrel will enfue. They are possessed of the foibles of the country.

It is not to be wondered at, that persons of this cast should be easily excited to enter into any propofal which feemed likely to be productive of a riot. More especially, as most of the frequenters of Lucas's, at that time, had a natural antipathy to all learning, except that kind of knowledge which enabled them to distinguish good claret from bad. They therefore one and all agreed to fally forth, to lay fiege to fmock-Alley Theatre, and facrifice the prefumptious manager of it for having forfeited the name of gentleman, by appearing upon the stage. They likewife had another excitement, which was no lefs powerful with persons of their liberal way of thinking; and that was his having had the misfortune to have had a claffical education, which he had greatly improved by application and intense study.

Mr. Sheridan not supposing any persons could be found weak enough to abet such a cowardly being, imagined the affair was over, at least for that night; and he had retired, to enjoy himself with some of his friends. The theatre was also shut up. The heroes, however, made a brave affault against it, and strove to force the doors. But sinding them too strongly barricaded, to hope for success, they retired.

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The next evening the "Fair Penitent" was to be performed for the benefit of a public charity. Notwithstanding which, upon the appearance of Mr. Sheridan in the character of Horatio, the Bucks, as they termed themselves, immediately arose, and cried, "out with the ladies and down with the house." It is impossible to describe to you the horrors of a riot at a Dublin theatre. The consternation and siight which it occasioned among the ladies, with whom the stage was exceedingly crowded, is beyond conception. Husbands and brothers were busily employed in taking care of their wives and sisters; and all was a scene of consusion.

Mr. Sheridan was early advised by his friends to quit the house; but he would not hear of it. However, when the rioters leaped upon the stage, and threatened his life, he found a retreat absolutely necessary for the preservation of it. Had he not prudently taken this step, those sons of Bacchus would

certainly have put their threats into execution; for they broke open every door in the house, to find the offender, as they called him. These dastardly rushians broke open the wardrobe, and as they could not find the manager, they revenged themselves upon the stuffing of Falstaff, which they stabbed in many places.

In their refearches they did me the honour of a-visit. Two gentlemen of quality having joined the rioters, out of curiosity, one of them Mr. Edward Hussey, now Lord Beaulieu, the other Mr. Mirvan, they came to the door of my dressing-room, and very politely told me, they were come to protect me from insult. But apprehending them, in my fright, to be leaders of the mob, and finding that the rioters were determined to leave no part of the theatre unsearched, instead of returning thanks for their politeness, as I should have done, I answered with some acrimony, that my room was an improbable place to find the person they wanted, as I certainly should not underso, was there a gentleman in it."

Upon this Kelly advanced, and mistaking me as I imagined, for Mrs. Dyer, said I was the — who had occasioned all the disturbance. And I don't know whether I should have escaped further insult, had I not in a resolute tone of voice, ordered them to quit the room. To this at length they consented, upon being permitted to lift up the covering of my toi-

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d v I t lette, to fee whether the manager was there. As foon as they were departed I hurried to my chair, and Mr. Huffey had the humanity to walk by the fide of it, to fee me fafe home. And I was never more rejoiced in my life, than when I found myfelf fecure within the doors.

The magistrates having reason to apprehend that greater mischief would ensue, if the theatre continued open, ordered it to be shut up till the benefits commenced. The affair, however, did not end here; for the College-Boys, as they are usually termed, in order to revenge the cause of their fellow-student, as well as to flew their refentment at being deprived of their favourite amusement, took it into their heads to pay Mr. Fitzgerald, Mr. Kelly, and feveral other ringleaders of the rioters, a morning vifit, and obligingly invited them to partake of a breakfast at their college; where they bestowed as much cold water upon them from their pumps, as ferved to keep their heads perfectly cool to defend their cause against the manager, who had the fame day commenced a profecution against them.

G. A. B.

## EETTER XXIV.

April 10. 17-

AFTER the account I gave you in my last, can you wonder, Madam, at my being less pleased with the profession I was engaged in, than I was when youth and inexperience presented to my view only the pleasing side of it; or that I grew tired of a country where I was subject to such continual alarms? A learned friend of mine frequently made use of the Latin phrase Experientia docet. Experience teaches, I think he told me was the English of it. And I am sure it has tought me, that there is no state of life but what has its inconveniencies as well as its conveniencies; and the odds are, that the latter are more abundant than the former. But let me no longer detain you from my story.

Being always expected at Colonel Buller's when I was not at the theatre, and that family having just heard of the riot, they were much alaimed for my fafety. I consequently, received a very pressing letter the next morning, requesting that I would immediately come to them at their country-house, where they at that time were. But I was so much indisposed, from the terrors I had lately experienced, that I begged to be excused till the day following.

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As my mother had usually so little of my company, the was pleafed with my refusal to go to Colonel Butler's, and proposed great satisfaction from my fpending the day with her. In the afternoon I fent my fervant, Mrs. O'Bryen, of whom I have made honourable mention before, to inquire after our good friend Doctor Walker, who was ill of a fever. About feven o'clock she returned, with a countenance full as expressive of horror as his could be, " who drew Priam's curtains in the dead of night, " and would have told him half his Troy was burnt." She had no fooner entered the room, than fhe began to exclaim in a most doleful tone, "Oh, Madam, Oh " Madam!" which was all she was able to utter; and it was fome time before we could get an explanation from her. At length she informed us, that the poor doctor had died during the last night, and that they were already going to bury him. She added, that as they were about to shroud the body, the orifices which had been made in his arms, on bleeding him before his decease, had blead afresh.

As it was now so late in the evening; as the house we had lately removed to was full two miles from the doctor's residence; as my mother had been confined some months by the rheumatism; and as I was so much indisposed; it was impossible for either my mother or myself to reach the place of his abode time

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enough to prevent his premature interment; which, but for these reasons, we certainly should have done. We likewise found that Mrs. Walker had been prevailed on by the earnest entreaties of her sister, to leave the house, and retire with her to Dunleary. My mother, therefore, ordered the servant to take a coach, and if the corpse was interred, to have it taken up at all events, cost what it would.

You can give the common people of Ireland no greater treat than a wake. Our maid confequently had many companions before she reached the house; especially as she made no secret of her errand. When they arrived, they learned that the body had been interred immediately after her departure, lest the disorder he died of, which was thought to be epidemic, should prove contagious. They were surther informed, that as Mrs. Walker was of the sect of Anabaptists, it had been deposited, by her order, in their burying ground, which was situated at the extremity of the city.

The people who accompanied our fervant, having come out with an intention of fpending the night in their favourite amusement, they now resolved to go to seek the sexton, and carry my mother's commands into execution, but, as it was so late, they could not find his house. They, however, as no obstructions can retard the Irish in any favourite pursuit, clambered

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over the gate, men, women and children, and thus entered the receptacle of the dead. Whilst they fat round the grave, O'Bryen heard, or thought she heard, a groan; which made them expect with great impatience the return of daylight.

As foon as Aurora made her appearance, fome labourers, who had just come to their work, acquainted them where the fexton lived; and he was prevailed on, though not without fome difficulty, to comply with their request. Accordingly, the canonized bones of the doctor, which had, a few hours before, " been hearfed in death, revisited the glimpses of the. " morn." Upon opening the coffin (I shudder whilst I relate the horrid scene) they found the body now totally deprived of life, but observed that the late inhabitant of it had endeavoured to "burst his " cearments," and leave the dreadful mansion in which he was confined. He had actually turned upon his fide; and, as my fervant had reported, his arms had blead afresh. The coffin was carried to the house of the fexton, where multitudes, excited by curiofity, flocked from all parts, to fee this memorable instance of fruitless precaution. The family, however, hearing of the circumstances, the body was ordered to be reinterred, and the affair was hushed up.

Are you casuist enough to tell me how it happens. that we are generally disappointed in the grand expectations of our lives; and find our favourite wifnes croffed? Never was there a more fingular confirmation of this fact, than in the case of the doctor. The fear of being buried alive feems to have engroffed all his thoughts. The apprehensions which arose in his mind, both on his own account and that of others. furnished him with an inexhaustable fund for conversation, and gave frequent employment to his pen. The prefentiment which had taken possession of him was not to be suppressed. But alas! how unavailing, from a combination of preventive circumstances, did it prove !- Let it ferve as a document to us, not to fix our hearts, with too much anxiety, on any object that lies within the reach of the accidents of life, or to indulge too great apprehensions of any dreaded evil.

I must here beg leave to recite a circumstance of a similar nature, with which I have lately been made acquainted.

A lady of the name of *Chaloner*, who reded in fome part of Yorkshire, was supposed to be dead, and the same hasty mode of burial was pursued with her corpse, as with that of my worthy friend the doctor. Before any visible signs of that change, which denotes an impossibility of revival, took place, she was enclosed in her costin, and laid in the family vault.

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When it became necessary to open again the facred repository, behold! to the astonishment, and infinite concern of the unhappy lady's relatives, it was found, that she had burst open the lid of her cossin; which could not have been effected without incredible exertion, and that she was sitting upright in it. This shocking event, it seems, has determined the family, whenever any branch of it dies, to have only a slight lid to the cossin, and that slightly tacked on.

But furely this precaution can answer no good purpose for it would only occasion the unfortunate person whose lot it should happen to be, to experience the same revival, to go through a scene, if possible, more horrible, and more agonizing. Like Juliet in the tomb of her fathers, newly awakened from her temporary decease, the being sensible of their situation; alone, unclothed, deprived of light and food, and inclosed within the narrow limits of a vault, among the dead, without a possibility of relief; would only add to the horror of the scene, and render even the state of the lady who occasioned the precaution, an enviable one.

I was greatly affected at the melancholy accident which had just happened, but my mother was almost distracted at being obliged to break a promise she had so solemnly made, and which would have proved so consonant to the wishes of her old friend. Having,

at the time I first mentioned this promise, given you my sentiments on the observance of it, I shall only add here, that a breach of a solemn engagement is always attended with regret, as my mother now found to her cost.

I have often wondered that humanity, exclusive of affection, does not prevent those who have a regard for persons during their lives, from leaving them in their last moments, through a false tenderness, to the care of nurses and servants, who are usually insensible to every claim but those of their own ease or interest. Too susceptible of pain, from beholding the expiring pangs of a beloved object, they haften from it. Whereas that ought to be the strongest motive for their flay, as these would stimulate them to unremitted affiduity in administering every needful affistance whilst life remains, and to a due attention to the body till its interment. The most pleasurable reflection I now am fenfible of, is, that the three perfons I loved and efteemed most expired in my arms. There were, my dear Miss Conway, my mother, and a worthy and much regretted friend, many of the incidents of whose life you will find hereafter interwoven with my own.

A tear that obtrudes itself on the recollection of scenes, which have already caused me so many, dims my sight;—others follow, and trickle in quick succession

fuccession down my cheek. The subject awakens all my sensibility. And surely, a heart more susceptible of all the tender feelings never throbbed in a semale bosom. The soft essusion overwhelms me.--I must lay down my pen.

Being now a little recovered, I will refume my pen, and as a corroboration of the impropriety of leaving those whom we regard, in their last moments, to the care of nurses and servants, relate to you the circumstances of the late Mr. Holland's death.

This gentleman was fo extremely ill upon the turn of the small-pox, and nature appeared to be so totally subdued by the powerful disease, that he was supposed by the nurse who attended him to be an inhabitant of the other world. His corpse was of course stript by her, and laid out in the usual way.

The physician who had attended him, coming a few hours after, was, to his inexpressible surprise, informed that he was dead. As he had not entertained any apprehensions when last he was there of so sudden a change, he desired to see the state of the body. He was accordingly shown into the room, when he found that some symptoms of life remained. Upon which, he ordered the bed to be immediately warmed, and the body to be placed between the blankets.

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of v, k This was done; and in about an hour, the unhappy young man gave figns of returning life; till at length he was able to utter, "I am in heaven!" But his blood had been so thoroughly chilled by the exposure of his body, through the precipitance of his rapacious nurse, and the fatal disease had so totally subdued the vital warmth, that every restorative measure which could be used, proved ineffectual!—and he probably fell a facrifice to the evil I have been lamenting. His dying exclamation, however, I hope was verified.

As I cannot impress this subject too much, having frequently seen the unhappy consequences of it, and at the same time to rescue my ideas from the melancholy train which the subject of premature interments, and rapacious nurses, has thrown them into, I will entertain you with a droll incident that happened to a friend of Mr. Woodward's, by whom I have frequently heard it related.

This gentleman, whose name is Morgan, had brought himself, by an unremitting application to study, into an hypochondriacal way, which, at length attained to such a height, that he supposed himself upon the verge of the grave. The attendance of a nurse being now thought necessary, he sent for one of those unseeling strippers of the dead.

—The invalid's disorder, however, continued to gain

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gain ground, till at last he fancied he saw the grim monster, death, approach with hasty strides. As he one day lay in this dejected state, with his arms out of bed, the harpy that attended him cast her eyes upon his sleeve buttons, which appeared to her to be of gold. But not being certain, her rapacity impelled her to ask the gentleman whether they were really of that valuable metal. Upon this answering in the affirmative, and concluding that she should now soon enter upon her favourite employment, she requested, that he would permit her to put him on one of his best shirts, that he might appear clean and decent when he died. At the same time she foolishly added, that whatever he had about his person, when he made his exit, was a perquisite belonging to her.

This was too much to be borne.—Under fuch a trial, the extremest patience, or most confirmed hypochondria, could not stand against the sudden impulses of resentment—His nerves instantly recovered their usual tone—The blood slowed with its accustomed velocity—And his strength, which had only been suppressed by the force of the imagination, retrieved in a moment its elastic powers—The gentleman immediately leaped out of bed; sent the nurse about her business; forgot his indisposition; and has never since, that I have heard, had any return of the enervating disorder.

G. A. B,

## LETTER XXV.

April 17, 17-.

IT being impossible for me to leave my mother in the fituation she was reduced to by the late melancholy incident, I fent an apology to my respected patroness, informing her, at the same time, of the cause. From the many difagreeable circumstances which had lately occurred, one upon another, my mind took as ferious a turn as when I lived in retirement at the Farmer's at Ingatestone. I lost my vivacity, and delighted more in being alone than in company. To this, the frequent visits of Mr. Crump, who I now found courted me by proxy, made no little addition. His being always a constant attendant at my mother's parties rendered home difagreeable to me.

My mother endeavoured to find out the cause of a change fo totally contrary to my natural disposition, but in vain. Having heard me speak warmly in praise of the outward attractions of Medlicote, she wa apprehensive that the superficial qualifications of that empty man had captivated me. But when she reflected that she had as frequently heard me declare that I

would

would not marry him, were he difengaged and offered me his hand; placing a confidence in that fincerity which had ever been my boast, her fears vanished relative to him. What then could be the cause? for a cause there must be. This perplexed her. And as she was very desirous of seeing me married to Mr. Crump, preferring easy circumstances to happines, she was anxious to find out and remove it.

Whilft I appeared in public, fhe was neither furprized nor displeased at seeing verses addressed to me from one dying fwain or other; but my praise having been frequently refounded by an unknown Strephon, fince the theatre had been flut up, and I lived a more recluse life, her fears were excited by it. And laying afide the forrow fhe had lately fuffered for her deceased friend, substituted in its room anxiety for her living daughter. So suspicious now was she become of my having entered into fome tender engagement without her consent, that even the strongest testimony of affection I could give her, that of almost constantly staying at home with her, could not remove her apprehensions. It even added to them, as the confidered fuch noval behaviour only as a contrivance to hear the oftner from this favourite admirer.

Upon my mother's intrusting Mr. Crump with her suspicions, he also took the alarm, and never rested

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till he had discovered the author of the verses which had been the cause of their sears, and as they supposed, of the alteration in my temper.

In the neighbourhood of our residence lived a gentlewoman who was related to most of the Catholics of distinction in the kingdom of Ireland. She had married a Mr. Kendall, belonging to the Custom-House, by whom she had several children. Finding, however, her husband's income inadequate to the support of so large a family, she had, agreeable to the advice of her friends, set up a subscription cardassembly. Her daughters likewise employed themselves in making the linen of their relations, for which they were generally well paid.

As this affembly was kept in Britain-Street, which joined to Summer-Hill, where we refided; having been often invited to go to it, I one day fent my name down, and went the fame evening. I had the honour of being personally known to most of the company. There was a young gentleman, however, whom I could not recollect that I had ever seen before, though as I was afterwards informed, he had been my constant attendant and admirer at the theatre. His name was Jephson, and he was of Trinity-College. Whilst I sat cards, this youth was rivited to the back of my chair; and upon my getting up to go home, he requested leave to escort me.

When

When he reached my mother's, without having the least idea of giving her umbrage or room for cenfure, I asked him in, that I might have an opportunity of introducing him to her. I could not help observing, that she received him with unusual formality and reserve. As soon as he was gone, my mother asked me how long I had been acquainted with Mr. Jephson? I told her, with a composure that staggered her, that to the best of my knowledge I had not seen him till that night. Not satisfied with that declaration, she desired that I would give her my honour to what I had said. To which I replied, with an insolence that stabs me to the heart as I repeat it, "I will never give my honour, Madam, to any one "who dares to dispute my word."

I had no fooner uttered the word dares, than the impropriety of it immediately struck me. And every time the conversation occurs to my memory, I feel an inexpressible pang at my having presumed to make use of it to a parent.—Remorse and disquietude ought to be the portion of all those who lose sight of the duty they owe to their parents—Honour thy father and thy mother—how strong the injunction!—and how pleasing the reward—that thy days may be long, &c. Next to the reverence due from us to the universal Parent of mankind, stands the duty we owe ther, without any reserve, of the cause of my late thought-

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our earthly parents; one is equally as obligatory as the other. Thank Heaven! it was only in this inflance, and this was not from the heart, that I ever knowingly offended the author of my birth. It was my misfortune to be tenacious to a degree, relative to the attribute I so much valued myself on, sincerity; and whatever seemed to reslect on that, gave me offence. I was conscious of my petulence (to call it by no harsher name) the moment it escaped me; yet reluctant to acknowledge my error, or to submit as I ought to have done, I ordered the horses to be put too, before my mother was up, and set off to join my beloved friends.

Alarmed at my perfeverence, and knowing my temper was to be moulded to her own wishes by gentle means, but, if controuled, that it would run retrogade, even to the extreme of obstinacy, she sent a messenger to me with a letter the next day. In it she requested that I would excuse what she had said the day before, it being the result of her apprehensions for my welfare, as she had been informed that Mr. Jephson, the young gentleman who had seen me home, was the enamorato who had sung my praise so frequently of late. To which she added, that the unusual reserve and gloom which had for some time clouded my brow, seemed to confirm her suspicions; which if well founded, as she hoped they were not,

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must prove destructive to my happiness, he being entirely dependent on his relations, and had it not in his power to provide for me as she could wish.

My mother's condescension affected me the more. as I was by this time, from the reflections which I had leifure to indulge, truly fensible that I had been to blame; and the more fo, from her dependent fituation on me, which ought to have made me more circumspect in my duty towards her, and the more careful of giving her offence. There is a delicacy in this point, of which unthinking and vulgar minds are not succeptible; but it weighs much with every well-bred person, and all such as have a just idea of propriety of conduct. I wrote her confequently a fubmiffive answer, and informed her that I would return the next day. But an express arriving with an account that Lord Lansborough, a near relation of Colonel Butler's, was dangerously ill, we all returned to Dublin the fame evening.

I was not displeased at being obliged to return so soon, as I was miserable till I made an atonement to my mother for my undutiful behaviour. She received me with that pleasure which is ever united with real affection, and I never spent an evening with more satisfaction. Being thus reconciled to each other, and that considence which had hitherto subsisted betwen us being restored, she desired me to inform

her.

thoughtfulness, I acquainted her, with truth, that it folely arose from the precariousness of my present situation, which every day became more and more disagreeable to me. I then recapitulated the following circumstances:

In the first place I was apprehensive that as foon as the theatre was opened again Mr. Sheridan would appear in the characters of Antony, Romeo, &c. and from playing with a person so disqualified by nature for fuch parts, I too much feared I should loose in fome measure the reputation I had gained .- In the next place, the declining health of my worthy and much loved Mrs. Butler gave me great uneasiness. And as she proposed going to Spa for her recovery, and after that to the South of France, it would be a very very long time before I had the happiness to see her again, if ever I did .- To these causes of sorrow may be added the loss of Mis St. Leger's company. A friend for whom I had the tenderest regard, and who had staid but a short month in Dublin. Mrs. O'Hara was likewife confined to her room, by which I was deprived of being with her fo much as duty and affection prompted. The last, but not the least reason of my disquiet, was my apparent ingratitude to Mr. Quin. My leaving England without confulting him on the engagement I was about to enter into, or even without taking leave of him, often flruck

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kruck me forcibly, and gave me many a pang. A false modesty, I now perceived, had made me avoid that dear man. Instead of considering him as my Mentor, and unbosoming myself to him upon every occasion that required the counsel of experience and probity, I left the country in which he refided. From him should I have always been fure of meeting with relief, compassion, and comfort. My regard for him was truly filial. Whilst I loved him, I dreaded his frowns more than any misfortune which could befall me. But bashfulness conquered affection .-With fincerity and truth thus did I unfold to my mother the causes of that alteration in my demeanour, which she could not account for. As there is a confidence attending innate rectitude that commands belief, she readily gave credit to my affertions, and was convinced of the propriety of my feelings.

My vanity prompts me to infert here some lines that my Inamorato, Mr. Jephson, wrote upon me in the character of Belvidera.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Hail child of Nature, and the pride of Art!

<sup>&</sup>quot; Equally form'd to GLAD and pain the heart.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Thro' various raffions you accomplish'd shine,

<sup>&</sup>quot;Your looks expressive speak the coming line.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Ador d while living, with applause you die:

<sup>&</sup>quot; Each judge beholds you with a Jaffier's eye."

And I shall conclude my letter with the last proofs that gentleman gave of the tenderness he undoubtedly entertained for me.

Some years after I had left Ireland, Mr. Mossop informed me, that this amiable youth, with whom he was upon terms of intimacy, took my departure so much to heart, that he would sit up, for whole nights together, upon the steps belonging to the door of the house in which I had resided. In short, he seemed to be in that state described by Thomson in the following lines:\*

Thus the warm youth,
Whom love deludes into his thorny wils,
Thro' flowry tempting paths; or leads a life
Of fever'd rapture, or of cruel care;
His brightest aims extinguish'd all, and all
His lively moments running down to waste.

By this imprudent exposure of his person to the unwholesome dews of the night, he, in a short time brought his health into such a dangerous state, from the repeated colds he took, that a disorder was the consequence, which ere long put a period to his life.

When he found his last hour approaching, he called his friend, Mr. Mossop, to his bed-side, and earnestly requested of him, that he would place a small

<sup>\*</sup> Spring, line 1103.

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small piece of ribband, which he constantly wore about him, next his heart, when he was dead, so that it might be buried with him.

Mr. Mosfop who was not much acquainted with the tender feelings of a lover, expressed his surprise at so odd a request, as he could not conceive what could be the virtue which lay in a bit of old ribband. Upon which the dying youth told him, that as he had not been so fortunate as to be able to procure a lock of my hair, for which he had frequently solicited, he had, by seeing my dresser, obtained that invaluable treasure; and such was his regard for the person to whom it had belonged, that if he thought he should be buried without it, his last moments would be imbittered by the appprehension.

Mr. Mossop, it may be supposed, complied with the last request of his young friend. And as he afterwards repeated the circumstance to me, he exclaimed, "So you see, madam, you have killed your man!" But as the insensibility he showed upon the occasion, was not in the least correspondent with my humane disposition, instead of relishing what he thought a bon mot, I could not help despising him for it; and testified the difference of our feelings, by paying a tribute of tears to the ill-sated youth, whose untimely death I found was attributed to me.

G. A. B.

## MAN CAMPALETTER XXVI.

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April 24, 17-

Le deservication and a service IT will foon be feen that the apprehensions I entertained relative to my fituation at the theatre were realized; and that the greatest error I had ever committed was the rejecting Mr. Garrick's offer. The next day I was informed that the Lord-Mayor had permitted Mr. Sheridan to open the theatre; but he was not allowed to perform till his trial with the perfons who caused the riot was decided.

I am now about to mention an incident in my life, which relates to persons who have made a very confpicuous figure in the great world. As I was returning one day from rehearfal, at the bottom of Britain-Street, I heard the voice of distress. Yielding to an impulse of humanity, I overleaped the bounds of good breeding, and entered the house from whence it proceeded. When I had done this, led by an irrefistible attraction, I entered without ceremony the parlour, the door of which appeared to be guarded by persons not at all fuited to those within. I here found a woman of a most elegant figure, surrounded by four beautiful girls, and a sweet boy of about three years of age. After making the necessary apologies for my abrupt intrusion, I informed the lady, that as the lamentations mentations of her little family had reached my ears as I passed by, I had taken the liberty of a neighbour to inquire if I could render her any service.

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Mrs. Gunning, for that was the lady's name, arose immediately from her feat, and calling me by my name, thanked me for the offer of my affiflance, complimenting me at the fame time, upon possessing fuch humane fensations. She then informed me, that having lived beyond their income, her husband had been obliged to retire into the country, to avoid the disagreeable consequences that must ensue. That she had been in hopes that her brother, Lord Mayo, listening to the dictates of fraternal affection, would not fuffer a fifter and her family to be reduced to diftress; but that his Lordship remained inflexible to her repeated folicitations. The ill-looking men, I now found, had entered the house by virtue of an execution, and were preparing to turn her and her children out of doors.

Upon this, Mrs. Gunning and myfelf went up stairs to consult what was best to be done in so disagreeable a predicament. We there determined that I should return home, and send my man-servant, who was to wait under the window of the drawing-room in the evening, and bring to my house every thing that could be thrown to him. It was further agreed, that as my mother and I had more room than we could con-

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veniently

veniently accupy, the children and their fervant should remain with us, whilft she went to her husband to affift him in fettling his affairs. The whole of our plan being carried into execution, Miss Burke, Mrs. Gunning's fifter, a lady of exemplary piety, who had paffed her probation in the community of Channel-Row, fent shortly after for the two youngest girls, and the two eldest were permitted, to my great pleasure, to remain at our house. As the beauty of these ladies has fince made fo much noise in the world. and has been fo recently imprinted on the memory of every rank, it will be unnecessary here to give a description of them. I shall, therefore, only obferve, that the eldest, Maria, the late Counters of Coventry, was all life and spirits; and that Miss Betty, the younger, now Dutches of Argyll, &c. &c. with a longer train of noble titles than perhaps ever woman enjoyed before her, was more referved and folid.

Here let me flop to bestow a remark once more on the strange vicissitudes of this sublunary state! Innumerable are the instances to be found in history, and many happen within our own observation, of the rise and fall of families. Some we see, whose homours and affluence appear to be founded on so broad and permanent a basis, that neither time nor accident can affect them; and yet in a few short

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years, undermined by unforfeen and unavoidable events, they diffolve away, and, like "the baseless " fabrick of a vision, leave not a rack behind." Whilst others, from being environed with distress; apprehensive of the approach of penury; and nearly a prey to despair; through incidents equally unaccountable and fudden, the darkfome clouds all cleared away, find themselves exalted to a state of folendour, with the hopes of which the most luxuriant fallies of their imagination could not have flattered them. Permit me to detain you a moment longer, whilft I just add, by way of illustration, that the very page of history prefents us with a memorable inftance of the inftability of human happiness in the fate of the first created pair. From the neverceasing and inexpressible joys of paradife, where every wish was anticipated, and pleasures, real and lasting, grew fpontaneously, did our great progenitors find themselves driven into a world of care, affliction, and uncertainty, there to earn, by a life of labour and toil, a precarious subfistance. What a heart-rending reverse to this once happy pair!

Here I must beg your permission to relate to you a singular anecdote concerning the ladies who have given rise to the foregoing reslection, and myself, which I have lately recollected. I say, beg your permission; because whilst the incident seems to carry

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with

with it the appearance of great credulity in me, the relation of it here will look as if I expected to find fome degree of the same propensity in you.

But as the fact really happened, and I can vouch for the truth of it, I will give you the circumstances of it, just as they arose, without endeavouring to account for a prescience, the verity of which has since been confirmed with the most extraordinary punctuality. Her grace of Argyll, who was one of the trio, will, I doubt not, readily recollect the adventure.

The eldest Miss Gunning, conscious of her charms, even at that early period of her life, and wishing to know whether they would procure her that elevation which her youthful wanity taught her to hope for, prevailed upon me to accompany her and her sister Betsey, to a sybil, alias a semale fortune-teller, who, from some lucky discoveries she had made (probably through her having privately acquired a knowledge of the parties) was considered as an oracle throughout the whole city of Dublin. So great was the same she had acquired by her reputed skill in prognostication, that she was dubbed with the pre-eminent title of Madam Fortune, as if she was the blind directress of events herself, or her immediate representative.

That:

That we might avoid, as much as possible, giving the prophetess any clue by which to judge of our real situation in life, we all three habited ourselves in mean atire, and instead of going in the carriage, walked to her house. To add to the deception, I put on a wedding-ring, which I had borrowed of a friend for that purpose,

Upon Miss Molly's being ushered into her presence, she without any hesitation, told her, that she would be titled (fo she expressed herself) but far from happy, -When Miss Betsey appeared, she declared that she would be great to a degree, and that she would be happy in the connections which conduced to that greatness; but from a want of health, (which alone can give value either to riches or grandeur) she would find a confiderable abatement to that happiness .when your humble fervant presented herself, she faid I might take off the ring I wore, as I never was, nor ever would be married, unless I played the fool in my old age. To this fhe added, that opulence would court me, and flattery follow me; notwithstanding which, through my own folly, I should be brought to indigence.

I will not, as I faid before, pretend to account for this extraordinary instance of anticipating suture events; but a retrospection of the five preceding volumes of my life will prove, that the old sybil hap-

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pened to be right in her predictions of the future fate of my two visitants, as well as myself. But so little heeded by me were the admonitions they ought to have conveyed, that I thoughtlessly ran on the rock I was cautioned to be ware of, and unhappily split upon it.

I would not by this story be thought to countenance the numerous impostors, who, under the name
of Fortune-tellers, rob the credulous and unwary
of their money and time. Far be a wish from me to
add to the credulity, which at present reigns among
the weaker part of my own sex. Such is not my
design in relating it; nor will it, I trust, have that
effect. And, in order to mollify any censures which
may arise, from my introducing into a work intended
to instruct as well as entertain, any thing that seems
to have a contrary tendency, I shall (as you have hitherto been pleased with my quotations) conclude the
anecdote with the beautiful description \* Otway has
given of one of the divining fraternity, and shelter
myself under so long established a precedent.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Through a close lane as I pursued my journey,

<sup>&</sup>quot; I espy'd a wrinkled hag, with age grown double,

<sup>&</sup>quot; Picking dry slicks, and mumbling to herself;

<sup>&</sup>quot; Her eyes with scalding rheum were gall'd and red;

<sup>&</sup>quot; Cold palfy shook her head; her hands feem'd wither'd;

<sup>&</sup>quot; And

<sup>\*</sup> Orphan, Scene II. Act IV.

- " And o'er her crooked shoulders had she wrapp'd'
- " The tatter'd remnant of an old flrip'd hanging,
- " Which ferv'd to keep her carcass from the cold;
- " So there was nothing of a piece about her.
- " Her lower weeds were all o'er coarfely patch'd
- " With different colour'd rags, black, red, white, yellow,
- " And feem'd to speak variety of wretchedness.
- " I ask'd her of my way, which she inform'd me;
- " Then crav'd my charity, and bade me hasten
- " To fave a fifter."

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This feason Mr. Woodward, an actor of the first merit in comedy, came to Dublin, and joined our company. About the same time Mr. Foote arrived to give tea, as he termed his exhibition; which consisted of mimicry, wherein he imitated or took off the voice and manner of most of the performers in England and Ireland. I never could find out what analogy there was between tea and the talent of mimicry. But as our modern Aristophanes was, undoubtedly, a man of learning, as well as of wit and humour, there must be a propriety in his adopting the apellation, though it lies beyond the reach of my weak intellects.—

I have, however, since learnt from Mr. Wilkinson, manager of the York company, the following circumstances relative to it.

Our modern Areftophanes being, once upon a time, in so distressed a situation, that he must either strike some bold stroke to procure a subsistence, or starve,

his fertile brain suggested to him this expedient. He advertised that he would give tea, and the manœuvre succeeded to his wish.

Mr. Wilkinson adds, that he was obliged himself to have recourse to the same measure some years ago at Norwich; and he accordingly held out the same device on his benefit night. Attracted by so advantageous an alurement, and concluding that they were really to regale themselves upon tea, in addition to the usual theatrical repast, people slocked from all quarters to partake of the nouvelle entertainment.

The theatre, accordingly, soon overslowed. The only difficulty that appeared to damp their expectations, and which surnished them with a subject for conversation till the curtain drew up, was how Mr. Wilkinson could possibly procure a sufficient quantity of cups, saucers, and the other appendages of the tea equipage, for such a number of people. And in this doubt they remained, till, at length, to their inexpressible disappointmen and chagrin, they found the promised treat to consist only of mimicry.

The imitations, of course, were neither felt nor understood; and the audience retired, much dissatisfied with their evening's amusement; and, at the same time entertaining no very savourable opinion of the person who had thus, as they imagined, deceived them. And, even to this hour, there are many per-

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fons in and about Norwich, who do not fail whenever the supposed deception becomes the subject of conversation, to load the ingenious mimic with the opprobious title of *Pickpochet*.

As I have mentioned Mr. Wilkinson's name, I will entertain you with some anecdotes of him, which I think you will not be displeased with.

Mr. Wilkinson, about ten years ago, was engaged by the managers of the Edinburgh and Glafgow theatres, to play fome nights with each of them. Being upon his journey from the former city to the latter, he stopped at the half-way house to dine; and, as I have given you in my "Apology," an account of my agreeable journey from the capital to the delightful city of Glafgow, I can even now, accompany him, in idea, in his pleafing tour. When the dinner was ferved up, he found there was great plenty of provisions, and only himself to partake of it. The quality, indeed, of the feveral diffies, was not of the most dainty kind, the people of that country being in general not very particular in that point; as their giving me, upon my arrival in Edinburgh a piece of coarfe thornback for turbot, must have convinced you.

Mr. Wilkinson seeing the table thus spread with more viands than were sufficient for one person, rung for the master of the inn (the mistress, in that part of the

the world, seldom being visible, but to a favoured few, to inquire whether there was any company in the house, who would partake with him of the plentiful dinner, and pass a sociable hour with him after.

To this the host replied, that there was only one gentleman in the house; who, he dared say, would be glad of the offer, as soon as he came down stairs, which he was then about to do. Upon Mr. Wilkinson's asking if he knew the name of the gentleman, the landlord readily told him it was Mr. Wilkinson, the Manager of the York Theatre, who was walking by choice, to Glasgow, where he was engaged to perform a few nights.

Struck with this intelligence, the real Mr. Wilhinfon informed his hoft, that there was not a man in
the world for whom he had a greater regard than the
manager of the York Company, and therefore should
be extremely glad to see him. At the same time he
cold not help inquiring what was the reason of the
manager's lying a-bed so late, it being then past four
o'clock in the afternoon. He received for answer,
that Sir John Sinclair and some of his friends having
spent the preceding evening there, and hearing that
so celebrated a performer was in the house, they had
requested the favour of his company to sup with
them. This invitation the pedestrian traveller had
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meadily accepted; but unfortunately had \* fmoked formuch, and made fo free with the bottle, that it was with great difficulty he could be got to bed.

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It must be supposed, that Mr. Wilkinsan was not a little impatient to behold a person who had thus assumed his name. He accordingly requested that the gentleman might be immediately introduced. When to his no small surprise, in walked a figure, not the most prévoyant in his appearance, and who turned out to be Mr. Chalmers of the Norwich company.

Mr. Wilkinson affured his name-sake that he was extremely glad to see him; but as it would have been imprudent in the highest degree, to suffer the counterfeit Sosia to carry on the deception any longer, an explanation, not of the most agreeable kind, took place. Chalmers finding himself thus detected, apologized for the liberty he had taken; and by way of excuse said, he thought the name of the Manager of the York Company a much better travelling name, and more likely to procure him credit on the road, than his own.

Naturally endowed with much good-nature, Mr. Wilkinson accepted the apology, notwithstanding the unwarrantable conduct of the other; and having granted his new companion forgiveness, they sat down together to dinner. This lenient conduct procured the real maniger so many acknowledgments

<sup>\*</sup> It is very unusual to call for pipes in Scotland, as well as in England, among gentlemen of any politeness.

from the fictitious one, and so many bumper toasts to his health and prosperity, which, out of complaisance, he was obliged to pledge, that he began to find that a continuance of his courtesy would soon reduce him to the state his companion had been in the night before, and compel him to lie till as late an hour the next day.

By this time, Chalmers had poured down his throat two bottles of Edinburgh ale, and more than a bottle of Port-wine, exclusive of several drams; and he was now bawling, like Trapanti, for more. Such being the situation of things, Mr. Withinson thought proper to put a stop to it, by calling for the bill.

When it was brought, Chalmers, with great effrontery, confidering what had passed, very composedly requested that his companion would pay the whole of it, promising to repay his share when he reached Glasgow, where he was engaged to play a few nights at a very high salary. As Mr. Wilkinson had intended to consider him as his guest, he discharged the bill, and ordered the chaise to be got ready immediately. And when it drew up to the door, Chalmers, without being in the least restrained by the offence he had given, requested that he might be permitted to make use of that conveyance to Glasgow.

This request the easy manager likewise complied with; but just as he was entering the chaise, another bill.

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er II, bill, to the amount of two pounds and upwards, was put into his hands, specifying that it was for sundries had by Mr. Wilkinson. Upon his inquiring of Chalmers, how the demand arose, he coolly told him, that he had found it necessary to regale himself there, during the two preceding days, in order to recover himself from the fatigue he had undergone in walking from York, and to enjoy the beauties of the country.

Though Mr. Wilkinson did not much relish this part of the adventure, yet, believing that his new acquaintance was really engaged to play at Glasgow, as he had affured him, and that there was consequently a chance of his being reimbursed, he discharged this bill also. Nothing now retarded their journey, he would have set off; but his companion could not be prevailed on to stir, till he had tossed off two bottles more of the Edinburgh ale.

When they arrived at the end of their journey, being heartily tired of fo disagreeable a companion, Mr. Wilkinson desired at the inn to be shewn into a room by himself; and immediately dispatched a messenger to the manager of the Glasgow Company, requesting to speak with him. As soon as that gentleman arrived, after the first salutations were over, he congratulated Mr. Wilkinson upon his recovery from the debauch he had committed the evening he was in company

company with Sir John Sinclair. This of course led to an explanation; when the Glasgow manager, justly incensed at such a slagrant fallacy, declared that he neither had, nor would by any means, engage the perpetrator of it.

The confequence was, that Chalmers, finding his delufive schemes prove unsuccessful, as indeed they generally do, he was obliged to have recourse to the humanity of the performers. A collection was accordingly made for him, to which my good-natured friend, notwithstanding the impositions which had been practised upon him, contributed his quota; thereby giving another proof of the extent of his good-nature.

I will here take the opportunity of adding. hort description of the age, figure, manner, and deportment, of the gentleman who had been the subject of the foregoing anecdote.—Mr. Tate Wilkinson was born on the 27th of October, in the year 1739. His person is tall; his countenance rather sportive than beautiful; and his manner agreeable. As to his theatrical talents, they are far above the common rank; he has infinite merit in comedy, and excells in mimicry.

His first appearance was in Dublin, in the year 1757, where he remained till the following year. He joined the Edinburgh company in 1763, during

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the time I had a share in the management of it; where, by his unremitted application, and great merit in every line of the drama, he rendered himself a valuable acquisition to the community. To sum up the whole of his character in a sew words, he has always been justly admired as an actor, beloved as a man, and esteemed as a friend.

Mr. Sheridan being now permitted again to tread the stage, some of the apprehensions which had been the cause of my uneafiness began to be realized. He played, as I had apprehended, the character of Antony. But, oh! what a falling off was here! instead of the filver-toned voice and bewitching figure of a Barry, which used to enchant the audience, formality and monotonous declamation prefented itself. The difference was too confpicuous to escape the observation of the public. And every one regretted the loss of his great powers in the part of Ventidius, wherein, as I have before observed, he was truly capital; as indeed he was in all fententious characters. To render, however, the piece as pleafing as possible, a dance of gladiators was introduced as an entertainment to the enamoured queen. To add to my diffress during my performing the part of Cleopatra, Mrs. Kennedy happening unfortunately to have a ragged tail to her drefs, pulled upon the flage: after her, the half of a kettle drum. Alarmed at

hearing

hearing so uncommon a noise, I turned about, whilst in the warmth of my inquiry after my much-loved hero, and seeing the droll circumstance that occasioned it, I could not refrain from bursting into a loud sit of laughter, in which the audience joined me. Nor could I compose my countenance till the asp had finished my night's duty.

As there was foon an effential difference in the receipts of the house from what they had been during the last season, I was desired by the manager to give orders to all the young ladies of my acquaintance that would condescend to accept of them. In confequence of this desire, scarcely a night passed on which I did not grant an introduction to several with whom I had formed an intimacy at Mrs. Kendall's affembly, as well as my two lovely visitants.

Mr. Woodward being attacked by Foote in his humourous exhibition, got up, in his defence, a piece, which he termed "Tit for Tat, or a Dish of Chocolate." This was attended with such success, that his rival, being defeated at his own weapons, lest the field to his opponent, and precipitately retired to the Haymarket-Theatre. When the benefits commenced, Mr. Woodward, exclusive of his agreement with the manager, received ten guineas a night from each performer, at whose benefit the piece just mentioned was acted.

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When I first made my appearance at Covent-Garden Theatre, this gentleman had folicited my hand. A refusal being given, we were not, from that time, on the best terms. Refentment, however, giving way to interest, he was very happy to have a tolerable actress perform with him. The Careless Husband was revived. His Lord Foppington was, as usual, justly admired. Nor did I fail of applause in Lady Betty Modish. I wish I could say as much of the manager. He played the character of Sir Charles Easy; but it would, I think, have been more a-propos if the fyllable un had been prefixed to the last word, and the baronet's name had been Sir Charles Uneafy; fo aukwardly did the part fit on the performer of it. The characters of this play were dreffed, by direction of Mr. Sheridan, in the manufactory of Ireland, which he judiciously thought, would increase at once his popularity and receipts.

I cannot omit reciting a droll accident, which will convince you in what favour I must stand with the Irish audience. Sir Courtly Nice was got up, but as I had not time to get even the words of the part in the scene where he was courting his own sweet person in the glass, while he was singing to me, I took an opportunity to glide off the stage, and left the courtly knight to conclude the scene, by making love to his own admired person. Notwithstanding the

play

play was greatly hurt by my absence in the most capital scene, yet the spectators received me as cordially as ever.

The feafon drawing to a conclusion, my mother, at my request, determined to return to England. And this refolution was accelerated by the treasurer of the theatre bringing in my account, with a charge of seventy-five pounds for orders, As it was the express defire of the manager, that these orders were issued, I could by no means admit of fuch an imposition. A dispute consequently ensued between Mr. Sheridan and myfelf, when I abfolutely refused to play any more. Mr. Victor the treasurer, however, came to me the next day, with the balance of my account, offering to pay me the whole fum, if I would enter into a fresh engagement. But the illiberal treatment I received upon this occasion from the manager would have induced me to withhold my confent, had not the reasons alleged added their weight to fix me in the performance of my refolution.

Before my departure, I took leave of all my acquaintance. A painful task to a susceptible mind! Mrs. O'Hara pressed me to her bosom with the most affectionate warmth; and we did not part without many tears. My dear and honoured patroness, together with her much-loved daughter, shewed the tenderest concern at losing me; and the pain I selt upon

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well as my aunt, made me some considerable presents. The separation from such invaluable friends, for such they were in the strictest sense of the word, would not have been so pungent, had there been a probability of my seeing either my aunt or Mrs. Butler again. From the age and infirmities of the sormer it was not to be expected. And the illness of the latter, though lingering, was pronounced to be fatal.

One inducement for hastening our departure was, that Lord Tyrawley was returned from his embassy at Russia, and was coming to Dublin to pay the last duties to his sister, Mrs. O'Hara. My mother seemed to regret nothing so much as leaving Mr. Crump; for whom, from the intimacy that had subsisted between them, she entertained great respect. Upon our return, that gentleman advised her to lay out what money she had saved, which was no inconsiderable sum, in Irish linens. This she did, and found it turn out to advantage.

The friendship I had entertained for my two lovely visitors was now increased to the tenderest affection. If there was any difference, it was in favour of the elder, whose disposition nearly resembled my own; and from whom I felt it the most painful to part. This partiality created no little jealousy in the bosom of Miss Butler, who claimed the first place in m

heart,

heart, from the priority of our acquaintance. And to an indifferent person, the letters I received from her, upon that occasion, would appear to have been distated by the green-eyed monster himself. But that young lady was foon convinced of the permanency of my attachment to her; and though I have not had the pleafure of feeing her for many years, it still continues unabated.

the shed at Magneton server and a G. A. B.

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Odo, indocency for help my graps departments.

el la segret porbleg for your best invited. Met County;

-10 destibilal lied ters gramme els . April 29, 17-. COULD not leave a kingdom where I had met with fo favourable a reception in public; where I had received so many civilities from persons of the highest rank; and where I was honoured with the friendship of some of the most amiable of my own fex; without yielding to the whifpers of gratitude, and returning back one tributary figh. But fuch a variety of circumstances having rendered a longer abode in Ireland difagreeable, I own it was not without great fatisfaction, that I found myfelf once more in Engand. A Mary Say start on housens with wang and I

on the special day but handers call and take the Upon

Upon our arrival in London my mother wrote to Mr. Garrick, informing him of it. Happening to be in town, he immediately fent to us, requesting we would dine with him that day. He had at that time apartments in King-street, Covent-Garden, and we had hired lodgings in Southampton-street. He received us with that chearfulness and civility which constituted a part of his character. During our visit we laughed over many incidents which had happened whilst we were together in Ireland; particularly, the confequential prefent he had received from my dear friend Mrs. Butler. And he much regretted, that it was not in his power, from the present situation of his company, to admit me into it; Mrs. Cibber, Mrs. Clive, and Mrs. Pritchard, engroffing all the principal characters. At parting he requested, that nothing might interrupt the harmony which then subsisted between us. As I had not then heard of the declaration he had made, relative to his mever engaging me upon any terms, as before meationed, I promifed to continue on a friendly footing with him.

I inquired after my valued friend Mr. Quin, and was informed that he was at Bath, to which place he usually retired during the recess. As soon as Mr. Rich heard of our return, he sent Mr Bencrast, a performer for whom he he had a particular friendship, and who therefore resided with him, to give us an in-

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vitation to pay him a vifit at Cowley, where he then was. As I was very defirous to fee that fweet fpot, of the beauties of which I had heard fo much talk, I did not hesitate, for my own part, to become his guest; but was prevented, for the present, by an engagement of my mother's.

This place, which was the fummer refidence of Mr. Rich, and to which he was making very confiderable improvements, formerly belonged to the well known Mrs. Montford, now Mrs. Vanbruggen, wife to the promising actor of that name, who was unfortunately murdered as he was efcorting the celebrated Mrs. Bracegirdle home from the theatre. On Mrs. Montford was the justly celebrated and well-known ballad of Black-eyed Susan written by Mr. Gay. Lord Berkeley's partiality for this lady, induced him to leave her at his decease three hundred pounds a year, on condition that she never married. His Lordship likewise purchased Cowley for her, and she besides received from him, at times, very confiderable fums. After this she fell in love with that very capital actor Mr. Booth, but the defire of retaining her annuity prevented her from being joined in the bands of wedlock with the lover whom she preferred to number that were candidates for her favour. This confideration obstructing, the union could not take place, and Mr. Booth foon found another mate.

Mrs. Vanbruggen had contracted an intimacy with Miss Santlow, a lady celebrated as a dancer, and esteemed a tolerable actress. She was the declared favourite of Secretary Craggs, through whose liberality she became possessed of a fortune sufficient to enable her to live independent of the stage. What Mrs. Vanbruggen could not essect, Miss Santlow did. Mr. Booth, transferring his attention from the former to the latter, soon obtained possession both of her person and fortune. Mrs. Vanbruggen no sooner heard of the persidy of her lover, and the ingratitude of her friend, than she gave way to a desperation that deprived her of her senses. In this situation she was brought from Cowley to London, that the best advice might be procured for her.

As during the most violent paroxysms of her disorder she was not outrageous, and now and then a ray of reason beamed through the cloud that over-shadowed her intellects, she was not placed under any rigorous confinement, but suffered to go about the house. One day, during a lucid interval, she asked her attendant what play was to be performed that evening? and was told, that it was Hamlet. In this piece, whilst she had been on the stage, she had always met with great applause in the character of Ophelia. The recollection struck her; and with that cunning which is usually allied to infanity, she found means to

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elude the care of her fervants, and got to the theatre; where concealing herfelf till the scene in which Ophelia was to make her appearance in her infane state, she pushed on the stage before her rival, who played the character that night, and exhibited a far more perfect representation of madness than the utmost exertions of mimic art could do. She was, in truth, Ophelia herself, to the amazement of the performers, as well as of the audience. Nature having made this last effort, her vital powers failed her. On her going off, fhe prophetically exclaimed, " It is all over!"-And, indeed, that was foon the case, for as she was conveying home (to make use of the concluding lines of another fweet ballad of Gay's wherein her fate is fo truly described) " She like a lily drooping, then bow'd her head and died."

I heard the foregoing incident related by Colley Cibber, at Lord Tyrawley's, during our residence at Bushy, to which place he frequently came\*. But I have not repeated it in a manner that pleases me. My language will not reach my conceptions, nor my conceptions my sensibility.—Oh for the pen of Sterne to retouch it!—But it cannot be—I must therefore be content to jog on in the humble line I have hitherto done.

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<sup>\*</sup> The reason that Colley Cibber has taken no notice of so remarkable a circumstance in his "Apology," must be owing to his friendship for Mrs. Booth, who was alive when he wrote it.

I need not add, that fuch a moving catastrophe must naturally affect a mind so succeptible of the tender passions as mine, and make me wish to see the residence of the fair unfortunate, whenever an opportunity offered. My mother, however having another engagement upon her hands, I was obliged to suppress my curiosity till the latter end of the summer.

A nephew of her's, a Mr. Crawford, an attorney, had lately married the widow Silvester, who was posfessed of a very large fortune. From him she received a preffing invitation to pass some time with them at Watford, in Hertfordshire. As this was near the abode of my dear Miss St. Leger, who resided with her uncle, Lord Doneraile, at the Grove, near Cashieberry-Park, the feat of the Earl of Effex, I the more readily agreed to attend my mother, and postpone the acceptance of Mr. Rich's invitation.

It will be here necessary to give a description of my cousin Crawford, as I shall too often have occasion to introduce him in the subsequent pages. He was a short fat man, as to his stature, with a tolerable good face. So much for his person. As to his mind, it was not more correspondent to the rules of beauty. He was endowed with great cunning, vainly fond of being esteemed a wit, and profuse to a degree. His mother was that step-sister of my mother, who, as I have before related, lived with Mrs. Godfrey, and

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through the munificence of that lady had accumulated a confiderable fortune. This induced Mr. Crawford, an eminent attorney, in partnership with Mr. Greenhill of the Temple, to solicit her hand in marriage, which she gave him. It was not long, however, before she was left a widow with this son, about three years of age, and a very considerable addition to her fortune.

All her happiness now centered in her fon. She carried her fondness for him to the greatest extreme. He was never contradicted in the most unreasonable of his demands, and confequently was spoiled. When he arrived at a proper age, he was indentured to his late father's partner, Mr. Greenhill, on condition that at the expiration of his clerkship he was to transact, on his own account, all the common law bufinefs. To this he of course succeeded, and whether from the wretches he affociated with during his practice, or from the principles instilled into him by nature, I will not pretend to fay; but under a specious appearance of good nature and honefly, he poffeffed all the chicanery of Fonathan Wild. His cara sposa whom he had married for her fortune, notwithstanding he had a very confiderable one of his own, was old enough to be his mother. Nature had not been very liberal to her, either in the charms of her person or mind. And even what little understanding she was blessed with

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was totally clouded by a stupefaction arising from I will not say what. Whatever it was, her husband took care that it should not fail of a supply, to prevent certain remonstrances, usually termed curtain lectures, which were the consequence of his own frailties.

With persons of this cast, to be obliged to associate for six weeks or two months, agreeable to a promise made by my mother, you may be assured was not a little mortifying to your humble servant. And it would have been much more so, had it not been for the frequent visits I made to the Grove, and the walks I took in the delightful park belonging to the Earl of Essex, which lay contiguous to my cousin's house. To Miss St. Leger was I likewise indebted for another source of comfort and amusement, who lent me books from Lord Doneraile's library.

Mr. Crawford's table was well ferved; to which, as he kept a pack of fox-hounds, and a good stud of hunters for the use of himself and friends, there was usually no want of country gentlemen, who delighted in that sport. From things being thus situated, it is not to be supposed that, with my taste for reading, and other kind of company, I staid much at home; especially as it was soon rendered more disagreeable by the addition of a son and heir to this worthy family, who came to inherit his father's virtues, and his mo-

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ther's great qualifications. The attention of my good parent being totally engaged by her amiable niece, and the new relation she had just presented her with; her nephew took this opportunity to set out for London to regale himself with his friends, the sheriffs officers, and ladies of easy virtue.

One day as I fat reading Dryden's Virgil, on a bench in Lord Effex's park, an old gentleman came and feated himfelf by me. After fitting a little while he asked me the subject of my studies? Upon my telling him, he feemed to be furprifed that a girl of my age should have either taste or erudition enough to understand works of that kind. Piqued at this fupposition, I undertook to vindicate my fex from the want of knowledge in literature generally imputed to them. I told him there would not be the least room for fuch a reflection, did not the lords of the creation take care that we should not eclipse them in this refpect. The old gentleman then faid, "As that is " your opinion, I suppose you would have a semale " parliament." To which I replied, " I do not know " that the prefent is much better, for I do not hear " of any thing that is done among them, but fcolding " like old women."

This threw my new companin into a violent fit of laughter, from which when he was recovered, he was pleased to say, " that if ever he should have a daugh-

" ter, he hoped it would be just such a one as me." Then pulling out his watch he continued, " I am " forry to leave you, Miss, but I most go to dinner " which I do not think I shall like, as the relation I " am come to fee is gone to London, and the good " woman in the firaw." Concluding from these circumstances that the old gentleman was come to fee my coufin, I informed him that I was upon a vifit at the fame house; and as it was near three o'clock, I got up, when he did, to return home.

As we walked along together, he asked me some questions relative to the character and circumstances of Mr. Crawford. I candidly imparted to him my fentiments on the subject; and though I was then unacquainted with my relation's want of principle, I could observe that the character I gave him did not feem to make a very favourable impression on my companion. Just as we arrived at the door, he defired I would inform Mrs. Crawford, that Mr. Sykes would be glad to wish her joy of her son. On hearing the name of Sykes, I could not have been more terrified had his brother-in-law, Captain Bellamy, my mother's husband, unshrouded himself, and flood beford me. I was just composed enough to stammer out, " I will, Sir;" and then I hastily entered the house.

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Having informed Mrs. Crawford of the name of her visitor, as he had requested, I ran to acquaint my mother with it also; who was as much alarmed as myself. But as it had dropped in the course of conversation that he was to return to London, upon some very particular business, the next morning, we thought it most prudent for her not to appear during that day. And this was no injudicious determination; as I found the old gentleman did not seem to have the most favourable opinion of our sex, and if provoked, as he probably might have been with her, would not have stopped short of brutality. Had therefore my mother fallen in his way, he might have revenged, in too rough a manner, her imposition on his brother-in-law, Captain Bellamy.

As it was now too late to expect the master of the family home that day, I endeavoured to entertain my companion as well as I could during the evening. I could not help thinking that he seemed to eye me at times with a glance of pity and suspicion. The sequel will verify the observation of Shahspere, "That the thief suspects each bush an officer." He however, upon the whole, appeared to be pleased with my company, and when we separated paid me many compliments; and that with a plain sincerity, which greatly slattered me. He set off early in the morning. But in the evening, when he made his bow (to

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use a theatrical expression) he left me a token of his generosity, opulence, and liberality, for the little gentleman who had just entered upon the stage of life, with a desire that I would stand godmother.

I fear this narrative part of my history will not prove entertaining to you; but as many other circumstances, yet to be related, are dependent upon it. I find it necessary to insert these. I will, however, cut it as short as possible.

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L E T T E R XXVIII. UN A INTE

May 4, 17---

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WHEN my fat cousin returned, he brought with him a train of jolly companions to hunt next day. As soon as I fell in his way, he accosted me with saying, "Well, Miss! I have blown you. The "old codger was very inquisitive, when I met him; "yet, notwithstanding, he likes you. But"—Here I stopped him, as I was apprehensive of a stroke of what he termed wit, at the expence of my mother. She luckily was not present, or most certainly she would not have kept within the bounds of good man-

ners,

ners, had her nephew popped out what was upon his tongue. In a short time he resumed the conversation; telling me he was sorry that old Square-toes was obliged, by the failure of a house at Antwerp, to go out of town immediately; "otherwise, who "knows," said he, "but that by the help of your tongue and my cellar, we may have taken him in!"

A blush threw its crimson veil over my face as he faid this. Upon observing which, he recollected himself, and thus continued: "Nay, don't blush, I " only meant that we would have tried to get him to " make a will in our favour." I dwell the longer on this conversation, which I give verbatim, as it will furnish you with some insight into the character of my upright cousin, and prepare your mind for an event which happened fome years after. Though I had taken a diflike to my relation as a man, yet he might be, for aught I know, what is usually denominated a good attorney. The meaning of which I take to be, that he kept within the limits of the law, and was as honest as his profession would allow him to be, As this does not require any great delicacy of fentiment, and I confider people as accountable for no more than they know, I contented myfelf with despising him in silence.

I never wish to cast undue reflections on any profession, but it seems to be the general opinion, that there -

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there are, comparatively, very few men of real integrity in that branch of the law. The axiom "That what every one fays must be true," is founded on reason and experience. I have been convinced of the truth of it, in this point, to my cost. Whether this propensity to dishonesty arises from the opportunities which so frequently present themselves in the practice of the law, and tempt the professors to avail themselves of them; or whether a turn of mind to take advantage both of friend and soe, of client as well as opponent, be imbibed by the very study of it, I will not pretend to determine. But so it is: to the forrow and cost of millions as well as myself.

As I much wished to be at Mr. Rich's, where I should have the pleasure of the company of my former intimates, his daughters; company far more agreeable to me than what I now enjoyed; I prevailed on my mother to shorten her visit. At length the wished-for day arrived. Mr. Rich sent his carriage, and we soon found ourselves at Cowley. Here we were received with the greatest cordiality by the master of the samily, and with unseigned joy by the younger part of it; but with formality and reserve by the mistress of the house. This lady, having been converted to Methodism, now thought of nothing but praying and accumulating wealth for herself and her spouse. For those good people seldom neglect that

that grand concern, however they may censure such worldly wisdom in the unconverted.

Upon the death of his first wife, Mr. Rich had married this lady. Her name before that event took place was Mrs. Stevens. She had formerly been barmaid at Bret's Coffee-House, was afterwards an actress, but had been several years his housekeeper. She was at that time in a very mediocre fituation in the theatre. She had been the intimate friend of Miss Nasfau, who succeeded Miss Fenton, afterwards Dutchess of Bolton in Gay's Polly Peachum. By her advice, as I have been informed, Mils Naffau put herfelf under the protection of the late Earl of Orford, fon of the famed Sir Robert Walpole. By the further management of Mrs. Rich, a match was brought about between a brother of her's, whose name was Wilford, and a fifter of that lady's. This was infuring Mr. Wilford a fortune, as Lord Orford was at that time Auditor of the Exchequer, and had numberless places in his gift. Mr. Wilford was accordinly provided for; and was upon a vifit with hiswife, at Cowley, when we arrived there.

We likewise found there Mrs. Ward, from the theatre at Edinburgh, whom Mr. Rich had engaged for the ensuing season. She was accompanied by a frightful being, to whom she gave the title of husband.

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I ever beheld. But her figure was vulgar to a degree. By the stoop and magnitude of her shoulders, it might be imagined that she had formerly carried milk pails. Her beauty would have been much more conspicuous in that line, or with a chain and knife sastened to her apron-string, than in the character of a queen or young princess. Yet, notwithstanding this dissimilitude of appearance, and being pregnant into the bargain, it was determined that she should appear in Cordelia, the youngest daughter of King Lear.

In conversation with Mr. Rich upon an engagement with me, my mother informed him of the terms offered me by Mr. Garrick, through Mr. Delany, the feason hefore last; and as he made no objection to the falary, she concluded that his intention was to give me the fame fum. When we returned to town the manager informed me that he intended Mrs. Ward should make her appearance as soon as posfible, her pregnancy rendering fuch a step necessary; and that he confidered me as a happy corps de referve. Mrs. Woffington, highly offended at her quondam admirer, Mr. Garrick's chusing rather to appear with Mrs. Pritchard than with her, had engaged herfelf with Mr. Rich; and was to open the campaign with her capital part, that of Sir Harry Wildair.—Theatrical

trical revolutions are as frequent, and owe their rife to the same principles as those in the political world. Pique, resentment, ambition, or interest, which ever motive happens to preponderate, brings them about. And the arrangement lasts in both as long as convenience suits.

To specially as a farmer, we have nother than G. A. B.

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## HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

#### Bell's Coition of

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